

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVIII] No 33 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

The First Big Mid-Summer Sale

for this Store has been a huge success. We have sold more Boots and Shoes than we ever dreamed could be sold in the month of July, but the special prices, extra Good Bargains and satisfied customers, have all helped to boom this Sale.

There are Yet Many Bargains.

Men's \$4.50 and \$5.00 Patent and Tan Good-year Welted Sole. Sale Price **3.65**

Women's regular \$4.00 Patent and Vici Kid Sale Price..... **3.25**

Women's regular \$2.50 Low Shoes in Patent, Tan and Chocolate. Sale Price..... **1.95**

Special Prices in Trunks, Club Bags and Suit Cases at

ROYAL SHOE STORE.

S. G. HAWLEY, Manager.

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Cedar Posts and Stakes, Patent Roofing, Hardwood Flooring.	Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Verandah Columns, Stairs and Brackets, and Interior Finish.
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Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1903. Subject to change without notice.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOWLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.

\$34.50 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of baths, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks - longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FIVE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the

"TRANSLATION FROM HORACE."

Coldly crystal fountain, Luna's glittering pride!

Worthy sacrificial wine with garlands drest,
Ere to-morrow's rays of Phoebus glide,
We present thee lamb with youthful crest.

Vainly decked with swelling brows of chivalry,
Apt for battle stern, or softer love and dreams,
He, the wanton offspring, passively
Crimsons rich and ruby thy cold streams.

Grimly parching, horrent Phoebus plies his heat:
Gaily mocking with thy rainbow sheen upflung,
With a pleasing coolness thou dost greet
Herds, and laboured ox with burning tongue.

Famous fountain, sung in story with renown,
Thou becomest: for we sing the verdant oak
'Neath whose arched roots a-bubbling down,
Vocal, limpid waters burst their yoke.

HERBERT CAMERON.

MILLHAVEN.

The funeral of the late William Colville, who dropped dead, Wednesday morning, took place Thursday morning, at ten o'clock. He leaves a widow.

Mrs. Goodearle, Miss Goodearle and Miss Gretta, of Kingston, are spending the summer at Stewart Smith's.

Mrs. Young and Miss Young, of Detroit, spent a few days last week at Frederick Wemp's.

A. Miller, who had his leg hurt by a waggon running over, it, is able to be around again.

Mrs. Yateman and daughters, Ottawa, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Charles Collins entertained a number of young people from Bath on Wednesday evening.

"BELL ROCK.

Quarterly services will be held in the Methodist church here next Sunday. Rev. William Sanderson will officiate.

A highly esteemed resident in the person of Mrs. John Pomeroy, passed away at her home here on the 16th inst.

E. Martin is putting a new wall under the schoolhouse, a much needed improvement.

The township stone crusher is rushing business in this vicinity.

Buckleberry excursions are very popular.

Miss Merle Muir and her brother, Earle, of Duluth, are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. M. Muir.

Miss Mabel Steinburg, of Enterprise, is the guest of Miss Olive Sanborn.

Miss Stella Vantolkensburg is spending a few days at Moscow.

VIOLET.

E. A. Wright had a cow killed by lightning and T. Clancy a valuable colt killed the same way.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wiseman, and son, Reginald, at Mrs. J. Robson's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Boyce spent Sun-

STORMS' CORNER.

Hay is about gathered and is an average crop. Spring crops are all looking fine. Buckwheat, potatoes and corn and other late crops never promised better.

W. Brown, who has been attending Albert College, has returned home to spend the holidays with his parents. Mr. and Mrs. A. Brown.

Mrs. W. Parrott, after spending a few weeks at Portland and Elgin, have returned home.

J. Hymers is building a fine new residence.

Song service in the Presbyterian church every Wednesday evening is well attended.

Blueberries are being offered for sale, but raspberries are very scarce.

H. Snider has purchased a fine new carriage from L. L. Gallagher, Wilton.

Mrs. J. E. Storms spent Sunday at their son's, W. L. Storms, Florida.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. B. Davis, Violet; Miss M. Davis, Hamilton; Mrs. J. Skinner, Camden East; Mrs. E. Goodwin, Toronto, at J. E. Storms'.

**Napanee Lodge No. 86
I.O.O.F.**

Annual EXCURSION

—to—

OTTAWA

(Civic Holiday)

Wed. Aug. 11th

Special attractions this year at Ottawa. The Grand Lodge, I.O.O.F. will be in session, and Wednesday is the Grand Lodge field day when Cantons from all over Ontario and the Eastern States will compete. There will also be a programme of sports. The Belleville Canton and Oddfellows' Band have arranged to accompany the excursion.

Residence: 1021 Street, near
Madden's grocery.

STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE
Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 23rd, 1909. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.	P. M.
Napanee	Leave 6 00	
Deseronto	7 30	
Hough's	7 40	
Thompson's Point	7 50	
Glen Island	8 10	
Pictou	8 30	
Pictou	8 30	
Thompson's Point	10 20	
Hough's	10 20	
Deseronto	11 00	
		P. M.
Deseronto		Leave 1 45
Hough's		2 00
Thompson's Point		2 35
Pictou		3 00
Pictou		3 00
Glen Island		4 20
Thompson's Point		4 25
Hough's		5 15
Deseronto		5 30
Napanee		5 30
Stop on signal.		Arrive 6 30

CONNECTIONS.
At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Ella Ross for Upper Bay Ports. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

The Napanee Fruit Market

**WATERMELONS,
MUSKMELONS,**

All varieties of Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

Excursion, Church and Camping Parties supplied at Special Rates.

M. PIZZARIELLO,
PHONE 89.

**FARMERS
PLEASE NOTE !**

Owing to the small amount of grain to be ground at this season of the year I will be open for grinding on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY of each week only—from June 15th until further notice.

Beat Motor Boat
Oils and Gasoline
on sale at Str. Reindeer's dock. Stop your boat and see that your tank is filled before making a long trip.

D. S. COLLIER,
Near Reindeer Dock.

**Collapsible
GO-CARTS,**
—for—
\$5.50
Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.
W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.
\$4.50 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.
A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario and for Commercial Specialists.
Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers' Courses, Elocution, Fine Art, Physical Culture.
College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1909. For Illustrated Calendar, address
PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.,
Belleville, Ont.

CLEARING SALE !

For at least two months business will call me away from Napanee, and in order to reduce my stock by July 1st, I will offer

SPECIAL PRICES IN MANY LINES

NOTICE.

- WALL PAPER 25 per cent. off.
 - HAMMOCKS 20 per cent. off.
 - PURSES and BAGS 30 per cent. off.
 - FOLDING BABY CARRIAGES, regular \$11.00 for \$8.50.
 - FOLDING GO-CARTS, regular \$3.25 for \$2.40.
 - FOLDING GO-CARTS, regular \$2.75 for \$2.00.
 - DOLL CARTS, regular 50c for 25c.
 - EXPRESS WAGONS, 25 per cent. off.
 - 1 SET DISHES, 96 pieces, reg. \$11.50 for \$8.75.
 - 1 SET DISHES, 100 pieces, regular \$25 for \$19.
 - 1 SET DISHES, 100 pieces, regular \$23 for \$17.25.
 - ALL FINE CHINA 33 1/3 per cent. off.
- Come early and get your choice.
N.B.—All accounts due me must be paid by July 1st.

A. E. PAUL.

**CANADIAN
PACIFIC
HOMESEEKERS'**

**EXCURSIONS
TO
Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta**

Special Trains leave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on
APRIL 6, 20 MAY 4, 18 JUNE 1, 15, 29
JULY 13, 27 AUG. 10, 24 SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points at
LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES
Winipeg and return \$32.00; Edmonton and return \$42.50, and to other points in proportion. Tickets good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS
on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through local agent.

Early application must be made
ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET
containing rates and full information.
Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R. L. Thompson, Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

E. McLAUGHLIN, Agent, Napanee

Bargains in screen doors, Lawn Mowers. A few Hammocks still on hand.
BOYLE & SON.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell choice Alfalfa Seed \$10.00 bush., choice stock of garden seed, Timothy and Red Clover seed on hand. Plenty of Bran and Shorts and all kinds of cracked feed in stock. Try five Roses Flour, Salada Tea 25c off. Try our 25c Tea, good Tea 15c. 1 pay 17c for fresh eggs. Store eggs not wanted, 22 nutmeg 3c.

VIOLET.
E. A. Wright had a cow killed by lightning and T. Clancy a valuable colt killed the same way.
Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wiseman, and son, Reginald, at Mrs. J. Robson's on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Boyce spent Sunday with friends near Napanee.
Miss Johnston, Belleville, visiting her friend, Miss Florence Shawell.
Mrs. F. L. Kincaid and daughter, Lillian, at Mrs. J. E. Robson's.
Arthur Wallbridge spent last week with his sister, Miss Mary Wallbridge.
A. Close has rebuilt the bridge and it is safe once more for heavy loads.
Mr. Close also has the contract for a new bridge at Thorpe.
A. Shawell has returned home after spending a few weeks with T. Caton, Cherry Valley.

A marksman at Wakefield, Mass., made twenty-eight consecutive bullseyes at 500 yards.

VOTERS' LIST, 1909.

Municipality of the Township of Sheffield, County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in section nine of "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office, at Tamworth, on the 29th day of July, 1909, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Clerk of the said Municipality.
Dated this 28th day of July, 1909.

**The Liverpool and London
and Globe Insurance Co.**

CASH ASSETS EXCEED
\$55,000,000.

Policy-holders of the above Company are hereby notified that the Agency has been transferred from D. L. Green to D. McClew, Napanee. All matters of transfer or endorsement, etc. in connection with existing Policies or any new business will be promptly attended to by
D. McCLEW, Agent, Napanee.
OFFICE—Grange Block, John St.
P. O. Box 126.

JOYS' BRICK YARD

Having installed all the latest and up-to-date machinery for the manufacture of
**CEMENT BRICKS
and BLOCKS**
we are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice. Call and see our new designs in ornamental blocks.
Agents for all kinds of Concrete Machinery, Silo and Tile Moulds; also for the best continuous Concrete Mixer on the market.

Cement For Sale
Special prices on car lots.
We have a number of desirable building lots and would build to suit prospective purchasers.
Office and factory, Dundas street, near G. T. R. Bridge.
JOY & SON.

will be in session, and Wednesday is the Grand Lodge field day when Cantons from all over Ontario and the Eastern States will compete. There will also be a programme of sports. The Belleville Canton and Oddfellows' Band have arranged to accompany the excursion.

SELBY.
Dr. Purdy and wife entertained a number of their friends at the rectory on Tuesday evening of last week.
A. Wood is spending a few days at London.

Mrs. Anderson and daughter, Mary, are visiting friends at Thurlow.
F. Denison and wife and Miss Mabel Denison went on the Newburgh excursion to the Thousand Islands on Wednesday last.
A number from here attended the picnic at Kingsford on Wednesday.

Mrs. Storms and children are visiting friends at Price Edward.
F. Amey and wife attended the funeral of Mrs. J. Pomeroy, at Verona, on Saturday last.
J. McGuiness spent Tuesday in Kingston.

Miss S. Fitzpatrick is spending a few weeks at Deseronto.
J. Anderson and wife spent Wednesday with his brother at Kingsford.

Visitors: Mrs. Schemehorn, at D. McKim's; Mr. Hawley, at G. Valen's; Mrs. Martin and children, at H. Martin's; Misses Storms and Flake, at V. Storms; Miss M. Graham, at home; Mrs. C. Boyd and daughter, at R. Paul's.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

DESERONTO.
St. Mark's Sunday School held their annual excursion on Tuesday to Twelve O'clock Point.
At the council meeting on Tuesday night all the members were present except Mayor Newton. The chair was occupied by Coun. Stainton. The by-law affecting the early closing was referred to the Board of Trade to deal with, also the matter of starting a paper in town.

The moving picture show has stopped for a time on account of not having a provincial license.

The baseball team played a friendly game at the English church picnic at McHenry's grove, Kingsford, on Wednesday afternoon. They were defeated by a score of 7-4.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Fox, Mr. John Fox, Rochester, and Mr. John Culhane, of Rochester, took in the St. Anne de Beaupre excursion on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Burns left on Tuesday to spend a few days with her brother, M. J. Burns, Brockville.

Mrs. Elliot and Miss Jean Elliot, of Toronto, spent a few days with Miss Stoddart and left for Gananoque to visit her daughter, Mrs. MacBroom, before returning home.

F. J. Frost is in London this week attending the Grand Lodge, A.F. & A.M., as representative from Craig Lodge, No. 401, Deseronto.

Gold is said to be plentiful in the Sturgeon Lake country.

The codling moth has done \$1,000,000 damage to the apple crop in Pennsylvania.

If some business men were judged by the printed matter they send out they would do mighty little business. A business man or a business house not thoroughly known is often judged this way. Can you afford to take chances with poor printing when good work in this line costs little, if any, more? Get your printing done at this office and you will be sure of the best.

CANADA—FRIDAY, JULY 30th, 1909

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

Clothing Clean-up

**20 per cent. to 50
per cent. discount**

on any Men's, Boys', or Child-
ren's Suit in the store, (Blue
and Black Serges excepted)

**Men's, Boys' and Child-
ren's Straw and Linen
Hats at half price.**

**Men's Wash Vests 25
per cent. discount.**

50c. Motor Caps, 35c.

J. L. BOYES,

A VERY KINDLY ACT.

A. L. Morden, K. C., who died the third day of August, 1895, among other prominent positions held by him in his life time, had the honor to be elected in 1884, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, and was the first and only Grand Master from Napanee or the immediate vicinity. He had for many years previous been an active member of Napanee Lodge No. 86 and Past Grand of that Lodge and their grand representative in the Grand Lodge, where he did important work as Chairman of Committees, including the committee on Legislation and it was due largely to the interest taken by the late A. L. Morden, that Napanee Lodge No. 86 has developed into such a strong Lodge both financially and numerically.

On Tuesday night last, the Lodge were delighted to receive through the kindness of Mrs. Symington, sister of the late A. L. Morden, a magnificent medallion life size portrait of the deceased Brother, which was enthusiastically received by the Lodge, and placed in a conspicuous place of honor upon their walls and will be long cherished as one of the historical relics placed in the Lodge.

The following resolution was passed, and a copy sent to Mrs. Symington: Moved by G. F. Rutman, P. G., seconded by G. B. Joy, P. G.: "That, whereas Mrs. T. W. Symington has donated to this Lodge a life size portrait of her late brother, A. L. Morden, and our Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the same has been received and unveiled in the Lodge. Be it resolved that this Lodge extend to Mrs. Symington its sincere thanks for her handsome present, and

DESERONTO.

On Thursday afternoon of last week death claimed Mrs. Francis Augusta Vallean, wife of the collector of customs. Mrs. Vallean was in good health and conversing to the family, and was walking around the room when she fell, death being instantaneous. She was of a bright disposition and so kind and generous to all. Her friends were many, and this was shown by the numerous tributes of flowers from Deseronto and many places outside of Deseronto, she having resided here for the past twenty-eight years. She is survived by her husband, A. S. Vallean, one daughter, Mrs. Howard Vandusen, of Picton, one son, Arthur, of Montreal bank, Quebec, and two sisters, Mrs. John Roblin, of Belleville, and Mrs. Charles Cohoneur, Columbus, Ohio, and three brothers, Messrs. Richard and James Morden, of Chicago, and Russell, of White Hall, Wis. The funeral was held from her residence, corner of Centre street and Stanley avenue, Rev. G. H. Copeland, pastor of Methodist church, conducted the service. Deceased was a faithful member and arduous worker. The remains were conveyed to Deseronto cemetery and placed in the family plot.

The right of confirmation was administered at Christ church, Tyendinaga, Sunday morning, when Rev. A. H. Creegan presented thirty-eight persons to Bishop Mills. Canon Starr assisted, carrying the pastoral staff, which was presented by this diocese. In the afternoon, Bishop Mills conducted service in All Saints' church, Tyendinaga, and at the evening service in St. Mark's, when Rev. T. J. O'Connor presented eighteen persons to be confirmed. Canon Starr again assisted. The congregations were large at all services. Rev. Rural Dean Dobb of Napanee was present at the evening service at St. Mark's.

The 5th Field Battery left Tuesday for Petawawa, under command of Capt. Cartwright.

The steamer Simla cleared on Friday, after unloading a cargo of iron ore from Marquette. The schooner Theo. Voges cleared with lumber for Oswego, on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gonge spent Sunday with relatives at Sydenham. Misses Millie and Jean Lion, of Toronto, spent a few days with Misses Millie and Mary Gaulin.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard O'Rourke, of Kingston, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Joseph St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. George Parnham, Mr. and Mrs. J. Henley and Master Clare, of Toronto, spent a few days with old friends in town.

Mrs. W. Marks, of Toronto, was renewing acquaintances in town.

Miss Lizzie Wilson, of Toronto, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Wilson.

Misses Jessie and Alice Brooker, of Toronto, were the guests of Mrs. C. Matthews.

Miss Ethel Morden, of Owen Sound, spent a few days with Miss May Vandervoort, before going on to Kingston to visit friends.

Miss Florence Knox left on Saturday for Portland, Maine, to spend a few weeks, the guest of her aunt, Mrs.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafee and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**
When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafee's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

DR. C. E. WILSON,
Physician, Surgeon, Accouchour.

Office—Bridge Street, opposite Western Methodist Church. Phone No. 138.

OSTEOPATHY

Dr. Robert Garside Ashcroft and Dr. Edna Earle Ashcroft, Graduates of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., 435 Princess Street, Kingston, Ont., Phone 117. Treatments at Napanee, Tuesdays and Fridays by appointment. 35-6-m

PUPS FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Fox Terriers. Apply Box 294, Napanee. 35c

TABLES AND TRUNKS FOR SALE—Twenty-Five large tables, and five first-class Commercial Trunks will be sold cheap. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

WANTED—A General Blacksmith in a good locality, the Township of Adolphustown. House and shop free of rent for one year. Apply to
EDWARD GALLAGHER,
Dorland, P. O.

FOR SALE—on reasonable terms—Four Double Cottages, on west side of Ontario street. For particulars apply to R. C. CARTWRIGHT, at Gas Co. Office. 51

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.



MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on FRIDAY, THE 27TH AUGUST, 1909, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week each way, between Gosport and Napanee, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Gosport, Napanee and route offices and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector at Kingston.

G. C. ANDERSON,
Superintendent.

Post Office Department, Mail Service Branch, Ottawa, 10th July, 1909. 31-c

DOXSEE & CO.

Bargain Waists

During this month we intend to dispose of all Summer Waists at cost and below.

Corsets

We find our stock of Corsets too heavy for this season of the year, and must be reduced if prices will do it. Come and see before buying.

Long Silk Gloves

Colors Black, White, Cream also Lisle Thread Gloves. Lace tops, good quality at prices to clear them up.

Millinery

All trimmed Hats at any price to clear. Untrimmed Straw Shades at 25c and 50c each.

The Leading Millinery House.

EXECUTORS NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of John Vair, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 123, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 35, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Vair, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, who died on or about the 15th day of February, A. D. 1909, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Hannel Madden Deroche, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for Arnes Vair and Edward Hawkins, Executors of the last will and testament of the said John Vair, deceased, on or before the 10th day of August, A. D. 1909, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims and demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 10th day of August, A. D. 1909, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

H. M. DEROCHE,
Solicitor for the said executors.
Dated the 2nd day of July, 1909.

late brother, A. L. Morden, and our Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the same has been received and unveiled in the Lodge. Be it resolved that this Lodge extend to Mrs. Symington its sincere thanks for her handsome present, and assure her that the presence of the picture of our highly honored brother in our Lodge will ever be an incentive to the highest ideals of Oddfellowship and manhood, and revered as that of one of the fathers of Napanee, Lodge No. 86, that a copy of this resolution be sent by the Secretary, to Mrs. Symington.

Owing to a fire, which occurred about twenty three years ago, Napanee Lodge No. 86 lost all its valued possessions including highly valued portraits of their chartered members and other prominent Odd Fellows and this generous gift of Mrs. Symington, it is hoped, will be a stimulant for collecting again within the precincts of the Lodge, a gallery of portraits of old members of 86, whom Odd Fellows will always be anxious to honor.

Barn Paint.

(Use Sherwin-Williams Common-wealth Red.)

THE MEDICAL HALL,
FRED L. HOOPER.

CHEESE BOARD.

Napanee cheese board met in the Council chamber on Friday last, 1220 colored and 505 white cheese were boarded. 11½c for white and colored sold at 11 7-16c.

	White	Colored
Napanee	115	
Moscow	125	
Empey	50	
Bell Rock		70
Phippen No. 1		80
Phippen No. 2	25	50
Phippen No. 3		75
Kingsford		65
Odessa	100	
Maple Ridge		25
Farmer's Friend	25	50
Murphy		30
Palace Road		110
Centerville		95
Selby		170
Newburgh		110
Deseronto		125
Whitman Creek		55
Bay View		90
Albert		75
	505	1220

Machine Oilers, Machine Oil, Separator, Oil, Paint Oil, Coal Oil, Harness Oil, Castor Oil, good grades at
BOYLE & SONS.

Dr. Percy's Fly-Shake



For spraying all kinds of live stock. The increase of milk from cows for two weeks will pay for use all summer. Better than a fly net for your horses. Put up in one gallon jugs at \$1.00 or 75c a gallon when you bring your own can to

Wallace's

Red Cross Drug Store,

Napanee.

Miss Ethel Morden, of Owen Sound, spent a few days with Miss May Vandervoort, before going on to Kingston to visit friends.

Miss Florence Knox left on Saturday for Portland, Maine, to spend a few weeks, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Lawrence Williams.

Miss Rene Dates, of Owen Sound, is the guest of Miss Jennie Dryden. W. Ayl, of Toronto, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. R. Cronk.

Mrs. Albert Gracey and Miss Geraldine Gracey are spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Gorman, of Birmingham, N. Y.

Miss Helen Baird returned home to Toronto on Tuesday, after having spent a few weeks with T. Gowan.

TAMWORTH.

Mr. Stewart Woods of Hamilton arrived home on Friday evening to spend a couple of weeks.

Mr. Reuben Richardson spent Friday evening in Tweed.

Miss Blanche Harkness entertained about twenty young friends on Thursday evening in honor of her sister, Miss Grace Harkness of Oswego.

Miss Maude Corran of Lindsay is the guest of her grandmother and sister.

Miss Edna Frost of Tweed, who has been the guest of Miss Myrtle Woods returned to her home on Saturday.

Dr. G. W. Houston was the guest of his parents at Tweed on Friday evening.

Miss Eva Small is spending a couple of weeks with Miss Gertrude Donovan. Mrs. Geo. Reid entertained the G. F. C. and a few friends at a "Recipe Tea" on Thursday afternoon, in honor of the brides elect, Miss Woods and Miss Donovan.

Miss Ethel Richardson left on Wednesday morning to spend her holidays at Orillia and Toronto, returning in September.

A "Variety Shower" was given Miss Gertrude Donovan at her home on Monday evening, by the ladies of "The Ladies' Aid."

Miss Myrtle Melburn of Belleville, is the guest of her friend, Miss Myrtle Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Rose returned home on Friday after spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Rose, Lyn, Mass.

FAIR VIEW.

Schuyler Loucks had the misfortune to sprain his ankle.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rooks spent Sunday at S. Loucks'. S. McNeill and family spent Sunday at Robert Caldwell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Allison visited on Tuesday at Mr. Cadman's.

Thomas Bennett was at John Bennett's on Sunday.

Picking berries is the order of the day.

Miss Maud Bell is at Capt. Bartley's. The heavy rain of last week did the grain and vegetables good. Grain is looking well.

A plot to restore Castro as dictator of Venezuela has been unearthed at Caracas.

A suicide club is believed to exist among disheartened factory employees at Cleveland.

Two Rockport residents are charged with perjury arising out of the recent local option fight in Escott township.

Everything indicates that there will be a great regatta at Trenton on the 9th of August, when some thirty-five prizes will be competed for. Among the competitors will be the famous Seneca, the winner of the Canada Cup in 1907. Mr. Moore, of Rochester, owner of the yacht, has definitely given his promise to that effect. The Porter trophy for motor boats will, in accordance with the deed of gift, be competed for at Trenton this year.

tion of proposed "Contract" may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Gosport, Napanee and route offices and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector at Kingston.

G. C. ANDERSON,
Superintendent.

Post Office Department, Mail Service Branch,
Ottawa, 10th July, 1909.

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—by Public Auction

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in three certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale on FRIDAY, THE 20th DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1909, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon at the O'Keefe House, in the Village of Marlbank, the following lands:—

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Tweed, in the County of Hastings, being composed of the north range of lot number thirty five, in the ninth concession of said township, containing one hundred acres more or less.

This land is well watered, suitable for farming and stock raising purposes. On the property is erected a frame barn and frame dwelling house.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH, Vendor's Solicitor.
Dated at Napanee this 20th day of July, A.D. 1909.

AT ONCE

A Reliable Local
Salesman Wanted

to represent

CANADA'S OLDEST AND
GREATEST NURSERIES

in Napanee and adjoining country. The demand for Nursery Stock is increasing yearly, and if you become one of our salesmen you will realize there is good money in the business for you. Write at once for particulars. Pay weekly. Free outfit.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Fonthill Nurseries—830 Acres.
TORONTO, ONTARIO.

Two pedestrians were caught between two street cars at a crossing in Winnipeg and killed.

The steamer Laprairie of the R & O. N. Company was burned to the water's edge at Montreal.

The jewellery stolen from a store in Ottawa was found hidden in the bath-room of a hotel in Renfrew.

The Manitoba Government has decided to give a grant of \$250,000 to the Selkirk Centennial Exhibition.

Itch, Mange, Prune Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Northern Crown Bank!

Capital (Authorized) = \$6,000,000

Capital (Paid Up) = = = \$2,200,000

Every accommodation consistent with prudent banking will be cheerfully extended to responsible business men. We offer a sound, conservative service to those who desire satisfactory banking privileges.

MANAGERS:

Napanee Branch,
R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager,

Enterprise Branch,
W. F. MORGAN DEAN,
Act'g. Mgr.

Odessa Branch
A. P. S. DONALDSON,
Manager.

Bath Branch,
W. GORDON,
Act'g. Mgr.

of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

H. M. DETROCHE.

Solicitor for the said executors.
Dated the 2nd day of July, 1909.

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,983,000

RESERVE 5,284,700

TOTAL DEPOSITS 38,000,000

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER:
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.

Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Branch, Yarker E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

DEVELOPMENTS OF TIME

The business methods of to-day are entirely different from those of years ago

Kingston Business College

Limited.

Teaches the latest business methods. The graduates in Book keeping, Shorthand, typewriting, Telegraphy, Civil Service, etc., secure the best positions available in the Dominion.

Students prepared for matriculation. Special courses for backward students. Individual instruction. Catalogue and terms free.

Winter term opens Jan 4 1909.

H. F. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President. Secretary.

LIFE IN A PENITENTIARY ETIQUETTE ON THE SEA TAX STREET MUSICIANS FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE AT FU

DAILY ROUTINE, OF ITS MANY INHABITANTS.

The School Gets a Good Percentage of Pupils Who Neither Read Nor Write.

When a prisoner leaves the dock of a court room, struggling to look brave under the weight of a three year's sentence in the Kingston Penitentiary, few in all the curious crowd realize the kind of life to which the judge's sentence has just compelled him. Entering the doors of the "Pen" at Portsmouth, in the suburbs of Kingston, Ontario, the convict is stripped of every piece of civilian clothing and all possessions, even to the cherished photographs of the relatives at home, and forced to don a suit of coarse prison clothes with a number sewn on the back between the shoulders. Henceforth the name and worldly station of the newcomer are supposed to be blotted out, but in the mafia of criminals, names and records are almost instantly on the tip of every tongue. Even the commonplace stories of the great outside world, float over prison walls with the mysterious certainty of the wireless.

VERY LITTLE LIBERTY.

From the first moment of incarceration, the convict is very seldom given any measure of liberty. Of the 488 men and women occupants, only one or two have been permitted to drive loads of produce to the local market unattended, or to carry on their work in the fields without watching. Generally speaking, the rigorous denial of a half-a-thousand human creatures' liberty is carried out by Warden and guards from year to year with the precision of a huge machine.

Of the 488 criminals, only twelve are women; 108 are in for 3 years, 90 for 5 years, 26 for 10 years, and 30 for life.

The common conception of the part played by drink in swelling the membership of prisons is borne out by the statistics at Kingston, though in some details denied.

Dangerous criminals as a class are temperate in the use of liquor. Success in crime, as in other occupations, requires a clear head and sound body. Prison officials have come to believe that drink is made the scapegoat for criminal instincts. Almost without exception, the intemperate prisoner will assert his innocence of the crime charged blandly chalking it up to "Drink." Canadian penitentiaries as a whole show 17 per cent. abstainers, 48 per cent. temperate, and 34 per cent. intemperate.

A PRISON SCHOOL.

There is a prison school, too, for in the isolated community lying between the four huge walls on Portsmouth harbor, there must be a separate set of institutions, for those of the free world are naturally denied.

A big bright school-room with blackboards, chalk and elementary text books is one of the most interesting points of the penitentiary if one is permitted to see a class at work.

Fifteen adult "scholars" took up Part 1 studies during the past year; eight were in Part 2; the entire roll call number 64. The need for

CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT MARINE SIGNALLING.

Wireless Telegraphy is Taking the Place of the Old-Fashioned Methods.

Wireless telegraphy, of course, has to a certain extent revolutionized old-fashioned methods of ship signalling, and we had a striking demonstration of the value of Mr. Marconi's invention as applied to the transmitting of distress signals at sea. Although vessels many miles distant from each other can now talk by the aid of wireless-telegraphy, however, flag signalling is still used, as hitherto, when one vessel is passing another and wishes to ask or answer a question.

JUNIORS DIP TO SENIORS.

Flag etiquette is, in fact, strictly observed by captains of vessels, for by its means they are able to act in a courteous and polite manner towards one another when on the high seas. For instance, when two liners belonging to the same owners sight each other at sea they hoist flags immediately, and in passing the junior captain always dips his ensign to the senior captain. Then, again, according to that nautical authority, the editor of the "Shipping Gazette," if two liners belonging to different owners pass each other at sea, and the captains happen to be acquainted, the master who realizes that he is the junior invariably dips to the other ship.

TRAMP STEAMERS AND LINERS.

In the case of a British liner sighting a foreign liner there is no definite practice, but, as a rule, the commanders of foreign liners courteously dip to any large British liner they meet on the high seas. It is just a matter of courtesy, and often the commander of a British vessel will run up his ensign first.

A certain code of etiquette exists, too, between the tramp steamer and the liner. If a tramp steamer approaches a liner, it is not customary for the latter to hoist her flags unless the tramp takes the first step. Then, as soon as it is seen that the cargo boat has hoisted her flags, the liner responds. Mail and passenger liners, for instance, when passing along the coast of Portugal, may sight dozens of cargo steamers, and, naturally enough, will not show their flags unless the tramp does first. But if a dozen or more cargo boats hoisted their flags to the liner, the latter would be expected to acknowledge them.

INTERNATIONAL SIGNALLING.

In the case of men-o'-war, all merchant ships, tramps, or liners dip their ensign, whether British or foreign. Signalling between British warships and merchant ships has received a good deal of attention during recent years, and both naval officers and mercantile officers welcome an opportunity of signalling to each other. In fact, commanders of liners rarely sight men-o'-war at sea that do not have their colors flying as soon as the liner is in sight.

It is nearly half a century, ago since the system of sea signalling called the "International Code of

RESTRICTIONS ADOPTED IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

England Is the Only Country Which Allows Itinerant Musicians Full Swing.

In most Continental countries stringent police regulations do not permit the average breast to be charmed by indiscriminate performers. It is only in merrie England that musicians ply their trade without let or hindrance, from the strident barrel-organ to the blind cripple who sings Moody and Sankay to the accompaniment of a concertina, and takes half an hour to pass a given point.

Here are some of the restrictions placed upon street musicians in various countries.

WHAT AUSTRIA DOES.

In Austria licenses are granted by the police, but only to those persons who are unable to earn a livelihood by any other means. The license only permits the holder to perform in courtyards and public-houses, and any infringement of this rule renders him, or her, liable to instant arrest.

While Germany is not so strict, the wording of the law relating to this subject is distinctly rude, and is doubtless acutely resented by members of the "perfection." It reads:—

"Those persons who, as means of livelihood and not in the interests of art, sing or perform on any musical instrument require a license from the police."

The police exercise their own discretion, and they must, therefore, combine the ability of an art critic with their other estimable qualities.

RUSSIA WILL NOT HAVE THEM

Russia is short, if not sweet. "Itinerant musicians," reads the Imperial decree, "are not allowed to sojourn in this country, and those who are of foreign nationality are not permitted to pass the frontiers." This greatly simplifies matters.

WEAR A BADGE IN FRANCE.

France is much more complicated. Monsieur requires a certificate of good character from the police, and must satisfy the minions of the law that he is of French nationality. No license is granted to blind, deformed, crippled, or infirm persons. The circle of possible candidates being thus narrowed, the regulations proceed to limit the possibilities of mischief of each individual fortunate enough to receive a license. In the first place he must wear a badge on pain of instant arrest. The license is issued in a small book containing twenty-four pages numbered and signed, and giving surname and Christian name of bearer, his age, place of birth, religion, and residence, together with his exact description. They mention the kind of performance he practises, and set down besides the number, age, surname, Christian name, and place of birth of the persons who accompany him. Licenses must be shown at the Prefecture of Police every three months. In addition to this, singers are not allowed to sing any songs other than those which have received

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

Andrew Kerr, a tailor residing at Connor, near Ballymena, shot himself while despondent.

The Rev. David Lewis, a clergyman of Belfast, committed suicide. Ill-health led to the act.

The Belfast liner Lord Londonderry was abandoned on fire off the Portuguese coast. The crew was saved.

Mrs. Ann Roberts, a native of Llanymynech, died in Oswestry workhouse, aged 100 years. She remembered Waterloo.

The lands of Tiskah, Kilaboy, Co. Clare, were recently cleared by cattle drivers. Twenty head of cattle were driven for four miles.

Donegal County Council has procured a grant of £1,500 to extend the pier at Buncrana, as a means of developing the herring fishery there.

The dead body of a farmer named John Brown, residing between Markethill and Keady, was found in his home, on its knees, with hands clasped, as if praying.

In a Donegal breach of promise case for \$2,500 damages the lady plaintiff said she had been courted for ten years by the defendant, and then "thrown down."

In an out office of a farmstead not far from Ballantrain, County Monaghan, a cat had kittens, and in the same nest is a brood of young mice, which have not been interfered with by pussy.

Robert Kelly of Dublin, is suing Lloyd's newspaper for publishing in some reminiscences of Fenian days in Ireland, an article which charged Kelly with the murder of a constable, for which he had been tried and acquitted.

The death occurred recently at her residence, Graigucagarron, Galmoy, County Kilkenny, of Mrs. Elizabeth Dillon, at the age of 101 years. Deceased belonged to the farming class, and was in full possession of her faculties up to the last.

During the operations in connection with the foundation of the New Convent Schools at Belturbet, County Cavan, Hugh Reilly (a workman employed there) found an Elizabeth coin bearing date 1593. The coin is in a good state of preservation.

The Derry Chamber of Commerce, County of Derry, have passed a resolution protesting against the increased over-taxation of Ireland caused by the budget proposals, and stating that the proposed new taxes will have the effect of crushing Irish industries.

While Robert Lytle, Wood Island, Ballinamore, was cutting turf recently, he unearthed the head and antlers of a reindeer or elk in a good state of preservation. Mr. Lytle has been offered various sums for his discovery, but he has declined to part with it at the figures tendered.

The prize offered by a London paper for the best photograph of a garden, has lately been awarded to Miss Sophia M. Wallace, of Ardnamona, Lough Eske, County Donegal, the garden in question being prettily bordered with Canterbury

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A big eight-school room with blackboards, chalk and elementary text books is one of the most interesting points of the penitentiary if one is permitted to see a class at work.

Fifteen adult "scholars" took up Part I studies during the past year; eight were in Part 2; the entire roll call number 64. The need for instruction of this simple character even for grown-ups is apparent from the fact that a great many criminals have been denied a single day of schooling, or indeed any other youthful attentions. Fourteen per cent. of the men and women in Canadian penitentiaries can neither read or write.

LEARNED TO READ AND WRITE.

As an instance of the capital work of the prison classes, twenty-three out of an enrollment of sixty-four at the Kingston Penitentiary passed out this year capable of reading and writing and with a fair knowledge of the elementary rules of arithmetic. Six retired owing to expiration of sentences.

Perhaps the most remarkable feature of the institution to the outsider is the library. There are five thousand volumes, arranged in a large room with a convict assistant librarian in charge. To each convict in his cell is supplied a catalogue, and once or twice a week an attendant calls at the cells, takes the number of the book or magazine desired, and furnishes it the next morning. Convicts are allowed to read in their cells after the evening meal.

PUNISHMENT THAT IS FELT.

One of the heaviest punishments for ill-behaviour is to deprive a man or woman of his evening light. In the matter of the choice of books, Reade's "Never Too Late to Mend" is the most widely and thoroughly read of all. Three or four copies are in constant use. Fiction, as might be supposed, takes first place, for it seems the prisoner's one chance for even fanciful liberty. "The Count of Monte Cristo" has been passed around the five hundred men a score of times each year.

The most prolific cause of penitentiary sentences is theft. Forty-six of this craft registered at Kingston with thirty-eight burglars. There were six deaths during the year among all classes of criminals.

DEPTH OF THE SEA.

The mean depth of the sea is from two to three miles. This figure, however, is often passed, and soundings taken off the island of Guam, one of the Ladrones group in the Pacific, extended to 31,614 feet, or just about six miles—the greatest depth known. The land average is 2,300 feet, while the highest summits of the Himalayas are little more than 28,000 feet, which means that the sea-bottom has depths greatly exceeding the elevation of the loftiest pinnacle above its surface. Seas of this profound depth, it may be added, are generally indigo-blue in color.

HOW ELEPHANTS SLEEP.

In captivity elephants stand up when they sleep, but in the jungle, in their own land, they lie down. The reason given for the difference between the elephant in captivity and in freedom is that the animal never acquires complete confidence in his keeper and always longs for liberty.

both naval officers and mercantile officers welcome an opportunity of signalling to each other. In fact, commanders of liners rarely sight men-o'-war at sea that do not have their colors flying as soon as the liner is in sight.

It is nearly half a century ago since the system of sea signalling called the "International Code of Signals" was compiled in consequence of action taken by the British Board of Trade, and adopted by nearly all the commercial nations of the world. The system consists of eighteen flags and a code pennant. In using and interpreting these signals it is, of course, necessary to be in possession of the signal-code book, in which the meanings attached to the flags and combinations of the flags are printed. Each nation, however, prints its own copy of the signal book in its own language, and thus two ships totally ignorant of each other's language may converse by means of these flags.

FIGHTING DUELS FOR FUN.

Have Flourished at Certain German Universities.

Something like consternation has been caused in German educational circles by the conviction on charges of duelling of five students, who have been sentenced to incarceration in a fortress.

For unnumbered years the "mensur," or student's duel, has flourished at certain universities, notably at Heidelberg, where it originated. But now the Kaiser has determined that it shall be suppressed, and has issued orders accordingly.

It will be well for humanity if he succeeds, for a more barbarous custom it is impossible to conceive of. The young men are practically compelled to fight with one another, and for no earthly reason except to show their mettle.

The weapons are always swords of exceeding lightness and sharpness, and with these each combatant tries to cut the other's face. The resultant scars are highly esteemed, as they are, from the student's point of view, exceedingly honorable.

Sometimes, indeed, when a duelist feels he has not been sufficiently injured, and that his wound will not make a respectable showing, he will surreptitiously rub ashes into it, thereby insuring the formation of a good noticeable cicatrice, or "schmiss," as a student duel scar is termed.

On the day after the encounter, if the wounds are of a particularly pleasing, i.e., ghastly, character, the contestants have their portraits taken, and afterwards pay a round of visits to receive the congratulations of their friends.

Duels are always fought in a semi-public room, although none but members of the university are supposed to be present. A strict code of etiquette is enforced. Loud talking or laughing is prohibited. The only drink permissible is white wine, and of this each spectator must consume one bottle, neither more or less.

The duellists wear pads over the heart and lungs, the neck is swathed in silk bandages, and the eyes are protected by huge goggles of wire gauze.

Live and let live is a good motto, but it does not refer to the house fly.

they mention the kind of performance he practises, and set down besides the number, age, surname, Christian name, and place of birth of the persons who accompany him. Licenses must be shown at the Prefecture of Police every three months. In addition to this, singers are not allowed to sing any songs other than those which have received the stamp of the Ministry of the Interior. Vive la liberte!

IN ITALY.

Italian candidates require merely a formal certificate, which is almost always granted. The idea, however, of Italians playing organs to each other irresistibly reminds one of the villagers who eked out a precarious existence by taking in one another's washing, and appears to contain an economic fallacy.

In Spain the picturesque guitar-players easily obtain licenses, but the piano-organ is rigidly suppressed. And yet Spain is called a decadent nation!

THE LAND OF THE FREE.

There is no fixed law in the United States, but each State doth that which seemeth good in its own eyes. Thus we find all degrees of restriction, from Brooklyn, which has no law on the subject whatever, to Illinois, where music is not allowed in the streets at all. In New York State, Mayors grant licenses at \$1 per annum. Piano-organs must not be used within 500ft. of any school, church, hospital, asylum, or public institution. The unfortunate artiste must presumably undertake a geometrical survey of each point he intends to occupy, and, added to this difficulty, he is not permitted to ask for money.—London Tit-Bits.

FEW LEFT-HANDED BARBERS.

A Writer Says He Has Only Met Two or Three.

Of course, left-handed persons are scarce any way, said the man who carries his habits of observation even into the barber's chair, but they are mighty scarce among barbers; in fact, I have seen but two or three in my experience.

But you are sure to notice it when you do find one. He does just as efficient work, but it is the way he does it that attracts your notice.

The barber, as a rule, stands at the right of the customer while shaving him, making little trips to the back and to the left only when necessary. Naturally, I suppose, the left-handed barber does just the opposite; he stands most of the time at your left.

For that reason you won't find a left-handed barber in the middle of a line of barbers. His chair has to stand at one end or the other so that he won't bump into the right-handed one next to him.

Like most left-handed persons, his right hand is more dexterous than the left hand of right-handed persons usually is. He shaves you with either hand, but prefers the left. He strops a razor just as a right-handed one does, however, and that is about the only point of similarity.

FOUND AN OPENING.

"I started out on the theory that the world had an opening for me, and I went to find it." Did you find it? "Oh, yes. I'm in a hole."

for his discovery, but he has declined to part with it at the figures rendered.

The prize offered by a London paper for the best photograph of a garden, has lately been awarded to Miss Sophia M. Wallace, of Ardnamona, Lough Eske, County Donegal, the garden in question being prettily bordered with Canterbury bells, double sneezewort, montbretia, and scabious.

A remarkable case took place at Derry, when a woman named Mrs. Duffy, Richmond street, was prosecuted by the public health authorities for allowing a wake to be held on her husband's body, who had died from typhoid fever, and although notified not to do so a wake was held for two nights.

On Sunday morning the police in Cashel County, Tipperary, were busily engaged in removing from boardings, doors, and windows, leaflets "Warning any person not to join the English army, navy or R. I. C., as whoever did so would be a traitor to his country." In any place where the police could not cut off the leaflet in full they cut them in such a manner that they could not be read.

A LAVENDER TOWN.

Fragrance of Flower Wafted for Two Miles.

One of the minor harvests that promise well is that of the lavender fields. I have seen some flourishing crops in the Hitchin neighborhood to-day, says a writer in The London Daily Mail.

Comparatively few know of this quaint Hertfordshire town as an important lavender growing centre, yet it has grown the sweet old herb (which the Romans called *lavendula* when they used it to scent their baths), has distilled the flowers and sent their extract into all parts of the world for more than a century.

The Hitchin district had less rain and more sunshine than the London area during the month which has just closed, and consequently the long, trim rows of lavender plants in their dusky green look strong and healthy. They are beginning to show their flower buds, and there is every likelihood of an abundant yield at cutting time, which will be from three to four weeks hence.

At cutting time people come in from miles around to inhale the sweetness of the fields, and when the distilling begins the fragrance of lavender is borne on the wind two mile or more from the town.

The flowers are put into the still with the fresh bloom of their maturity on them, and for six pounds of such flowers about half an ounce of oil is extracted.

CAT EXCHANGE IN PARIS.

Some of the Felines Find Their Way Into the Stewpans.

Paris has a cat exchange, a "bourse aux chats." This establishment is situated in a big chamber at the rear of a wine shop. Here are legions of cats of all sizes and color, which are to be seen jumping and to be heard "maupent." It is said that the customers are by no means tender-hearted old ladies, but for the most part furriers, glove makers and cooks. A good sleek "matou" retiles from 50 centimes (2½ cents) to 1 franc (20 cents). The skin has a number of usages and the flesh, according to the story, finds its way into the stewpans of certain restaurants possessing more enterprise than scruple.

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ISLE AT FUNERAL OF EMPEROR INCREASE OF 14,000,000 SLEEP IN ESKIMO TENTS FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

IRE-GORGEOUS DISPLAY IN THE CITY OF PEKIN.

Spectator Tells of Sight Which Marked Chinese Emperor's Funeral.

Of the Oriental display that marked the funeral of the late Emperor of China in Peking, a spectator writes: "The procession was headed by a body of troops, cavalry, mounted infantry and infantry. Next came some two dozen camels and a mob of white pack ponies with their burdens concealed beneath cloths of imperial yellow. These were followed by men mounted on the shaggiest of ponies and dressed in the red cloaks to be seen at all Chinese funerals, bearing red banners with devices which I wished I understood.

LAMA PRIESTS.

"Against this was contrasted a great splash of yellow as the body of lama priests moved past us in their yellow coats. Then came bearers dressed in red like the men on the ponies, bearing canopies of purple, yellow, red and white and banners of the same splendid colors, and behind them two large yellow chairs, closely followed, by more canopies rivaling those that had preceded them. After these drove Prince Ching in a closed carriage, surrounded by a large body-guard such as one sees daily in the streets of Peking. At this point there was a short gap, and then white disks of paper, cut to resemble copper cash and flung high into the air, announced the approach of the hearse. It was borne by 128 bearers, whose red dresses contrasted vividly with its brilliant yellow, and after it came another body of troops and then a crowd of carts.

BRILLIANT PROCESSION.

"So the procession ended, and passed, and this bald description of it can give little idea of its brilliance. For, as in the case of the arrival of the dalai lama, so in this, what fascinated and overcame one was the splendor and the blaze of colors, and these the pen cannot produce. But I think I could turn fanatic, in my insistence on their excellence. They moved like music when wave after wave of sound tossed and dashed against the soul. I do not exaggerate when I say this. The colors of the procession were magnificent; they were worth going a hundred miles to see. "Those canopies and flags, those chairs, that hearse, they were wonderful, a rainbow fit indeed to circle an emperor journeying to the darkness of the grave. I deny, too, what hundreds of people would say, that these colors are 'barbaric.' The Chinese are right. They bury the greatest of their dead with the greatest of all earthly splendors, the colors of the sun."

MASTER OF HIS TRADE.

Never Had Much to say, But Understood His Business.

Sympathy and understanding between an English carter and his horses are delightfully described in

GREAT BRITAIN FOR HALF A CENTURY.

The Birth and Death Rates Are Lower, Taxes and Expenses Higher.

The British Board of Trade has just issued a blue book containing a mass of interesting statistics covering English life for a period of a little more than half a century.

In the middle of the 1905 the inhabitants of the United Kingdom numbered 44,539,593, an increase of 14,000,000 since 1851. The growth of the population of England, Scotland and Wales, and the remarkable decrease in Ireland, are shown in the following table:

For every 100 persons living in the year 1851 there were in 1905:

In England	198
In Wales	187
In Scotland	167
In Ireland	67

Thus while the population of England and Wales has nearly doubled in the fifty-seven years, that of Ireland has decreased by 33 per cent.

The birth rate a thousand of population has steadily fallen from 35.1 in 1861 to 26.3 in 1907, while the death rate has fallen in the same period from 22.6 to 15. One cause of the declining birth rate is obviously the falling off of the proportion of married people to the population. In 1850 the number of married persons was 17.2 for every 1,000 inhabitants, in 1909 it had declined to 15.8.

Other figures show plainly how the population has tended during the last fifty years to concentrate itself in London and the great cities. For every 100 persons living in 1851 in London there were 203 in 1908. In the eighty-four largest urban areas the growth in the same period has been from 100 to 282.

Put in general terms, in 1851 the population of incorporated boroughs and other urban districts amounted approximately to 9,000,000, or 50 per cent. of the total population of England and Wales. By 1881 this urban population had grown to 17,600,000, or 68 per cent. of the aggregate population, and by 1901 it had grown to 25,000,000, or 77 per cent. of the aggregate population.

The improvement in the conditions of child life in England is strikingly shown in the following table:

Death rate a thousand living in England and Wales.

1857	1907
At ages up to 5 years.....	67.8 40.9
At ages 5 to 10 years.....	7.8 3.4
At ages 10 to 15 years.....	4.7 2.0

The mortality from nearly all the principal diseases has materially declined. The important exceptions are pneumonia, diphtheria and cancer.

The London County Council and its predecessors raised in 1874-75 in general rates only £566,000 (or 7d. in the pound); in 1889-90, £1,855,000 (or 1s. 2½d. in the pound); in 1905-06, £3,255,000 (or 1s. 7d. in the pound). The total rate raised in London including education, etc., was in 1905-06, £14,875,000; in 1906-07, £15,397,000; in 1907-08 it was only £703,000.

In view of the increase in popu-

AS COMFORTABLE AS A STEAM-HEATED HOUSE.

Tents in the Arctic Regions Under Snow Become Unbearably Warm.

Along the whole coast of Arctic America Eskimos or evidences of their former existence, are found. Judging from the abandoned houses and villages they were once numerous along the north shore of Alaska. But now their numbers are being fast reduced by the contagious diseases brought in by white men, against which they have developed no immunity.

At Point Barrow, where a few white men have been engaged in whaling and trading for a quarter of a century, and where there are also a missionary and school teacher, is still a village of 200 or 300 Eskimos. Another settlement of much less size has gathered at Herschel island, where the whale ships have long wintered. In all the 500 miles of coast between these two villages there are hardly a dozen Eskimos. Inland perhaps a couple of dozen families live in tents and follow the caribou from place to place.

LIVE IN ESKIMO TENTS.

Formerly both natives and white men constructed houses out of snow blocks in which to sleep while travelling in winter time. Occasionally snow houses are still used, but since it has become possible to secure canvas or boat drill from the traders, a tent is preferred.

I have spent months in different kinds of tents and find the one used by the Eskimos by far the most comfortable and safe, writes a traveler. Willow sticks about 10 feet in length are stripped of their bark, bent into a curve and allowed to dry. Fifteen or twenty of these light curved sticks are stuck up in the snow and lashed into a hemispherical form over which two covers of light boat drill are thrown.

When snow is shovelled around the margin and well packed down, this low, round tent will stand any wind that blows. The snow floor is covered with caribou skins on top of which the sleeping bags are placed. There is plenty of drift wood along the rivers, so the traveller need but carry a small sheet-iron stove to cook with and to heat the tent.

AIR SPACE PROTECTION.

The air space between the covers makes a great protection against the outside cold, so that while cooking a meal the tent often becomes unbearably hot even with the doors open. At night after the fire is out the bodily heat from the people sleeping in such a tent will raise the interior temperature over 50 degrees (Fahrenheit) above that outside.

Hardly any frost forms upon the walls and one is able to sleep comfortably with the head outside of the bag. During the worst gales that blow on that coast, one can keep the tent warm and comfortable all day, while reading or smoking at one's ease, and at night take off one's clothes and sleep with as much comfort and safety as in a steam-

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Glasgow at last term showed a decrease of fittings of about 3,000.

The prime minister has agreed to received the freedom of Glasgow.

There are said to be still several places in Scotland that are not roller skating crazy.

A "runaway" fair was held at Dumfries recently. The attendance was the largest for years.

Stirling school board has purchased a mail cart to enable a cripple girl to attend school.

The new lifting bridge across the Union Canal at Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, was opened recently.

William Metcalf who composed the famous hunting song, "John Peel," is dead in Glasgow, aged 80 years.

Mr. A. Cochran, fishing in Loch Lomond recently, caught a beautiful fresh run salmon weighing 10 pounds.

Paisley folks are pleased with their civic rulers. On the upkeep of the roads this year \$450 is to be saved.

Considerable progress has been made in the construction of the new waterworks for Port Glasgow at Harelaw.

Paisley thinks it does fairly well towards the teaching profession, when it expends a sum of \$162,500 in salaries.

The proposed internal alterations on the Municipal Buildings at Glasgow, are estimated to cost from £3,000 to £4,200.

The county of Stirling is for the year 1909-1910 to receive \$68,440 for local district education funds from the Government.

A monster demonstration of the unemployed took place in Glasgow. The presence of a large body of police kept things quiet.

Hamilton town council propose erecting at Low Waters, a public library, recreation room and public baths at a cost of \$30,000.

Moffat Town Council will employ the Glenfield Company, Kilmarnock, to scrape the six-inch water main from Granton to Howslack.

Not very far from Stirling, masons are said to be working for 11 cents an hour, and glad to get it, though 18 cents is the union wage.

A ten-year-old girl in Glasgow was badly burned by her dress catching fire while she was sitting on the fender beside an otherwise unguarded fire.

Kilmacoll is housing visitors from far distant part of the world. Brazil, Barcelona and Hong Kong have all sent representatives for the moorland "cure."

A Glasgow man who had the pluck to place a blackmailing letter in the hands of the police had the comfort of knowing that the clever writer got twelve months imprisonment.

Patrick Town Council have abolished a committee to confer with Glasgow Corporation as to the terms in which the two fire brigades

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Never Had Much to say, But Understood His Business.

Sympathy and understanding between an English carter and his horses are delightfully described in a passage from "Memoirs of a Surrey Laborer," and is quoted in "Highways and Byways in Surrey" by Mr. Eric Parker.

"I see a carter once," said Bettesworth, "get three big elm-trees up to a timber-carriage with only himself and the horses. He put the rummin' chains on and all himself."

"And that takes some doing," I said.

"Yes, a man got to understand the way 'tis done. The farmer says to 'n, 'You'll never get they up by yourself.'"

"I dessay I shall," he says; and so he d' do. Three great elm-trees up, that one carriage!"

"Well, he had a four-hoss team, so that'll tell you what 'twas. They was some hosses, too. Ordinary farm hosses wouldn't ha' done it. But he only jest had to speak, and you'd see they watchin' him."

"When he went for'ard, after he'd got the trees up, to see what sort of a road he'd got for gettin' out, they stood there with their heads stretched out and their ears for'ard."

"Come on," he says, and away they went, tearin' away. Left great ruts in the road where the wheels set in, that'll show ye they got something to pull."

"No, none o' we helped 'n. We was only gone out to see 'n do it. He never wanted no help. He didn't say much; only 'Git back, or 'Git up,' to the hosses."

"When it come to gettin' the last tree up, on top of tother two, I never thought he could ha' done it. But he got 'n up. And he was a oldish man, too; sixty, I dessay he was. But he jest spoke to the hosses. Never used no whip."

"Didn't the old farmer go on at his own men, too? 'You fellers, call yerselves carters!' he says. 'A man like that's worth a dozen o' you.'"

"Well, they couldn't 'a' done it! Besides, their hosses wouldn't. But this feller, the old farmer says to 'n, 'I never believed you'd ha' done it.'"

"I thought mos' likely I should," he says. But he never had much to say."

BRITISH FLAG RETURNED.

Was Captured at Corfu by French in 1811.

The curious return to England of a flag of the Berkshire Regiment, which was captured by the French at Corfu in 1811, is described by the Paris Matin. The newspaper announces that Mr. J. Jeffcock, the new owner of the flag, will restore it to the colonel of the regiment.

Mr. Jeffcock found the flag in the chateau of Assay-le-Rideau, near Tournai, where it had been placed by M. de Ricard, a grandson of a former Governor of the Ionian Islands.

It was offered for sale for £24 with a flag of the Netherlands, and Mr. Jeffcock bought both of them. The French Ministry of War investigated the matter, and decided that M. de Ricard had the right to dispose of the flags if he desired.

the pound) raised the total rate raised in London including education, etc., was in 1905-06, £14,875,000; in 1906-07, £15,397,000; in 1907-08 it was only £703,000.

In view of the increase in population and unemployment and the enormous growth of public expenditure, it is not surprising to find that the burden of total indebtedness has also increased enormously. The amount of total debt has increased between 1874 and 1906 by 369 per cent., or 420 per cent., if the debt of the Metropolitan Water Board be taken into consideration. In 1874 the amount of total debt was £92,820,000, an average of £3 18 shillings 3d. per head of population. In 1906 it had grown to £482,984,000, or £14 2s. 10d. a head.

The income tax in 1870-71 yielded £6,368,125; in 1906-7 it brought £32,002,412 to the Exchequer, the proceeds for each penny rising from £1,592,031 to £2,666,567.

BULL FIGHTERS SUFFER.

Spanish Season Has Been Unusually Disastrous.

From the commencement of the current bull-fight season, April 12 last, to the present time, five bull-fighters have been killed and one hundred and eleven seriously injured in Spain.

These unprecedented figures have aroused heated discussion in many newspapers, the opinion being expressed that the admission of young and inexperienced performers to the arena is largely to blame for the frequency of accidents.

It is suggested that this be remedied by the establishment of a school of bull-fighters. Those who argue thus forget that even the most celebrated matadors, such as Bombita, Machaquita and Gaona, have been among the victims.

The scenes in the arena are daily becoming more ferocious and the bull-fighters less skillful. It is understood that the Government will introduce severe regulations applying to the bull rings in the workmen's compensation bill.

There will be a great public demonstration at Barcelona to demand the abolition of bull-fighting, but such a measure would provoke serious riots in other places.

NICKNAMING NATIONS.

Like individuals, the nations of the earth have nicknames. Some are appropriate, some are not. Englishmen, for instance, are called "John Bull." That's all right, because they have "the pluck of the brute." A Scotsman is "Sandy"; an Irishman "Paddy"—from his national patron saint St. Patrick; while an ancient nursery rhyme proclaims that "Taffy was a Welshman." The Frenchman calls himself "Jacques Bonhomme"—Good Fellow; and Cousin Michel is the nickname by which the German is known to Continental nations; Myneer Cosh—an abbreviation of Nicholas—is the name applied to Hollanders; the Switzer rejoices in the appellation of Colin Tampon. And we all know Uncle Sam.

SURE ENOUGH.

"You must not interrupt me when I am speaking, Ethel."

"Why, that's the only time I can interrupt you, mama."

blow on that coast, one can keep the tent warm and comfortable all day, while reading or smoking at one's ease, and at night take off one's clothes and sleep with as much comfort and safety as in a steam-heated house.

PERMANENT HOUSES.

Having had this good night's rest, he can face the next day's cold with greater cheerfulness. Contrast this tent with those often used by polar explorers, in which they lie awake most of the night, buttoned inside a wet sleeping-bag listening to the flapping of the tent and wondering how soon everything will blow to pieces.

The permanent houses of the natives are constructed of driftwood heavily sodded over. Formerly they were heated with blubber lamps, but now small stoves have taken the place of the primitive apparatus. They keep the houses too hot for comfort, at least for white men, but the Eskimos strip to the waist and do not mind it.

Many times the temperature was found to be over 90 degrees Fahrenheit, and once a clinical thermometer, left in a house where the writer was attending a sick boy, was found to register 108 degrees Fahrenheit, the highest temperature it was capable of indicating. In the summer these houses become damp, so the people move out doors into tents.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Hoping for much in others is helping them to it.

Every shadow in life is evidence of a sun somewhere.

Lifting little loads helps a lot more than describing big ones.

The only powers that know enjoyment are those that find employment.

The only way to move a mountain to-morrow is to take a pickaxe today.

Your faith is not measured by your appreciation of the faults of others.

Good intentions in sowing tares will not make them come up as wheat.

Big words in the meeting do not make up for short weight in the market.

The home is never brightened by the roseate hues on the end of a nose.

The straightest road to heaven is that one on which you can do most good.

The more man you put into religion the more religion you will give men.

Too many think they are saints because it makes them sad to see a child happy.

He who does not preach with what he is will never persuade with what he says.

The dead saints are the only good ones according to the canon of negative virtues.

No man ever knows anything about heaven except as he tries to make some one happy.

Some have hard time picking out a car to heaven because the lower berths seem all to be taken.

There is no such a possibility as finding righteousness for yourself while ignoring the rights of others.

You can usually tell where a man's scruples will break out when he carries his conscience in his pocket.

Patrick Town Council have abolished a committee to confer with Glasgow Corporation as to the terms in which the two fire brigades should render each other assistance in emergencies.

Daniel Brown, employed at Carrongrove Paper Works, when cleaning near a dynamo, accidentally touched a live wire and was electrocuted. Death was instantaneous. He was 64 years of age.

The governors of the West of Scotland Agricultural College have appointed a special committee to consider as to the application of a grant by the Carnegie trustees for research work.

The death is announced of ex-Lieut. Robert Sloan, of the Govan Police Force. He was a native of Kirkoswald, and was connected with the constabulary from 1861 and he retired on pension seven years ago.

During the operation in connection with the refacing of Dumfries Midsteeple the tower has swayed toward Union street. Its condition is so serious that the ringing of the tower hall bell has been discontinued.

Someone has started a movement in Edinburgh for the opening on Sunday of the public libraries for the purpose of providing accommodation for those who have not sufficient quiet in their homes for study and meditation.

A pet dog belonging to the caretaker of the Normanton Town Club was the means of saving the caretaker and his family from being burned. The dog's barks attracted a policeman to the scene and the family was rescued.

Dundee School Board discussed a motion providing that in future all teachers engaged by the Board should be total abstainers, but on a division the previous question was carried. A proposal to abolish home lessons also negatived.

Lady Jacoby, of Glasgow, has just conveyed the intelligence to the Kitchen Committee of the House of Commons, in reply to a letter of condolence, that Sir James Jacoby has bequeathed £100 as the nucleus of a fund out of which those who are attached to the kitchen staff of the House of Commons may be relieved in necessitous circumstances.

A lady cyclist had a narrow escape at Kirkintilloch. She was coming down from Townhead, and had reached the canal bridge as it was about to be raised to let a boat past. The bridge is raised in two halves, and the lady had cycled upon one of the halves when the other half was raised. She threw herself from the bicycle, which fell through the gap into the canal, but was afterwards recovered. The cyclist was unable to proceed for some time as the result of shock.

At Barrhead, a man who had been formerly in the employ of a travelling circus, was charged with loitering with intent to commit a crime. He made the following speech:—"If I cannot get work I can only live by begging or stealing. The Preston magistrate told me I was an enemy of society. Well, if society will not give me work, even when I offer to be its humble servant, I can only be its enemy, and I am not prepared to stand its scoffing and become its footstool. A man who is prepared to take up circus work is not lazy anyway."

ORGANIZED GANG OF THIEVES

Robberies Are Frequent Since the Great Fire in Cobalt.

A despatch from Cobalt says: Ever since fire destroyed many dives down in French town, robberies have been reported, and the police believe that an organized gang of thieves are operating in the town. Following the hold up of a man with revolvers on the road, there was an attempt made to enter Mayor Lang's house on Wednesday night. Bert Normandy, who has had \$70 in cigars and tobacco stolen from the skating rink, was on watch at midnight, and he gave chase, but fell in a trench, and the thief was lost.

A gang was arrested on Wednesday night on Sasaginaga Lake, the Dunn family forming the nucleus. Three men put up a strenuous fight, and the women set dogs on the police. Almost all the goods taken from the rink were found, and many articles that citizens have missed for months were located.

On Sasaginaga Lake, on Wednesday night about \$250 worth of goods were taken from a tent. A vigorous effort will be made to stamp out incipient lawlessness, as previous to this Cobalt has not been troubled by the light-fingered tribe.

YOUNG FOLKS

A MATCH STORY.

Phil tried two matches before he succeeded in getting one to burn.

"I do wish we had some decent matches!" he exclaimed.

"Decent matches!" laughed grandma, whose lamp Phil was lighting. "I wonder what you would think of the very first matches I can remember, or, better still, of the first your grandmother's mother used. I have heard her tell about them, and I don't believe that lamp would be lighted now if you had had to use one of them. You would still be down on the hearth lighting your match; that is, if there wasn't any fire in the fireplace that you could use."

"If there wasn't any fire I could use?" repeated Phil, in a puzzled tone. "Why should I need any fire to light a match? I'd strike it."

"But the match wouldn't strike; it wasn't made so it could," replied grandma.

Phil put away the broken and burned matches, picked up the big Angora cat, and settled himself in a big chair. "If you'll tell about the matches that wouldn't strike," he said, in his most persuasive tone, "I won't fuss to-morrow night if I have to try three."

Grandma smiled and closed her book.

"You couldn't strike them, Phil, because they were not tipped with anything that would light from scratching it. Think of a match six inches long! That was the way they were made and there was nothing but sulphur put on for the tip."

"What good were they if they wouldn't strike?" asked Phil.

"Oh, a great deal," answered his grandmother. "If you had some fire on hand you could light a 'spark,' as they called them, very quickly, for sulphur blazes in a twinkling; and you could carry your match from lamp to lamp, instead of bringing the lamps or candles to the fire. Of course there are other things that light as quickly as sulphur. Paper does; but burning paper isn't very pleasant to handle. The way in which these

the bottle. Just as soon as it touched the wet rock, fizz! we had a light. The first of these matches we had I've heard my mother say cost twenty-five cents for eighty-four."

Phil gasped, as he thought of a time in the year when he wanted lots and lots of matches. "I never could have saved money for a good Fourth if I'd had to buy my own matches," he said, with a sigh.

"You could have pieced out a match or two with a slowmatch of rotten wood," said grandma, comfortingly. Then they both laughed to think how times have changed.

"I was quite a girl," continued grandma, "when we had out first friction-matches, matches that light by scratching on a rough surface, I mean. I am afraid you would not have thought them 'decent matches,' but I thought them very wonderful. They would not strike with a little easy 'scratching on the bottom of your shoe or the under side of a table; instead it took a very rough surface, and we had to scratch hard. We used sand-paper, folded two rough surfaces together, held the paper tight, and drew the match between the layers. And for all that, we thought these matches so fine that it never occurred to us that our grandchildren could possibly have anything better."

"Well," said Phil, laughing, "as the supperbell sounded, 'perhaps these new parlor-matches of yours are pretty decent, after all.'" — Youth's Companion.

HER LEG MANGLED BY TRAIN

Girl, on Way to Visit Toronto, Injured at Windsor.

A despatch from Windsor, Ont., says: While attempting to dismount from an incoming Canadian Pacific train at the car ferry dock at 1.45 Saturday morning, Miss Genevieve Lennon, a young lady of Joliet, Ill., lost her balance and fell beneath the wheels of a train as it was being shunted on the car ferry. The wheels passed over her right leg, just below the knee, and mangled it so badly that amputation was necessary. Miss Lennon was bound for Toronto, where she intended spending her vacation with relatives. She refused to give her name up to the moment she was placed on the operating table, when she requested to have her brother, living in Chicago, sent for

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 27.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$5.25 to \$5.35 to-day in buyers' sacks outside for export, and \$5.40 to \$5.50 on track, Toronto. Manitoba flour; first patents, \$6.20 to \$6.40 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.75 to \$5.90, and strong bakers', \$5.50 to \$5.70 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.33, and No. 3, \$1.32.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, \$1.20 outside. New Ontario wheat about \$1.10 outside.

Barley—Old No. 3 extra, 63c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, 57½ to 58c on track, Toronto, and 54½ to 55c outside. No. 2 Western Canada oats, 55½c, and No. 3, 54½c, Bay ports.

Peas—Prices purely nominal.

Buckwheat—Prices purely nominal.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 80½c on track, Toronto. Canadian yellow 76 to 77c on track, Toronto.

Bran—\$19.50 to \$20 for Ontario bran outside in bulk. Manitoba, \$22 in sacks, Toronto freights; shorts, \$24 Toronto freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Prime, \$2.20 to \$2.25, and hand-picked, \$2.40 to \$2.45 per bushel.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$13 to \$14 a ton on track here, and lower grades, \$9 to \$10.50.

Straw—\$7 to \$7.50 on track.

Potatoes—Small lots of old, 75 to 90c, and new, \$3 to \$3.25 per barrel, on track.

Poultry—Chickens, yearlings, dressed, 12 to 13c per lb; fowl, 9 to 10c; turkeys, 14 to 16c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 19 to 20c; tubs and large rolls, 18 to 19c; inferior, 15 to 16c; creamery, 23 to 24c, and separator 19 to 20c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots, 20 to 21c per dozen.

Cheese—New 12½c for large, and at 12½c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon, long clear, 13½ to 13¾c per lb in case lots; mess pork, \$23 to \$23.50; short cut, \$25.50 to \$26.

Hams—Light to medium, 15½ to 16c; do., heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 12½ to 13c; shoulders, 11½ to 12c; backs, 18 to 18½c; breakfast bacon, 16½ to 17c.

Lard—Tierces, 14½c; tubs 14½c; pails, 14¾c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, July 27.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 58c; No. 1 extra feed, 55½c No. 1 feed, 57½c; No. 3 Canadian Western, 57c. Barley—No. 2, 72½ to 74c; Manitoba feed barley, 67½ to 68c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.30; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.50; Winter wheat patents, \$6.75; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.60; straight rollers, \$6.50

HEALTH

FLOATING KIDNEY.

One of the bugaboos of the popular imagination which has caused much unnecessary suffering is what is known as a "floating kidney." The word "bugaboo" is used deliberately, because for one case of genuine floating kidney there are scores that are simply the figment of a nervous imagination; in fact, there is no physical disorder that can be so easily imagined into existence. In the case of a confirmed nervous patient who has run the gamut of all the ills to which "nerves" are heir, if the name of floating kidney is mentioned the symptoms will promptly put in their appearance.

There are, of course, some genuine cases which may give rise to much physical discomfort and even pain. The normal kidney is held in its place by the outside shell of fat which covers it, although all kidneys are more or less moveable. When a well-nourished individual suddenly loses a great deal of flesh, the condition of floating kidney may very well be the result, because this shell of fat is reduced and the organ loses its natural support.

The condition will be more noticeable in people who wear corsets or very tight clothing round the waist, or in those whose abdominal muscles for any reason have become relaxed. It is quite possible for this condition to exist without any symptoms at all, especially if the patient has been kept in ignorance of it.

Sometimes a case of floating kidney will cause paroxysms of severe pain, with nausea, vomiting, chills and fever, and general collapse. These cases, happily, are not frequent, and are thought to be due to the kidney being so loose as to be able to twist round its own ureter, that is to say, the tube which leads from it to the bladder. In these extreme cases an operation may be necessary in order to "anchor" it.

Occasionally a kidney may be dislocated by heavy lifting or straining.

The treatment of most patients is that which brings the general nutrition up to par. The gaining of a few pounds of flesh will often work wonders, and will sometimes be greatly assisted by the temporary use of a properly fitted support and the allaying of nervous fears.—Youth's Companion.

RHEUMATISM REMEDIES.

Soda Cure.—This simple rule has cured rheumatic troubles of long standing. Be careful to follow directions: Dissolve one-half teaspoonful of cooking soda (the best) in one-half cupful of water, nearly hot is better. Take three times a day, one-half hour before eating, for three consecutive days; then skip three days, then take it three days, and so on for six weeks or more, according to the severity of the case. The soda is for excess of acid in the system, the cause of many of our ailments.

Egg Treatment.—The whites of six eggs, six tablespoonfuls of vinegar, six tablespoonfuls of spirits of turpentine. Mix and shake thoroughly and then saturate flannel with medicine and wear around the

quickly, for sulphur oases in a twinkling; and you could carry your match from lamp to lamp, instead of bringing the lamps or candles to the fire. Of course there are other things that light as quickly as sulphur. Paper does; but burning paper isn't very pleasant to handle. The way in which these matches were most useful was in lighting new fires, I think. People tried to keep fire on hand in those days, when a new fire was so hard to kindle, but if a new one had to be lighted it was a pretty fine thing to be able to use one of these spunks that you think were no good. To get a spark from flint and steel was no little trouble, and then this spark must be caught in a tinder-box—a box full of stuff that would kindle easily, but not blaze, stuff like—like—rugs," one added, with a meaning smile.

Phil understood. Only that morning he forgot to put up the brass fender, and a spark from the open fire had left a little round hole in grandma's hearth-rug. How sorry he had been!

"Now if you had wanted some new fire," grandma went on to say, "and had put the sulphur tip of a spunk down on that little burning spot, puff! you would have had a blazing match. Soon the wood of the match have caught, and you would have had a new fire started. Think how much easier than to blow and blow to coax the burning tinder to light a piece of wood."

"People thought these matches wonderful helps, even if you couldn't strike them; but they did not have to use them a great while, because somebody thought of something better. I can just remember he next kind. They were tipped with sulphur and something else, but those, too, could not be lighted by scratching them. People lighted by dipping them in a bottle. Strange way to light a match, wasn't it? That bottle was the most mysterious thing in the whole house to me. It was filled with asbestos. You know what asbestos is, don't you? That queer kind of rock that is so very stringy and will soak up water or oil or any other liquid! This asbestos was soaked in sulphuric acid, a strong chemical that made the match tip blaze when it touched it. I always wanted to watch when my father lighted a match. Down went the match into

necessary. Miss Lennon was bound for Toronto, where she intended spending her vacation with relatives. She refused to give her name up to the moment she was placed on the operating table, when she requested to have her brother, living in Chicago, sent for.

THE CODLING MOTH.

Has Destroyed the Apple Crop in Pennsylvania.

A despatch from Harrisburg, Penn., says: Not more than a fourth of a crop of peaches and one-third of a crop of apples will be gathered this year in Pennsylvania, according to information received at the State Department of Agriculture. State Zoologist Surface estimates that the loss to the apple-growers this year will amount to \$1,000,000. "This will be due mostly to the codling moth," said Prof. Surface. "The inspectors of the department say that nearly ninety-five per cent. of the apples of the State have been stung or are wormy."

FILLING UP THE WEST.

70,000 American Homeseekers This Year.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Immigration from the United States during April and May was 23,716, compared with 15,523 for the same months last year. This gives an increase of 53 per cent. The Immigration Commissioner is confident that his estimate of 70,000 homeseekers from south of the line for the year will be considerably exceeded.

ROCK SLIDE KILLED TWO.

And Three Other Men Were Hurl'd Down Bank.

A despatch from Grand Forks, B.C., says: Two men lost their lives as the result of a rock slide on the Canadian Pacific near here on Wednesday. Later, when a crew were clearing the track, another slide occurred, and buried three of them, hurling them down the steep bank. All were foreigners. The body of one was brought here, also one of the injured.

RAIL AS A LABOR BUREAU

Scarcity of Harvesters Leads Winnipeg Magistrate to Try Experiment.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Daily the fear of a scarcity of farm labor this summer grows apace with favorable news from the agricultural districts. At the present time there are four hundred applications on file with the Provincial government, and nearly seven hundred with the Dominion immigration officers, asking for men, but either can supply any. The C. P. R. is at present endeavoring to arrange excursions from the east, but reports received indicate that men here are also scarce. When the excursions are en route this year every effort will be made to prevent a recurrence of the rowdiness

of last year, and if necessary a special constable will be placed on each car. On Thursday Magistrate Daly decided to try an experiment. Hearing of the scarcity of men, he released all short-term prisoners on condition that they get employment.

General Grain Agent Atheson of the C. P. R., who has just returned from a tour of inspection of the crops, says the grain is at about the same stage of development as in other years, and especially in Manitoba the harvest will be about the same time as last year. He does not look for more than an average crop, which would mean a yield of about a hundred million bushels of wheat.

Canadian Western, 57c. Barley—No. 2, 72½ to 74c; Manitoba feed barley, 67½ to 68c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.30; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.80; Winter wheat patents, \$6.75; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.60; straight rollers, \$6.50 to \$6.60; straight rollers, in bags, \$6.15 to \$6.20; extras, in bags, \$2.80 to \$2.90. Feed—Business in most lines of milling feed continues quiet. Cheese—11½ to 12c, and easterns at 11½ to 11¾c. Butter—Pound lots, 21½c; jobbing 22½c. Eggs—19½ to 20c. Selected stock, 23c, and candled at 20c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, July 27.—Wheat—July, \$1.30; Sept., \$1.09½; Dec., \$1.07; cash, No. 1 hard \$1.32½ to \$1.32¾; No. 1 Northern, \$1.31½ to \$1.31¾; No. 2 Northern \$1.29½ to \$1.29¾; No. 3 Northern, \$1.27½ to \$1.28½. Flour—First patents, \$6.10 to \$6.30; second patents, \$6 to \$6.20; first clears, \$5.65 to \$5.75; second clears, \$3.65 to \$3.85. Bran—In 100-lb. sacks, \$21.50. Chicago, July 27.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.15 to \$1.20; No. 3 red, new, \$1.18; No. 2 hard, \$1.18 to \$1.20; No. 3 hard, \$1.15 to \$1.18; No. 1 Northern, \$1.39 to \$1.40; No. 2 Northern, \$1.24 to \$1.30; Spring, \$1.20 to \$1.28. Corn—No. 2, 73½ to 74c; No. 3, 72c; No. 3 white, 75½c; No. 3 yellow, 73 to 73½c; No. 4, 66 to 69c. Oats—No. 3, 45 to 45½c; No. 3 white, 46½ to 50½c; No. 4, 42 to 46½c; standard, 49 to 52c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, July 27.—Pretty good beefs sold at 4 to 5½c. common stock at 2½ to 3½c per lb. Milch cows from \$25 to \$50 each. Calves from \$2.50 to \$10 each. Sheep 3½ to 4c per lb., lambs 6½ to 7c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs sold at 6½ to a little over 9c per lb. Toronto, July 27.—A number of steers sold for both butchers and export purposes at from \$5.20 to \$5.50. Sheep and lambs—Market steady. Export market—Extra choice heavy well finished cattle, \$5.90 to \$6; medium, \$5.25. Butchers'—Steady demand for choice butchers' cattle. Medium and common cattle steady at late declines. Stockers and feeders—Demand for good stock. Calves—Market steady for good butchers' calves. Milch cows—Steady demand for good milkers. Feeders—Steady around \$5. Choice butchers' cattle—Steady to easier around \$5.25 to \$5.50 for picket extra choice heifers and steers. The ordinary run of fair to good butchers' easier around \$4.50 to \$4.90; common to inferior mixed butchers' cattle, 50c off. Hogs—Steady at \$8 f.o.b., \$8.25 fed and watered, and \$8.50 off cars.

GRAVE CAVED IN.

Shocking Occurrence at Burial of Murdered Man.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Angus Roos, who was murdered on Saturday at Frank, was buried at Blairmore on Wednesday beside his father and mother. While four men were lowering the coffin the grave caved in, two of the men being precipitated into the newly-dug grave under the coffin, which had to be righted and the pit dug out again. The wife of the deceased fainted at the occurrence.

more, according to the severity of the case. The soda is for excess of acid in the system, the cause of many of our ailments.

Egg Treatment.—The whites of six eggs, six tablespoonfuls of vinegar, six tablespoonfuls of spirits of turpentine. Mix and shake thoroughly and then saturate flannel with medicine and wrap around the place affected. Apply often. Keep bottle well corked.

LINE TO HUDSON'S BAY.

Surveyors Favor Port Nelson as Terminus.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A party of surveyors who have been engaged running trial lines for the Hudson's Bay Railway in the Nelson country arrived back from the north on Friday. They bring a report that would seem to indicate that Port Nelson is better suited in every way for the terminus of the road to the bay. The line is shorter and more direct, and the harbor facilities are good and open earlier than at Churchill, while the cost of construction is vastly cheaper than the more northern route. The surveyors estimate that from Split Lake to Nelson the cost of building the line will not greatly exceed that of ordinary prairie work, as there are no muskegs and no grades.

IMPALED ON A PIKE.

Train Lurched and Workman Was Speared.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Robert McBride, a workman employed on the N. T. R. at Dot Siding, met almost instant death under peculiar circumstances on Thursday evening. He was standing on the back of a work train, holding a pike in his hand, when the train suddenly gave a lurch, and he fell on the point, which penetrated his body under the right arm. He died a minute later.

GALLOPED TO HIS DEATH.

Indian on Horseback Leaped Into River.

A despatch from Vancouver says: Victor Lecampe, a member of the best-known family in the Kamloops Indian reserve, galloped deliberately to death on Tuesday evening. Aware that the draw of the bridge over the South Thompson River was open, but crazed with drink, he galloped furiously to his doom. The horse cleared the bridge timbers and landed in the fairway. The Indian extricated himself from the stirrups, but finally sank, one hundred yards below the bridge. The horse swam ashore.

PAGEANT ON PAGEANT.

Britain's Navy Gathering For Still Another Review.

A despatch from London says: The summer of 1909 will be remembered as a season of naval pageantry. Last month the greatest assemblage of war craft in the history of the British navy took place off Portsmouth. On Saturday they will gather at Portsmouth, where on July 31 they will be reviewed by the King, and on the following Monday the Emperor of Russia will have an opportunity to see them. His yacht comes to Cowes for the meeting with the King.

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CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAFFENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Gold is said to be plentiful in the Sturgeon Lake country.

James Dale was attacked by masked men near Cobalt and robbed.

Hon. L. P. Broudeur has promised to assist the movement for a dry-dock at Montreal.

A little lad but nine years of age is under arrest at Toronto, charged with pocket-picking.

United States immigration officers say fewer people are entering the States through Canada.

Stephen H. Patterson, a Brockville park-keeper, fell a distance of eight feet and was killed.

The jewellery stolen from a store in Ottawa was found hidden in the bathroom of a hotel in Renfrew.

The Ontario Government subscribed \$1,000 towards the Parliamentary memorial at Halifax, N.S.

Seventy-five spikers and steelworkers have struck work on the Transcontinental for higher wages.

Seven thousand dollars' worth of diamonds are said to have been smuggled into Canada from England.

The Ontario Board of Health has approved of plans for a waterworks system and sewage disposal plant at Cobalt.

The bank statement for June, which has just been issued, shows clearly how rapidly trade conditions are improved.

Miss Audilia St. Denis is suing the Manager and President of the defunct Banque de St. Jean for the amount of her deposit.

Owen Sound financiers are considering the advisability of harnessing the Eugenia Falls on the Beaver River for the supply of electricity.

The Ontario Government has cancelled the leases of seven power companies, each of which has failed to comply with the terms of its lease.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson and other directors of the Grand Trunk are coming from England to make a trip of inspection of the G. T. P. to Edmonton.

The majority of the Board of Conciliation in their report on the Sydney Mines dispute find that the international union should not be officially recognized.

J. E. Brown of the Brown, Lee Company, Guelph, was committed for trial, on Friday, on charges of defacing the firm's books and obtaining money by false pretences.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The budget fight in the British Commons is becoming very bitter. Lance Corporal Burr of London, England, won the King's Prize at Bisley.

London papers have spoken in glowing terms of Canadian winnings at Bisley.

The remains of Oscar Wilde are to be removed to a more honorable resting-place.

Mr. John Lavery, the famous British artist and bachelor, was married to a Chicago girl.

Six Yorkshire tykes on a world tour have decided to cross the American continent via the C. P. R.

Fashion Hints.

FADS AND FANCIES.

Shrings are on their way back. The separate coat is more fashionable than ever before.

Black suede slippers with red heels are shown in some of the shops.

Gray, ta, khaki, and even darker shades are more worn than the white linens.

Belt buckles, necklaces, hatpins, and stickpins are ablaze with amethysts.

The one piece princess dress is supplanting the separate waist and skirt.

White buckskin shoes with wide buckles of burnished gold are smart.

New silk parasols have handles to match, made of enameled or lacquered wood.

Stockings match every variety of shoes and the more fashionable dress shades.

Soft, cool blouses of China or Japanese silk are popular for summer wear.

Linens are either fine and thin or else heavy, almost like Russian crash.

The two piece linen suit has a great vogue, especially for traveling and automobiling.

Pansies, wistaria, lilac, clusters of rosebuds and laburnum appear on flowered crowns.

Ribbon runners of mother-of-pearl are among the novelties. They may be had in all sizes.

The Psyche knot is still worn, but has become smaller, standing out less from the head.

Crystals of silver as trimming, as well as pearl trimming, are no longer considered in good style.

Some of the linens for tailored suits are so coarse and loosely woven that they remind one of burlap.

Hat brims seem to get lower and lower. Unless they cover almost the entire head they are not modish.

There is a fad for parasol handles carved in the shapes of birds, parrots seeming to be the most popular.

Fashionable women are using fewer tan shoes for street wear than for some time, and have gone back to black.

Long sleeves will be worn on all tailored waists, but the soft, fluffy afternoon frocks will have elbow sleeves.

Belt buckles in silver, in Japanese characters will signify good luck and long life, are among novelties.

Stripes are promised a run in the late summer, and already it seems that striped chevrons are to have first place.

Men's handkerchiefs in showy, solid color grounds have gone out, and have been supplanted by the more dainty styles in white with embroidery initials.

Never was the vogue so great for harmony of the whole costume, and the most stylish women appear with gown, hat, shoes, and accessories of the same hue.

Some of the outing hats are made of the sort of canvas that looks like matting. They are edged with

FLEW ACROSS THE CHANNEL

Epoch-Making Feat by a French Aviator in an Aeroplane.

A despatch from London says: The epoch-making exploit of flying across the English Channel was accomplished easily and swiftly on Sunday morning by Louis Bleriot, one of the pioneers of French aviation, in his small monoplane aeroplane. He left Les Baraques, on the French coast, at 4.33, and arrived in the North Foreland meadow, two miles east of Dover, 37 minutes later. The air-line distance between the two places is about 24 miles, but Bleriot flew nearly thirty. He got lost in mid-channel, having been without a compass and out of sight of land. When the haze lifted and he was able to see the English coast, he found his traveling almost east. He swung round, and with perfect control of

the machine flew west against a strong breeze, which had sprung up, and landed with little difficulty on a favorable spot. His speed throughout the trip exceeded forty miles an hour, and he completely outdistanced the torpedo-boat destroyer, aboard of which was his wife, which was endeavoring to keep him in sight.

Bleriot's success makes him the winner of the prize of £1,000 offered by the Daily Mail to the first man who crossed the Channel in a heavier-than-air machine. Three Frenchmen were on the coast waiting to seize the first favorable opportunity to make the attempt. Latham overslept himself, Count Lambert, with a Wright biplane, has not been heard from.

WARNING TO DEPARTMENTS

Government Expenditures to be Limited Strictly to the Sum in Estimates.

A despatch from Ottawa says: That the Government is making an effort to cut down expenditures is indicated by an order-in-Council recently passed. The order is based in a report to Council by the Minister of Finance, suggesting that the chief spending departments be admonished to live strictly within the appropriations for the current fiscal year.

A copy of the order has been served upon every department. It points out that in the interests of economy it is absolutely necessary that no works be undertaken for which provision has not been made

in the estimates, and that expenditures for authorized services be limited strictly to the sum authorized by the estimates.

The object doubtless is to prevent, if possible, the growing practice of continuing the outlay upon specific projects after the proper appropriation has been exhausted, and so obviate the necessity of supplementary estimates to cover the over expenditure.

Mr. Fielding desires to include in his main estimates next session, as nearly as may be, the total expenditure projected for the ensuing fiscal year.

GREETES THE BLUEJACKETS.

London Goes Wild as Sailors March Through Her Midst.

A despatch from London says: The bluejackets of the 150 warships now in the Thames, who heretofore have filled the role of hosts, were guests of the City of London on Wednesday. Twelve hundred of them marched through the principal thoroughfares and were greeted with unbounded enthusiasm. The decorations along the line of march were on a lavish scale, and demonstrated the widespread interest awakened in Londoners by the stay of the fleet in the very heart of the city. After the parade the officers and men were tendered a luncheon at the Guildhall, as guests of the Lord Mayor and Corporation Council, and subsequently enjoyed a vaudeville entertainment, the first ever permitted at the Guildhall during the many centuries of its existence.

streets, Toronto, was arrested at the Hotel Vancouver, in this city, on Friday morning. He attempted to pass a fraudulently marked cheque at the hotel and was reported to the bank. He is being held pending instructions from the East.

"FIVE FLEETS, ONE NAVY."

Cogent Epitome of Lord Charles Beresford's Naval Proposal.

A despatch from London says: The Standard, in discussing the approaching naval conference, says that Lord Charles Beresford's scheme alone will meet what really are very exigent requirements, and sums up his proposal in the words: "Five nations, five fleets, one navy."

MAY BE BANK-ROBBER.

A Foreigner Captured by Winnipeg Police.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Winnipeg police have under arrest a man who is supposed to be one of the gang who robbed the

HEADING FROM THE COAST.

Grand Trunk Pacific Is Pushing

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The remains of Oscar Wilde are to be removed to a more honorable resting-place.

Mr. John Lavery, the famous British artist and bachelor, was married to a Chicago girl.

Six Yorkshire tykes on a world tour have decided to cross the American continent via the C.P.R. Canadian delegates to the International Nurses' Conference laid a wreath on the tomb of Queen Victoria at Frogmore on Saturday.

UNITED STATES.

The body of an Armenian was found in a trunk in a room at Lynn, Mass.

Robert Smith of Cornwall, Ont., was found dead of gas poisoning in his room at Andover, Mass.

The C. P. R. has invaded northern Maine, and will break the monopoly of the Aroostook & Bangor railway.

The New York police had a fierce fight with a band of gypsies whom they sought to place on a steamer for deportation.

Six persons lost their lives when a Wabash passenger train plunged into the Missouri River near Kansas City Saturday night.

Some of Col. Roosevelt's friends expect the ex-President to be a candidate for Mayor of New York in the coming campaign.

It is probable that the Joint Conference Committee on the tariff at Washington will place a duty of \$1.25 per thousand on lumber and \$3 per ton on print paper.

Cornelius P. Shea, one time President of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chicago, was sent to prison for from five to twenty-five years for attempted murder.

GENERAL.

M. Briand, the new Premier of France, has succeeded in forming a Cabinet.

M. Aristide Briand has been asked by the President of France to form a Cabinet.

Peru and Bolivia will make an attempt to settle their differences without recourse to war.

Both sides lost heavily in the battle between Spaniards and Moors near Melilla on Friday.

Germany is striving eagerly to gain trade concessions from Canada. A Berlin paper has decided to send a special correspondent over in August.

MAGISTRATE FINED HIMSELF.

Pleaded Guilty to Speeding His Auto.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Police Magistrate Williams adjudicated on his own case on Friday morning. With two officers he was accused of speeding his automobile. He pleaded guilty, fining himself the same as the officers, namely, \$5 and costs.

CONVICTS PANIC-STRICKEN.

Fire at New Westminster Penitentiary Caused Scare.

A despatch from Vancouver says: The works adjoining the Provincial penitentiary at New Westminster were destroyed by fire late on Wednesday night, the damage amounting to \$10,000. The convicts quarters were untouched but the inmates were panic-stricken, and clamored piteously for their release.

embroidery initials.

Never was the vogue so great for harmony of the whole costume, and the most stylish women appear with gown, hat, shoes, and accessories of the same hue.

Some of the outing hats are made of the sort of canvas that looks like matting. They are edged with colored straw braid and trimmed with a band and bow of ribbon of the same color.

FUN ENDS IN TRAGEDY.

C. P. R. Conductor Drowned in French River.

A despatch from North Bay says: Thomas Jamieson, a former C. P. R. passenger conductor, was drowned on Tuesday evening in French River. With a fishing party of eight Jamieson left North Bay on the steamer Hazel B. When near Frank's Bay the fatality occurred. During a friendly scuffle with John Russell, one of the party, both men fell over the gangway board into the water. The steamer was stopped and a skiff lowered, Russell being rescued, but no trace of Jamieson could be found. Jamieson was a prominent citizen of North Bay, and was widely known and respected. A widow and six children survive.

DROWNED IN CLOUDBURST.

Several Persons Perish in Odanah, Wisconsin.

A despatch from Ashland, Wis., says: A cloudburst late on Tuesday night caused heavy loss to all kinds of property in northern Wisconsin. It is estimated the total loss will be \$500,000. The power plant at White River, which furnishes light to the city of Ashland, and the State fish hatchery near Bayfield were practically destroyed. The dam breaking at White River imperils Odanah. Several persons are reported drowned. Six families near the ore docks in Ashland had to be taken from their homes.

SAVED FROM CATARACT.

Disabled Boat, With 14 Occupants, in Danger at Falls.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: A launch party of fourteen young people of this city had a narrow escape from going over the Falls early on Wednesday night, when the motor boat in which they were riding sprung a leak. With the water rushing into the boat faster than it could be bailed out, the boat was steered for shore, but the water stopped the engine, and the party were in danger of being swept over the cataract. A well-known riverman appeared on the scene in a sailing boat, and took an anchor from his boat, which held the launch against the current until he went ashore for a motor boat.

4 GREATER DREADNOUGHTS.

Will Probably be Ordered by British Government at Once.

A despatch from Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, says: Inquiries received by the Armstrong shipbuilding firm indicate that the Government will give out almost immediately orders for four additional super-Dreadnoughts, which it is expected will be armed with 13.5-inch guns.

ly enjoyed a vaudeville entertainment, the first ever permitted at the Guildhall during the many centuries of its existence.

HEADING FROM THE COAST.

Grand Trunk Pacific Is Pushing Eastward.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: The first shipment of ties from Morsely Island for the mountain section of the G. T. P. has arrived at Prince Rupert. To accommodate the immense quantity of construction material unloaded at the harbor, as well as a shipload of steel rails now on its way around the Horn, a second wharf will be built by the company. This news is confirmed by G. A. McNicoll, the purchasing agent, who has returned to the northern point. Mr. McNicoll found in the trip, that covered over fifty miles of the grade out of Rupert, that rapid progress was being made in the construction work. There is no doubt about the track-laying being commenced by October 1.

TWO CAUGHT BETWEEN CARS.

Fatal Street Car Accident on the Streets of Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A horrible accident happened at the corner of Main street and Logan avenue here on Sunday evening, when two pedestrians, E. Rees and E. G. Ollett, were caught between two cars going in opposite directions and terribly crushed. Ollett was instantly killed, and Rees so terribly injured that he died on the way to the hospital. The two cars were running the crossing at the same time, which is against the law. Rees' wife and four children are now on the Atlantic Ocean en route to Canada. The motormen of both cars were arrested.

TORONTO BANK FORGER.

Former Ledger-keeper Anderson Caught in Vancouver.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: John Alfred Graham Anderson, former ledger-keeper at the branch of the Bank of Montreal at the corner of Portland and Queen

MAY BE BANK-ROBBER.

A Foreigner Captured by Winnipeg Police.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Winnipeg police have under arrest a man who is supposed to be one of the gang who robbed the Bank of Nova Scotia at Rainy River. He is a foreigner, giving the name of M. Obrenovitch, and when arrested he was carrying a fully-loaded revolver. He will be held until the police of Rainy River have had an opportunity to look him over.

GOLD ON PACIFIC COAST.

A Strike Made on the Sechelt Peninsula.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Captain Sparrow of the steamer Tartar brings a report of a gold strike on the Sechelt peninsula, forty miles up the coast. The strike is close to a Japanese logging camp. Six men staked out claims. The quartz is said to average \$60.

SEND PAUPERS TO CANADA.

Britain Would Find it Sanest Course, Says Morning Post.

A despatch from London says: The Morning Post says: "Surely the sanest and most hopeful method of dealing with pauper children is to send them out to Canada and the other British dominions as early as possible."

SURE OF IT.

The irate parent presented himself before the culprits. "Young man," demanded he, with the utmost sternness, "have I caught you kissing my daughter?"

If by this he expected to plunge the young visitor into confusion, it must be confessed that the old gentleman was greatly mistaken, inasmuch as the young visitor evinced the greatest calmness.

"I hope, sir," he said, "there is no mistake about it. The lights are none too bright, and I would be much mortified to learn that, after all, I was kissing the housemaid."

Better a good paying job than a low salaried position.

75,000 SETTLERS THIS YEAR

Inspector of Agencies in the United States Repeats His Prediction.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. W. J. White, inspector of Dominion immigration agencies in the United States, is here and reaffirms his former prediction that 75,000 immigrants will come this year from the United States to Canada. He has recently conducted a party of American visitors through the Northwest.

"What impressed the party most," he said, "was the character of the settlements along the line, towns of from five to ten thousand inhabitants, with imposing school houses and other evidences of solid settlement, and peopled by a superior stamp of men and women

who gave them cordial welcome." No Canadians born could speak more enthusiastically of the future of Canada than did those visitors upon the conclusion of their trip. "As it happened," Mr. White continued, "we were in Lethbridge on the day of the school lands sale, when eight quarter sections were put up at auction, and some 60 people, not only speculators, but farmers, stood in line from Sunday night until Monday morning to get first chance in the bidding. The scene was an object lesson of the growing value of Canadian farm lands, which did not fail to impress itself upon the party."

Does not Color the Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

**Stops Falling Hair
Destroys Dandruff**

**An Elegant Dressing
Makes Hair Grow**

Composed of Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume. Ask your doctor his opinion of such a hair preparation.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

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J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
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THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
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KEEPING HIS BALANCE.

A Story With a Moral That Is Told Among the Tartars.

There is a story told among the Tartars which has a moral for the civilized men of the present day. It is to this effect: Robo, cousin of the great

OTTAWA NEWS.

While the party press accuses the Liberal government of extravagance and worse, places a false interpretation upon the resignation of Mr. Lumsden, chief engineer to the Transcontinental Commission, unjustly represents Mr. Fielding as adding heavily to the public debt, nothing is said of the system of government—old age annuities.

A Boon to All.

This is neither a party nor a political question, excepting one may truly say it is a boon conferred upon all the people by the Liberal Government. It is a subject of such wide-spread interest that every community will be interested to know something about it.

Sir Richard Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce, was primarily responsible for the measure known as the Annuities Act, 1908. This act solves the problem of securing comfort and happiness in old age at a very trivial cost, and every one is eligible to share in the advantages which it offers.

Many men have been ruined, or have seen their hard-earned savings disappear through improvident investment or unwise speculation. Others have wasted their savings in many ways. By the purchase of an annuity such experiences are impossible.

Some Advantages.

The statute provides that no holder of an annuity can be deprived of it in any manner by the holder of it, by any other person, or by any process of law. Some important features are that—

"The annuity cannot be seized for debt.

"The annuity cannot lapse, or be forfeited for any cause.

"It is unalienable."

The holder of an annuity may spend the income of it foolishly, but it will come every three months if the holder should live to be 100 years old. The smallest annuity is \$50 a year, and the largest \$600 a year, no less and no more.

Some Illustrations.

The following illustrations will demonstrate the vast greater advantages of an annuity over any other kind of investment as a means of providing for old age.

A man beginning at 20 years of age, paying 5 cents a week until he is 60 may provide an annuity (or income) for the remainder of his life of \$129,91.

A man beginning at 25, and paying 25 cents a week until he is 60, will receive \$99,34 at 60.

A man beginning at 30, and paying 25 cents a week until he is 60, will receive \$74,73 at 60.

Buy for Your Children.

If a man has a few hundred dollars for which he has no need, he can purchase an annuity for each of his children. For a boy of 15 a payment of \$500 will secure him at 55 and for

The Government assists the annuitant in every way. They look after the instalments, act as bankers free of charge, and there need be no fear of dishonest or extravagant management. The bill passed the House of Commons and the Senate without a dissentient vote.

How it is Obtained.

An intending annuitant may deposit from time to time in the nearest post office savings bank or money order office, or remit direct to the department at Ottawa as may be arranged. Such amounts will be placed to the credit of the annuitant with compound interest thereon at 4 per cent, per annum, to be repaid in the form of an annuity at a date to be hereafter fixed.

How It Works Out.

One may pay in only 25 cents a week, or ten, fifteen or twenty dollars a year.

One may pay monthly, quarterly, half yearly or yearly, the total cost being the same whichever plan is adopted.

One may start with a lump sum and complete the contract by periodical payments, that is to say, a man of 40 (or other age) may by a single payment pay arrears of premiums between the ages of 20 and 40 and complete the contract as if he had entered at the age of 20.

One may provide by single payments for annuities for self, wife and children, the annuities to begin at some subsequent age.

One may provide for a joint annuity for self and wife, to be enjoyed so long as either live.

One may purchase an immediate annuity and receive the first instalment thereof three months after purchase.

If one has a post office savings bank account, the same may be transferred to the account for the purchase of an annuity, and compound interest thereon will thereafter be allowed at 4 per cent instead of 3 per cent as at present.

If contributions are interrupted by sickness, loss of employment or other cause, payment may be resumed at any time.

Should the payments not be continued to the end of the contract, such proportion of the original annuity as these payments will produce will be paid.

Absolute Security.

This annuity scheme of the Government should appeal with special force to the wage earner and man of small means. Many people of limited resources find difficulty in securing an investment upon good security. The security in this case is the Dominion Government with its vast resources.

Reasons Why Annuity Should Be Purchased.

Because it is the duty of every man and woman to provide for his or her old age.

Because the investment offered is upon absolute security.

Because it is an absolute provision for the future, with which no man can interfere.

Because you will enjoy the results of your investment while you live.

Because it affords an opportunity to provide against the consequences of unforeseen reverses.

Because the profits are many times greater than any other investment will yield.

Because it encourages thrift, checks extravagance, promotes temperance and conduces to the happiness of the family.

Because there is a guarantee that no matter how long a man may live, he will reap the benefit of his foresight.

Because the trivial sum required to

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

Pumpkin Seed -
Alix Sassa -
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Alix Seed -
Peppermint -
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Horn Seed -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Facsimile Signature of
Dr. H. Pitchee
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE LIVERY STABLE DOG.

Some Ways In Which He Differs From the Fashionable Pets.

The common livery stable dog is totally unlike the "powder puff" or "toots and skigums" dog, but his disposition is infinitely better. To lie on a cushion and growl and snap at the hand that would caress it is considered the height of folly in the livery stable variety.

The livery stable dog approaches you ingratiatingly and offers you a dirty paw to shake. After you have shaken it he solemnly gives you the other. Then he crawls up in your lap and licks you on the mouth.

The livery stable canine is a most industrious digger of holes. The theory is that he is going to lie down in the hole he digs, but he does no such thing. He goes and lies down right in the middle of the sidewalk, where people will have to step over him. He will never get out of anybody's way. He even lies down in the middle of the street and tries to make carts, wagons and automobiles avoid him.

He doesn't enjoy as large a vocabulary as the powder puff or skigums dog. A phrase like "Does nms want uns itty bass?" would scare him to death. His advantages have not been such as to acquaint him with such hifalutin talk, but he does know a few simple phrases like "Git to blazes out of here, you darned pest!" He understands that perfectly.

The American Youth.

If the youth were told most young

A Story With a Moral That Is Told Among the Tartars.

There is a story told among the Tartars which has a moral for the civilized men of the present day. It is to this effect: Robo, cousin of the great mogul, was condemned to death for participation in a rebellion. The most skillful swordsman in the empire was provided for the execution, and the great mogul and his court were present as spectators.

The thin, keen blade flashed in the sunlight and descended upon the bare neck of Robo, who stood upright to receive the stroke.

The executioner's work was so deftly done that, though the head was severed, not a vital organ was disturbed. Robo remained standing.

"What, Robo, art thou not beheaded?" exclaimed the great mogul.

"My lord, I am," replied Robo, "but as long as I keep my balance right my head will not fall off."

The great mogul was placated. A hand was put on Robo's neck, and he recovered. He afterward became a loyal subject and was made cashier of the empire because, as the great mogul remarked:

"He knows that if he keeps his balance right his head will not come off."—Exchange.

TIDES AND FISHING.

Fish Are More Active In Search For Food on the Flood Tide.

The most essential thing in sea fishing, next to tackle and bait, is a tide table, because all marine fishes except the flatfish—flounder and fluke—are captured more readily at a certain tide. The main cause for such is that fish are more active in their search for food generally on the flood tide.

Vast schools of little fishes move close into shore on the incoming tide, working their way into the smaller bays and inlets, especially near the edge of banks, where they feed on the small crustaceans, shrimps and little minnows that can effectively hide from their larger enemies when the tide is low and the large fish are unable to get at them in very shoal waters.

It is a common and interesting sight to see a school of weakfish slowly moving in near the surface with the early tide. Suddenly one sees the smooth surface all in commotion. Silvery minnows leap frantically in all directions, looking like flashes of diamonds, then instantly disappear to certain death. At such times anglers should be ready with their boat trimmed snug, lines out floating forty feet away, baited with live shrimps.

Tide affects bottom feeders, though not to such a large extent. Fishing from piers and docks an hour before and after flood is most likely to give good results. On wrecks much depends on the kind of fish. The last of the ebb and at low tide is considered the worst condition for general fishing. In the open sea, on the banks, tidal influence counts for little or nothing. Any tide is as good as another.—Outing Magazine.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Buy for Your Children.

If a man has a few hundred dollars for which he has no need, he can purchase an annuity for each of his children. For a boy of 15 a payment of \$500 will secure him at 55 and for the remainder of his life, annuity of \$220,60, or at 60 of \$323,50. And the same amount at the same age would secure a girl (whose expectation of life is greater), annuity of 55 of \$202,95, or at 60 of \$289,05.

Can be No Loss.

The annuities will be paid in equal quarterly instalments, the first payment to be made when the age specified is attained. Should the annuitant die before the first instalment is due, payments will be returned with 3 per cent compound interest added.

As an example by comparison of the investment of a stated sum in cash, and an annuity of equal value, compare the following table:—

Think This Over.

To secure an income of \$100, \$2,000 will be necessary at 5 per cent. But first one must have the \$2,000.

By paying 3 cents a day, or \$10,01 a year between the age of 20 and 60, only amounts to \$400, and this secures the same result.

To secure an income of \$200, \$4,000 will be necessary at 5 per cent. But first one must have the \$4,000.

By paying 5 1-2 cents a day, or \$20,02 a year, between the age of 20 and 60, only amounts to \$800, and this secures the same result.

To secure an income of \$300, \$6,000 will be necessary at 5 per cent. But first one must have the \$6,000.

By paying 8 1-4 cents a day or \$30,03 a year, between the age of 20 and 60, only amounts to \$1,201,20, and this secures the same result.

To secure an income of \$400 \$8,000 will be necessary at 5 per cent. But first one must have the \$8,000.

By paying 11 cents a day, or \$40,04 a year, between the age of 20 and 60, only amounts to \$1,601,60, and this secures the same result.

To secure an income of \$500, \$10,000 will be necessary at 5 per cent. But first one must have the \$10,000.

By paying 13 2-3 cents a day, or \$50,05 a year, between the age of 20 and 60, only amounts to \$2,402,40, and this secures the same result.

To secure an income of \$600, \$12,000 will be necessary at 5 per cent. But the first one must have the \$12,000.

By paying 16 1-2 cents a day, or \$60,06 a year, between the age of 20 and 60, only amounts to \$2,402,40, and this secures the same result.

Before one can enjoy the income upon a sum of money ordinarily, the principal must be secured and invested, with all the attendant risks, while the annuity may be paid for in weekly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly instalments spread over the whole period, and only requires about one-fifth of the amount of capital to produce the same result.

How Does This Read.

How many men does the average reader know at 60 who have \$2,000, \$4,000, \$6,000, \$8,000, \$10,000 or \$12,000 invested at 5 per cent.?

How many men does the average reader know at 20 who could not save 3, 5 1-2, 8 1-4, 11, 13 2-3, or 16 1-2 cents a day if determined to do so.

Reflect upon the difference between what is necessary to produce an income of \$600 if the cash must be provided, and the amount under the annuity system which will produce a like amount, \$12,000 at 5 per cent, produces \$600 a year, while under the annuity system it only takes \$2,402.40.

There is another way of looking at it. \$2,402 at 5 per cent, will produce \$120 a year, under the annuity system it will produce \$600 per annum.

and conduces to the happiness of the family.

Because there is a guarantee that no matter how long a man may live, he will reap the benefit of his foresight.

Because the trivial sum required to be set aside, which is probably now unwisely spent, will enable a man to provide for the years when he is unable to earn money.

Because it removes the possibility of becoming a charge upon friends or relations, and in old age brings comfort, independence and freedom from care.

Because it is preferable to a deposit in a savings bank, the interest being four per cent instead of three, and there is no temptation to withdraw the money.

Because when once a person commences to save money, the habit becomes fixed, and every pay day finds the amount larger.

Because only a Government can give that absolute security and certainty of regular periodical payments which is the essential feature of an annuity.

Because the annuity cannot lapse, neither can it be seized for debt or other cause.

The Liberal Government by enacting the Annuities Act has made it possible for every man, woman and child in Canada to provide for old age at a very trifling expense.

Trade Grows Larger.

Favorable reports are received from all the trade centres of Canada. The trade for June is \$9,628,848 greater than it was in June of last year. For the first three months of the current fiscal year there has been an increase in trade of \$20,686,824 over the corresponding period of last year. The public revenues are increasing in proportion to the growing trade, and the commercial conditions for the future are very favorable.

Mails Frenzied Finance.

The Mail in an article on July 21, says the country is spending too much, and a comparative table of receipts and expenditures in 1896 and 1908 is presented.

In this table it is stated that the expenditure has increased 1908 over 1896 \$86,813,000. Taxation has increased \$34,593,000. Total revenue increased \$48,475,000, and the public debt has increased \$65,433,000.

The Mail a few days ago made the statement that the greater revenues derived now may be accounted for by increased taxation and yet on July 21, a statement is put forward showing a revenue increased by \$48,475,000, and taxation increased by only \$35,593,000 which fact upsets the Mail theory.

Then again what the Mail describes as taxation, is Customs and Excise revenue, which means that no man pays a dollar of it unless he buys imported goods or uses liquor. The amount spent in excess of the revenue, which is the only fact deplored by the Mail, is occasioned by the building of the Grand Trunk Pacific. Let the Mail answer this question: Do you approve the building of the Grand Trunk Pacific? If so, what is all the talk about? If not, then Canada is no place for the Mail, for Canada wants only those who have faith in the future and an intelligent grasp of our national greatness.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

hifalutin talk, but he does know a few simple phrases like "Git to blazes out of here, you darned pest!" He understands that perfectly.

The American Youth.

If the truth were told most young American men are not especially interesting. They do not keep up their reading. They have a national obtundity when it comes to music, to art, to literature, nor do many of them take any of these things at all seriously. The young among them are not good conversationalists. Our cleverest men are monologists pure and simple. They lecture admirably. They are born orators along modified lines. They are inevitable story tellers. None of this is conversation, and women like conversation, like its courtesies, which at least pretend a little interest when their turn comes in the game. Knowledge of people and affairs outside our own country prizes more than one hubble about our young men.—Anna A. Rogers in Atlantic.

Discipline!

From the class room occupied by the roughest boys in the Sunday school came a great uproar. A secretary in the next room went to investigate. Complete silence followed the opening of the class room door.

"Have you a teacher?"
"No."
"Do you want one?"
"No."
"Then be quiet or you'll get one."
(Result, comparative peace.)

Looking Out For Grandma.

They are considerate youngsters in Nottingham, as most people know, says London Tit-Bits. A little boy whose grandmother had just died wrote the following letter, which he duly posted:

"Dear Angels—We have sent you grandma. Please give her a harp to play, as she is short winded and can't blow a trumpet."

Well Rehearsed.

Stage Manager—Remember, Bangs, we are depending on your baby to cry lustily in the third scene. Do you think he'll do his part? Actor Father—He ought to, sir. He's been rehearsing night and day.

Like One of the Family.

Wigwar—Things says that when he is at your house he acts just like one of the family. Henpeckke—Yes; he seems to be just as much afraid of my mother-in-law as I am.

When death has come it is never our tenderness we regret of, but our severity.—Ellot.

Milk and Milking.

Many people believe that milk is ready made and stored in the udder of the cow, simply awaiting the milker. This impression is corrected by the statement of the well known scientist, John Burroughs, who says: "Most persons think that giving down or holding up the milk by the cow is a voluntary act. In fact, they fancy that the udder is a vessel filled with milk and that the cow releases or withholds it just as she chooses. But the udder is a manufactory. It is filled with blood from which the milk is manufactured while you milk. This process is controlled by the cow's nervous system. When she is excited or in any way disturbed, as by a stranger or by taking away her calf or any other cause, the process is arrested and the milk will not flow. The nervous energy goes elsewhere. The whole process is as involuntary as is digestion in man and is disturbed or arrested in about the same way."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. H. Ritchie

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE SERRA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FRIGID REMEMBRANCES.

Home Life in Scotland at the Dawn of the Last Century.

The contrast between the life of the young in the twentieth and in the early part of the nineteenth century is most striking, and one wonders how the Scotch children of former times survived their early training. Lady Ritchie gives in "Black-stick Papers" a description of home life in Scotland in 1806, which she took from the "Memoirs of a Highland Lady":

"Although, seldom ailing, we inherited a debility of constitution, demanding great care during our infancy. In those days it was the fashion to take no care of it. All children alike were plunged into the coldest water, sent abroad in the worst weather, fed on the same food. Our life was one long misery."

"In town a large, long tub stood in the kitchen court, the ice on the top of which had often to be broken before one ~~could~~ plunge into it. We were brought down from the very top of the house, four pairs of stairs, with only a cotton cloak over our night-gowns, just to chill us completely before the dreadful shock. How I screamed, begged, prayed, entreated to be saved! All no use."

"Nearly senseless, I have been taken to the housekeeper's room, which was always warm, to be dried. Revived by the fire, we were enabled to endure the next bit of martyrdom, an hour upon a low sofa, our books in our hands, while the cold breakfast was preparing. My stomach, rejecting milk, bread and tears generally did for me."

A MALIBRAN VICTORY

The Great Singer's Lively Debut In an English City.

SHE DEFIED THE DIRECTORS.

Considering That She Had Been Shabbily Treated, Malibran Sang as Long as She Wanted to and Had a Most Satisfactory Revenge.

Quarrels between opera singers and managers call to mind an incident in the life of Malibran. It was in 1829, when Malibran returned to England from New York and made her debut at Birmingham at the music festival as Malibran Garcia. Miss Paton had already become a favorite there and was allowed to choose her own songs and sing as many as she pleased, whereas Malibran was compelled to sing only what was assigned to her. Garcia bore the indignity with such patience as she could command until one morning she saw the announcement that Miss Paton would sing six songs that evening and that she would sing but two. Then it was that, realizing that much of her success for the season in England depended on her having a better place in the program, she stormed the directors.

In vain the directors endeavored to avoid receiving her, but she made short work of ceremony, and while they were framing an excuse to pacify her she broke in upon them in a magnificent rage. In a jiffy she asked the chairman:

"Sir, have you sanctioned this program?" And, receiving a nod in the affirmative, she sailed along further.

"I had hoped," she said, "it had been issued without your sanction, for it assigns me two songs, both of which are hackneyed, while it gives my rival, Miss Paton, six. She has an established reputation here. Mine is yet to make, at least with your English audiences, and therefore if any preference should be given to any one it should be to me. On my success here depends all chance of my success in London. You forget this or do not care. You give me no chance of success, whereas all I want is justice. I want the same opportunity for displaying my ability as you allow Miss Paton. Here you advertise me for Romeo. But I performed that last night, and the public will say, 'Romeo on Monday, Romeo on Tuesday, Romeo on Wednesday—Romeo, Romeo, she can do nothing but Romeo.' I want fair play—no more, no less!"

Well, it was a great fuss. The directors endeavored to soothe her, for she had talked herself into a great passion, but they made their mistake in pointing to the fact that the program was printed and could not be changed. In vain Malibran argued that she should sing six or an equal number of songs with Miss Paton, and finally she went off in a great huff, declaring if they would not right her she would right herself.

The evening advertised came, and the theater was crowded with the rank, beauty and fashion of Birmingham, as every one familiar with English music festivals would expect. The performance commenced. Some one sang, then Brahms followed, and finally came Miss Paton. As usual, she was heartily received. Then Malibran came forward amid many plaudits, undoubtedly agitated at the applause, and stood for a minute with her arms folded and her eyes on the ground.

There was a piano near the footlights, and the music stool stood at

SUNBURN.
BLISTERS.
SORE FEET.

Everybody now admits Zam-Buk best for these. Let it give YOU ease and comfort.

Druggists and Stores everywhere

Zam-Buk

A MUTUAL SURPRISE.

The Meeting Between an Ambitious Hunter and His First Grizzly.

In "Sketches of Life in the Golden State" Colonel Albert S. Evans tells an amusing anecdote of an ambitious hunter who met his first grizzly bear—in procession. The incident occurred in the woods near the site of the present town of Monterey.

The hunter sat down to rest in the shade of a tree and unwittingly went to sleep. When he woke it was near sunset, and he sat up, rubbing his eyes and contemplating a return to his hotel, several miles distant.

Just then a rustling and crackling noise from a clump of chaparral about 100 yards away attracted his attention. Out walked a grizzly bear, a monarch of his kind. He yawned, licked his jaws and then advanced toward the tree where our hunter sat, but evidently was unconscious of his presence.

His grizzly majesty had proceeded about twenty paces when a female bear followed him, and an instant later a third grizzly followed her at a slow, shambling pace.

The hunter sat spellbound with terror as the procession came toward him until the forward grizzly was within thirty yards. Then, scarcely realizing what he did, he sprang to his feet and uttered a frenzied yell—yell upon yell!

The effect was magical. The foremost bear sprang into the air, turned sharply about, knocked the female down, rolled over her, gathered himself up and bolted "like forty cart loads of rock going down a chute" straight for the chaparral again, the other two bears close at his heels and never turning to see what had frightened them.

The hunter, seeing the enemy retreating, sprang to his feet and fled at top speed for the hotel, leaving hat and gun behind. The truth of his wild and startling tale was proved the next day by the numerous bear tracks of different sizes found in the marshy ground near by. But the three bears had gone off beyond pursuit.

Locating a Broken Wire.

When a telegraph wire is broken or damaged, say, several hundred miles away, how does the operator, sitting in his office, know exactly where the accident occurred?

The explanation is simple. It requires, as every one knows, considerable force to send electricity through a wire. The longer the wire the greater, of course, must be the force required. This force is measured in units called by electricians "ohms." Let us suppose that a wire between a New York office and a point 150 miles away has broken somewhere. The telegrapher knows that when the wire was intact there were required, say, 2,100 ohms to facilitate the current, or fourteen ohms to the mile. He now finds that he can send a current with



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compels everyone when suffering with headache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweller

Near Royal Hotel.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES,

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street 26m Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets. Napanee.

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.

Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

W. G. WILSON,

BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary, Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.

OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street Napanee, Ont.



DR. C. H. WATMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

THE RIVER SEINE.

It is the most picturesque of the Highways of Paris.

We have heard almost too much of the streets of Paris and not enough of that street most distinctive of all—the river Seine. Flowing through the city for six miles, it is a highway, with its bateaux mouches, its bridges and its canals. Of a dark night the Seine

...the next bit of martyrdom
an hour upon a log sofa, our
in our hands, while the cold break-
fast was preparing. My stomach re-
jecting milk, bread and tears gener-
ally did for me."

Six years later in the highland
home austere still part of the
education:

"In winter we rose without candle
or fire or warm water, and really in
the highland winters, when the
breath froze on the sheets and the
water in the jugs became cakes of
ice, washing was a very cruel neces-
sity."

"As we could play our scales in
the dark, the two pianofortes and the
harp began the day's work. How
very near crying was the one whose
turn set her at the harp! The
strings cut the poor, cold fingers.
Martyr the first sat in the dining-
room at the harp. Martyr the sec-
ond put her blue fingers on the keys
of the grand pianoforte in the
drawing-room."

—Anna

Amended.

In a book of musical criticism the
author alluded in flattering terms to
the works of his friend Herr Q. Un-
fortunately during the printing of the
volume the two friends quarreled.
Then the offended author had inserted
in each copy of the book a slip of pa-
per with the following note: "Erratum,
page 94, line 21, for 'Herr Q.', the emi-
nent composer and distinguished musi-
cian," read 'Herr Q.', the pretentious
violinist and impudent and clumsy
piaglarist!"—London, Mail.

TEST BY PHOTOGRAPHER.

He Discovers That In Some Ways the
Whole World Is Kin.

"You note," said the photographer,
"that in pictures taken anywhere, in
any part of the globe, the humans
face the camera as if they wanted to
be taken. It may be vanity, but they
all seem to like to get into the pic-
ture."

"Take a group picture made any-
where, say among your own tribe.
Note the people in the rear with necks
craned to get out from behind blanket-
ing people in front, so that their faces
will show. Shyness or modesty may
keep some who are in the background
from doing this, but unless the photo-
grapher has personally posed every
member of the group so that he will
show you will always find in such
pictures some figures of persons who
would otherwise be more or less ob-
scured, but who have so disposed
themselves as to make sure that their
faces show."

"So of any set group, and the same
would be true of any sort of picture
in which many persons were taken,
as at a banquet or a wedding. People
like to get into a picture."

"Just how true this is appears in
many ways in all sorts of pictures—
in pictures in which people are not
the main but only incidental or sub-
ordinate features, as of accidents or
ruins or scenes of a great variety of
sorts. In such pictures where the
presence of the camera was known
you will always find some persons
facing or turning toward the photo-
grapher, with an evident desire to
get into the picture, and it is easy to
imagine that the gratification of see-
ing themselves there may give them
pleasure."

"Look at pictures taken of semi-
civilized or semi-civilized people in re-
mote countries, where perhaps they
had never seen a mirror or heard of
a camera, but you may be sure that
human vanity exists as it does with
us, and you may see somebody try-
ing to get into the picture or smiling
to look well in it."

"Seriously, this pleases me as no
other one minor thing that I know
of does. It brings the whole world
closer together, for it shows that how-
ever far apart in land and tongue and
customs the races of the world may
be, yet in some at least of man's un-
derlying human traits we are all kin."

came forward and many persons, un-
doubtedly agitated at the applause,
and stood for a minute with her arms
folded and her eyes on the ground.

"There was a piano near the foot-
lights, and the music stool stood at
the back of the stage. Malibran stood
near the piano, but did not touch a
key, while in a manner until then un-
known in England she warbled the
well known aria "Una voce poco fa."
Paul followed peal of applause, and
when the conductor came to lead Mal-
ibran away the cries of encore were so
loud as to make him retreat, and again
Malibran was in the hands of the au-
dience.

For some time the applause contin-
ued and finally died away. When all
was silence Malibran started up sud-
denly, made a pretty obeisance, hastily
ran to the back part of the stage and
brought out a piano stool. Then, mo-
tioning to the orchestra not to play,
she played a prelude and then an ac-
companiment to the song she had just
given. But that was not all. When
she came within a note or two of the
conclusion she paused, cast a look at
the wings, where the mystified direct-
or stood, laughingly shook her head
and to the delight of the audience and
the amazement of the directors com-
menced a new song. She had been
singing Italian; now she sang Spanish,
and when this had been applauded she
started to retire. The audience, how-
ever, would not part with her, and
when the conductor came to lead her
off pit, gallery and boxes actually
hissed the poor fellow.

There never was a more enthusias-
tic ovation to a singer in Birmingham,
and, thus encouraged, Malibran grace-
fully waved the conductor off and
again sat down to play. She passed
from Spanish to German, German to
French and finally from French to
English, and the result was that she
occupied so much time that the nerv-
ously waiting Miss Paton sang only
two songs instead of six!

There was a lively scene behind the
curtain when Malibran at length re-
tired. But to the acting director, who
fumed and cried, "Madam, you have
played us an astonishing trick!" she
only smiled and said, "I told you that
I would right myself if you wronged
me—and I did."

A diamond with a flaw is better than
a common stone without any imper-
fections.—Chinese Proverb.

MAKESHIFT COMPASS.

Float a Magnetized Sewing Needle In
a Bowl of Water.

If a thoroughly dry and clean sewing
needle is carefully laid on the surface
of water in a basin the needle will float
in spite of the high density of steel—
seven or eight times that of water.
On close inspection it is found that the
surface of the water is depressed under
the needle, much as if there were a
thin film stretched over the water and
slightly indented by the weight of the
needle.

This property of liquids of offering
a certain resistance to a force exerted
upon their surface is termed "surface
tension." The magnitude of the force
of surface tension varies from one
liquid to another. It is greatest in the
case of mercury. The cause of the
phenomenon must probably be looked
for in the attraction of the liquid mole-
cules to one another.

A sewing needle thus floating upon
water may be used as a compass if it
has previously been magnetized. It
will then point north and south and
will maintain this position if the con-
taining vessel is moved about. If the
needle is displaced by force it will re-
turn to its position along the mag-
netic meridian as soon as the restraint
is removed.

away has broken somewhere. The
telegrapher knows that when the wire
was intact there were required, say,
2,100 ohms to facilitate the current, or
fourteen ohms to the mile. He now
finds that he can send a current with
only 700 ohms. Dividing 700 by 14,
he finds that the break in the wire is
fifty miles from his end.

Foresight.

Little George, who was four years
old, had been told many Bible stories.
Among them was the story of the flood
and the building of the ark by Noah.
One day a storm threatened. The
clouds grew darker, the wind arose,
and suddenly the rain began to fall.

"Auntie," said George, "do you think
it is going to storm?"

"Yes, I think it will," was the reply.

"Do you think it will be a hard
storm?" asked the little fellow.

"Yes, I think it will be a hard
storm," the aunt replied.

"Well, don't you think some of us
had better begin building an ark?" he
asked.

The Man and the Mummy.

"This," said the guide who was pi-
loting a bunch of tourists through
Egypt as he pointed to a mummy,
"was a high priest, the wisest man of
his day. He lived to a great age."

"Was his last illness fatal?" queried
the wag of the bunch.

"Of course it was," answered the
guide, with a look of pity at the other.

"That's queer," rejoined the waggish
person. "His present appearance would
seem to indicate that he was perma-
nently cured."

Too Big a Price.

Does the pursuit of wealth cut the
American man of business off from the
old fashioned relish of books and soci-
ety? In other words, is he paying too
big or disproportionate a price in time
and strength for wealth and commer-
cial prominence? My answer would
be "Yes" beyond question.—A. Barton
Hepburn in Century.

Easy Job.

The Boss—I'd like to give you em-
ployment, young man, but there is no
work to do. The Applicant—That's
just the sort of job I'd like, sir if the
salary were satisfactory.

Little minds are too much wounded
by little things; great minds see all
and are not even hurt.—La Rochefou-
cauld.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Bar-
ber's itch, and every form of con-
tagious Itch on human or animals
cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's
Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold
by—T. B. Wallace

the streets of Paris and not enough of
that street most distinctive of all—the
river Seine. Flowing through the city
for six miles, it is a highway, with its
bateaux mouches, its bridges and its
quays. Of a dark night the Seine may
seem to lugubrious fancy the symbol
of death in the city's life. It is a
murky death and jolly crime, cozy and
silent wickedness. Yet normally, even
perhaps to suicides, the Seine is but
the mirror of a city's mood. There are
lights everywhere—lights lengthened
in the water. The Louvre and the
Conciergerie shown in the stream are
things fairer than their originals. It
is better to look upon the eddying re-
flections of the bridges here than to
stand in the Place de la Concorde,
bright with its orange lamps in honor
of an anniversary. The lights of the
Seine and its images are more alluring,
more innately of fairland and Paris,
than the gilded boulevards.

Nor is it only in the moonlight that
the Seine has charms. The holiday
sculler finds it a paradise for miles
above the city, and there are ever such
fishermen as Maupassant's Remon.
Line fishing is more than a hobby at
Paris. Even to watch its devotees
seems to amuse your true Parisian. A
legend tells us that in the olden days,
when the Hotel de Ville was
fired on and a dark page written in the
city's history, the Seine fishermen pur-
sued their pastime, unperturbed.
And the tale seems likely enough as
the saunterer watches the fisher folk,
whose leisure may be envied more
than their occupation and who are
found not on the city quays alone, but
in the banlieu, where the Seine's green
bank is dotted with villages in brown
and red and gray and where one stops
to watch the peasants bathe their
horses in the stream itself, rubbing
them down soon afterward by the riv-
er's brink. Within the city therefore
the men who clip poodles on the quays
and higher back and picture sills
with their merchants and shifting
groups of bargain hunters—the Odeon
arcade for new books, the riverside for
old.

Nautical Learning.

Little Mermaid—I have read of the
origin of the papa shad, but can't ad-
how the mamma shad was created.
Mamma Mermaid—She was fashioned
from a rib of the papa shad. Little
Mermaid—Gee whizz! I'll bet he never
missed it!

An Ambidextrous Liar.

Hi—Jim Tagwood says he kin juke
ten eggs 't wunst—keep 'em all in 'n
air an' never smash a one! Si—4!
He must be ambidextrous! Hi—y
gum! He is if that's Greek
"blamed liar!"

Man's chief wisdom consists in kv-
ing his follies.—Rochefoucauld.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Childrep. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and three Hennequin proved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try the Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDLELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., C.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste! A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

SCRAPING THE STOMACH

Dangerous and Painful Operation
Avoided by Taking "Fruit-a-tives."

Guelph, Ont., Aug. 6, 1908.

I suffered for many months with dreadful Stomach Trouble, with vomiting and constant pain, and I could retain practically nothing.

My doctor stated that I must go to the hospital and undergo an operation of scraping the stomach and be fed by the bowels for weeks. All the medicine the doctor gave me I vomited at once. I was dreadfully alarmed, but I dreaded an operation and had refused.



I had heard of "Fruit-a-tives" and the great success they were having in all Stomach Troubles, and I decided to try them. To my surprise, the "Fruit-a-tives" not only remained on the stomach, but they also checked the vomiting. I immediately began to improve, and in three days the pain was better and I was decidedly better. I continued to take "Fruit-a-tives" and they completely cured me.

Mrs. Austin Hainstock.

"Fruit-a-tives" are 50c a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, trial box 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

AGENTS WANTED

To canvas your own
Neighborhood.

Make Home Money
in your spare time.

For particulars apply

BOX 622, NAPANEE.

A Cool Customer.

A woman shoplifter was caught stealing an umbrella one day in a Philadelphia dry goods store. But it was decided not to prosecute her if she would pay for the umbrella, valued at \$2.50, which she did. The next day she returned and requested to see the manager. When that surprised person could recover himself sufficiently to ask her business the woman calmly told him that she had been pricing umbrellas in other stores and found she could purchase one like her own for \$2, and she wanted to know if he wouldn't refund her 50 cents. As a tribute to her monumental nerve the 50 cents was handed her in silence.

M.P. as a Lifeboatman.

The distinction of being the only practical lifeboatman in the British House of Commons belongs to Lieut. Col. Seely, who recently celebrated his forty-first birthday. Col. Seely used to be a member of the Brooke lifeboat crew, and as such received the thanks of the French Government, with a medal, for aiding in the rescue of a French crew shipwrecked off the Isle of Wight. Col. Seely has played many parts in his time, and has been a barrister and an Imperial Yeoman besides a member of Parliament.

The Standing Armies.

At the present time the leading nations of the world, on a peace basis, maintain in their armies no less than four and a quarter million men. They are divided as follows: Russia, 1,400,000; Germany, 617,000; France, 529,000; Austria-Hungary, 409,000; Turkey, 350,000; Great Britain, 250,000; Italy, 240,000; Japan, 225,000; Switzerland, 139,000; Spain, 100,000; United States, 100,000; Sweden, 62,000; Belgium, 45,000; Holland, 40,000; Norway, 30,000; Denmark, 14,000.

Useful to Flirts.

A young man called on a patent expert and showed him an idea he wanted protected. It was in the form of an engagement ring.

"But," said the expert, examining the very ordinary looking circlet, "what is there patentable about this?"

"It is adjustable, sir," said the inventor proudly.—London Answers.

As She Used to Every Morning.

The bereaved Mrs. O'Leary, with a neighbor, stood sobbing over the coffin of her deceased husband.

"Oh, Mrs. Murphy!" she cried, "Oj can't believe Pat's lyin' there dead. He's only ashlahe."

"Shure, he do look loike he wer only ashlahe," returned her sympathizing friend. "Call to him, Mrs. O'Leary—call to Pat just as ye used to wake him iv'ry mornin'."

Mrs. O'Leary dashed away her tears and called vehemently:

"Git up, ye lazy bast, an' go out an hunt for a job!"

THE CAPTIVE SULTAN

HOW ABDUL SPENDS HIS TIME
AT SALONICA.

The Former Despot of Turkey Is Becoming Accustomed to His New Condition—Abdul Hamid Was Opposed as a Child and Used to Torture Animals Just to See Them Suffer—Characteristic Acts.

Abdul Hamid, the ex-Sultan of Turkey, is slowly becoming more accustomed to his surroundings and reconciled to his captivity. He has cast off his sometime morose demeanor, no longer gives way to outbursts of anger, and conducts himself in a quiet and retired manner.

Repeatedly he expresses his satisfaction at being kept at Salonica, requests his guardians that he may be allowed to remain at the Villa Allatini, and prays that he may be permitted to live there and end his days "like a good old man." For whatever may be the opinion of his former subjects, the ex-Sultan's confidence in his own virtues remains undiminished.

"Why do my people say and write such bad things about me, and attempt to blacken my character?" he frequently demands. "Why do they revive everything that is bad, and never mention all the good things I have done for my country? After all, the bad things were not due to me; they were the works of my counselors. Every man I had round me was bad—absolutely bad. I had no opportunity of choosing my advisers."

Very early in the morning Abdul repairs to a small ante-room overlooking a small portion of the main road. Here he takes up his position at the window. Almost his first occupation is to give orders to Emil Bey for his day's food. These orders are handed to an agent of the municipality, who is detailed off to do the necessary marketing. The cuisine is in the hands of one of Abdul's old cooks, who was specially brought for the purpose from Yildiz.

The dethroned monarch's favorite delicacy is shrimps, which just now are in season in Salonica. He is now being accorded the greatest liberty, with pens and paper being supplied him, and he is allowed, if he so desires, to walk in the garden at will. He has, however, up to the present taken no advantage of this extension of liberty, preferring to remain cooped up in his little ante-chamber.

He sleeps badly, and often paces the floor of his bedroom the whole night through. For this reason every afternoon he retires for a brief siesta. He takes little pleasure in the society of his wives, and seldom sees them, with the exception of the mother of his son Hamil Effendi, who is in almost constant attendance upon him. His sole recreation lies in the newspapers, which are liberally supplied, and are read to him by his favorite wife. He takes the greatest possible interest in passing events both at home and abroad, but outside of this he has no occupation and passes the day with the utmost monotony. Of late, however, he has had a desire to employ himself with amateur carpentering, and in accordance with this idea a full set of joiner's tools has been ordered from a Parisian factory.

Various interesting conversations have been the outcome of Abdul Hamid's newspaper reading. When he had been read the account of the investiture of his brother as Sultan amid the acclamations of the populace, he was considerably agitated.

"Why is it," he demanded, "that the people like my brother when they hate me?" "Because," he was told, "the people do not like what you like, and like what you do not."

BY-LAW No.

A BY-LAW TO RAISE BY WAY OF
LOAN THE SUM OF \$18,000.

Passed 1909.

Whereas the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington have resolved to raise by way of loan the sum of \$18,000 to cover the expenditure on County Roads during the current year;

And Whereas in order thereto, it will be necessary to issue a debenture of the said Corporation as hereinafter provided for the sum of \$18,000 (which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By-Law);

And Whereas it is desirable to make the principal of said debt and interest repayable by yearly sums during the period of twenty years being the currency of the said debenture, said yearly sums being of such respective amounts that the aggregate amount payable in each and every year for principal and interest shall be as nearly as possible equal to the amount so payable in each of the other nineteen years of said period as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

And Whereas the total amount required by "The Municipal Act" to be raised annually by special rate for paying the said debt and interest as hereinafter provided is \$1383.66.

And Whereas the amount of the whole ratable property of the said Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, irrespective of any future increase in the same, according to the last Revised and equalized Assessment Rolls of the County is \$8,457,026.

And Whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of said County of Lennox and Addington is \$48,300.00 whereof no part of principal or interest is in arrear.

And Whereas the said Corporation has not raised by By-Law or By-Laws for contracting debts or loans any sum of money over and above the sum required for the County's ordinary expenditure since the 6th day of June, A. D., 1908.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington, enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose of raising the sum of \$13,000 as aforesaid, a debenture of the said County of Lennox and Addington amounting to the sum of \$18,000 shall be issued on the day of 19 which said debenture shall be dated on the date of the issue thereof and shall be payable within twenty years thereafter, namely in the sums of \$1383.66 in each and every year and shall be payable on the day of in each of the years from 1910 to 1929, inclusive, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation at the Town of Napanee in the County of Lennox and Addington.

2. The said debenture shall bear interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, payable yearly on the day of

in each and every year during the currency thereof and shall have attached thereto coupons for the payment of then said interest and installment of principal and the said debenture and coupons shall be signed by the Warden and countersigned by the Treasurer and Clerk of the said Corporation and the Clerk shall attach thereto the corporate seal of the said County.

3. That during the currency of the said debenture there shall be raised annually by special rate on all the ratable property of the County of Lennox and Addington, the sum of \$1383.66 for the purpose of paying the amount due in each of the said years for principal and interest in respect of said debenture as shown in Schedule "A" hereto annexed.

4. That the said debenture shall be issued and negotiated by and under the supervision of the Finance Committee of the Council of the Corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington and the said Council does hereby authorize and deputize on its behalf the said Committee to issue and negotiate the sale of the said debenture under the provisions of the By-Law.

5. That the funds derived from the negotiation and sale of the said debenture shall be deposited in an agency of a chartered Bank at Napanee, to the credit of the said corporation.

6. That this By-Law shall come into force and take effect from and after

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County of Lennox and Addington Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Taxes.

COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON, BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT under the hand of the Warden and the Seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date the 20th day of July, 1909, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs as therein set forth.

I hereby give notice that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid I shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the tax and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction on THURSDAY, THE (FOURTH) 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1909, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

DAY, THE (FOURTH) 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER (AND THE FOLLOWING DAY IF NECESSARY) in the present year 1909, beginning at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, in compliance with the provisions of the Assessment Act.

The public will please remember that this is a Strictly Cash Sale. Private cheques will not be taken in settlement of purchase unless accepted by the bank on which they are drawn.

Township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby.									
Description	Con.	Acres	Years Due	Taxes	Ex. penses	Totals	Remarks		
Lots 37 & 39, Denbigh	W. R.	200	3 years or over	\$8.80	\$3.75	\$12.55	Patented		
Lot 34, Denbigh	E. R.	80	3 years or over	9.95	3.50	13.45	Patented		
Lot 37, Denbigh	E. R.	100	3 years or over	9.10	3.50	12.60	Patented		
Lot 1, Denbigh	W. R.	84	3 years or over	18.07	3.70	21.77	Patented		
Lot 9, Denbigh	E. R.	100	3 years or over				Patented		
Part lot 23, Denbigh		4	3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 22, Denbigh		3	3 years or over	6.66	4.25	10.91	Patented		
Lot 21, Denbigh	W. R. A.	100	3 years or over	7.46	3.75	11.21	Patented		
Lot 2, 3 & 10, Denbigh	W. R. A.	297	3 years or over				2 & 3 Pat		
Lots 16 17 & 18 1920 Abinger	R. B.	504	3 years or over				Patented		
Lots 17 18 19, Abinger	R. A.	300	3 years or over				Patented		
Lots 1, 3 & 4 Abinger	R. B.	102	3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 36, Abinger	R. A.	99	3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 1 broken front, Abinger	3	19	3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 2, Abinger	3	96	3 years or over	84.61	12.60	97.21	Patented		
Lots 13 and 14, Denbigh	3	200	3 years or over	28.24	4.46	32.70	Patented		
Lots 17 and 20, Denbigh	3	180	3 years or over	8.71	4.00	12.71	Patented		
Lot 6, Denbigh	6	102	3 years or over	2.89	3.75	6.64	Patented		
Lot 5, Denbigh	6	100	3 years or over	7.38	3.75	11.13	Not Pat.		
Lot 12, Denbigh	7	100	3 years or over	3.85	3.75	7.60	Patented		
Lots 5 and 6, Denbigh	7	200	3 years or over	25.80	4.50	30.30	Not Pat.		
Lot 34, Denbigh	7		3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 34, Denbigh	8		3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 34, Denbigh	9		3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 1, Ashby	7		3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 1, Ashby	8		3 years or over				Patented		
Lot 1, Ashby	9	575	3 years or over	30.83	8.77	39.60	Patented		
Lot 8 Denbigh	7	100	3 years or over				Patented		
Lots 8 & 9 Denbigh	8	200	3 years or over	27.56	4.45	32.01	Patented		
Lot 3 Abinger	1	100	3 years or over	12.08	3.80	15.88	Not Pat.		
Lot 19 Abinger	3	100	3 years or over	13.72	3.85	17.57	Not Pat.		
Lot 1 Abinger	9	100	3 years or over	28.86	4.25	33.11	Patented		
Lot 20 Abinger	10	100	3 years or over	32.57	4.33	36.90	Patented		
Lot 4 Abinger	11	100	3 years or over	20.88	4.05	25.03	Patented		
Lot 3 Abinger	13	100	3 years or over	17.80	3.95	21.75	Not Pat.		
Lot 9 Abinger	14	100					Not Pat.		
Returned as uncollected taxes				10.04	4.00	14.04	Mining Lease		
Lot 9 Abinger	15	100					Not Pat.		
Lot 10 Abinger	14	100	Returned as				Patented		
Lot 10 Abinger	15	100	uncollected taxes	16.50	4.20	20.70	Patented		
Lot 11 Abinger	14	100	Returned as				Patented		
Lot 11 Abinger	15	100	uncollected taxes	2.20	4.00	6.20	Patented		
Lot 7 Abinger	16	100	3 years or over	7.55	3.75	11.30	Not Pat.		
Lot 2 Abinger	16	100	3 years or over	8.88	3.75	12.63	Not Pat.		
Pt. Lot 14 Abinger	16	1	3 years or over	11.89	3.80	15.69	Patented		
Pt. Lot 13 Abinger	15	3	3 years or over				Not Pat.		
Lot 34 Ashby	9	100	3 years or over	34.58	8.15	42.73	Patented		
Lot 34 Ashby	10	105	3 years or over	24.77	4.40	29.17	Not Pat.		
Lots 32 & 33 Ashby	8	200	3 years or over				Not Pat.		

Township of Anglesa.									
Lot 10	6	100	3 years or over	4.49	3.75	8.24	Patented		
Lot 10	13	100	3 years or over	5.72	3.75	9.47	Patented		
Lot 10	14	100	3 years or over	5.72	3.75	9.47	Patented		
Lot 9	16	100	3 years or over	4.16	3.75	7.91	Patented		
Lot 32	17	100	3 years or over	4.16	3.75	7.91	Patented		

Township of Kaladar.									
Lot 9	4	100	3 years or over	7.15	3.75	10.90	E & Pat.		
North of Lot 1	4	97	3 years or over	5.62	3.75	9.37	NW & Pat		
W of E of Lot 24	5	50	3 years or over	27.60	4.25	31.84	Patented		
Parts of N. W & 21 lying north of road leading from Plinton to Addington Road.	5	15	3 years or over	15.26	3.90	19.16	Patented		
West of Lot 11	10	100	3 years or over	8.99	3.75	12.74	Patented		

Township of Sheffield.									
Lot No. 25	2	200	No Goods	7.36	3.75	11.11	Not Pat		
Lot No. 14	9	200	3 years or over	10.99	3.80	14.79	Not Pat		

Township of Camden.									
Part of Lot 23, known as Water & Electric Light Co.	1	2	3 years or over	45.47	4.65	50.12	Patented		

Village of Newburgh.									
Lots 24 and 25, known as Pomeroy estate	S.S. con.								
Part of lot 16, re Mrs. Leckie	Street w.s. Main	3	3 years or over	17.19	3.95	21.14	Patented		
Parts of lots 4 & 6 re Jas. Murphy	Street w.s. Baldwin	3	3 years or over	4.07	3.75	7.82	Patented		
Lot 1, re James Murphy	Street w.s. Brook	3	3 years or over	16.48	3.95	20.43	Patented		
Lot 188, re John Farley	East w. side	3	3 years or over	9.77	3.75	13.52	Patented		

CYRUS EDGAR,
Warden.
IRVINE PARKS,
Treasurer County of Lennox and Addington.
County Treasurer's Office, Napanee, July 20th 1909.
First published in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS, at Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on July 30th, 1909.

amid the acclamations of the people, he was considerably agitated. Why is it," he demanded, "that the people like my brother when they hate me?" "Because," he was told, "the people do not like what you like, and like what you do not." A great deal of disapproval was the ex-Sultan's only response. He has a considerable aversion to the Constantinople journal Yeni Gazeta. Frequently he goes to his disgust at this newspaper. One day he was complaining to Fethy Bey, his chief guardian, of his lack of occupation. "When I have no papers to read," he said, "I have nothing to do; I do not amuse myself at all." Fethy Bey replied, asking him why he did not write the memoirs of his reign. "You continually aver," said Fethy, "that you have done only good by Turkey. Write your memoirs, and perhaps the people will then understand how they have misjudged you." "Yes," replied Abdul, "that is a very excellent idea, but I have not here the necessary notes to compile such a volume. They are all at Yildiz." For a moment the fallen monarch was wrapp'd in silent thought, and then he added, "But, after all, I am sure that the historians will vindicate me, and even if the Turkish historians do not do so, I am certain that the foreign historians will do me justice." It is said that as a young man Abdul Hamid was wont to maltreat small animals with the sole object of seeing them suffer. This trait would seem to have developed in later years to a total lack of sympathy and consideration for those about him. When Abdul Hamid took train at Constantinople, among the few people present was the woman who had been foster-mother to Hamid Effendi, and who, no doubt, because of the bright future of the youth she had nurtured from birth, was crying bitterly. Perceiving this, the imperial prisoner faced his warders and demanded: "What is that woman doing here; who told her to come? I do not want her; send her away immediately."

Difficulty Easy to Overcome.
"But are you able to support a wife?" asked the old gentleman.
"Well," replied the youth, "you know it is said that two can live almost as cheaply as one in such circumstances."
"Yes; I've heard that stated," admitted the old gentleman doubtfully.
"So it occurred to me," went on the youth cheerfully, "that you would not begrudge the slight extra cost that will be entailed as a result of this addition to your family."

Crape on the Door.
The custom of placing crape on the door of a house where there has been a recent death had its origin in the ancient English heraldic customs and dates back to the year 1100 A.D. At that period hatchments, or armorial ensigns, were placed in front of houses when the nobility or gentry died. The hatchments were of diamond shape and contained the family arms quartered and covered with sable.

Locating the Trouble.
One day Mary came to her mother and said, "Mother, my ear aches!" "Does it ache very bad, Mary?" asked her mother.
"No."
"Well, run out and play. Then you will forget about it."
Mary went out, but pretty soon she came back and said: "Mother, my ear does ache. It is not the hole, but the ruffle around it."

Knew the Ropes.
"What do you say to a young lady at a dance?" quoted the youth who was about to attend his first ball.
"Oh," replied the society man, "talk to her about her beauty."
"But suppose she hasn't any?" said the youth.
"In this case," rejoined the society man, "talk to her about the ugliness of the other girls present."

5. That the funds derived from the negotiation and sale of the said debenture shall be deposited in an agency of a chartered Bank at Napanee, to the credit of the said corporation.

6. That this By-Law shall come into force and take effect upon, from and after the final passing hereof and shall remain in full force and effect until the debenture to be issued under the provisions hereof has been fully paid and satisfied,

County Clerk. Warden.

Schedule "A," referred to in the foregoing By-Law showing how the amount \$1383.66 thereby required to be raised annually by special rate, is apportioned.

Year	Interest	Principal	Total
1910	\$810.00	\$573.66	\$1383.66
1911	784.00	599.66	1383.66
1912	757.00	626.66	1383.66
1913	729.00	654.66	1383.66
1914	699.48	684.18	1383.66
1915	668.70	714.96	1383.66
1916	636.48	747.18	1383.66
1917	602.68	780.98	1383.66
1918	567.72	815.94	1383.66
1919	531.00	852.66	1383.66
1920	492.66	891.00	1383.66
1921	452.52	931.14	1383.66
1922	410.50	973.16	1383.66
1923	366.84	1016.82	1383.66
1924	321.12	1062.54	1383.66
1925	273.08	1110.58	1383.66
1926	223.38	1160.28	1383.66
1927	171.00	1212.66	1383.66
1928	116.46	1267.20	1383.66
1929	59.58	1324.08	1383.66

\$18000.00

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into consideration by the County Council of the County of Lennox and Addington at its Special Session to be held at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, in the said County, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of November, A. D., 1909, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.
Dated July 23rd, 1909.

CHINESE ART.

Two Distinct Methods In Depicting Scenes of Nature and Life.

Chinese paintings are subjects that until very recently were but slightly known to occidental students of art. Yet recently light on this subject shows that some of the Chinese artists as early as the first crusade had created paintings not only cleverly drawn and masterfully colored, but filled with that subtle artistic sense that is universally understood and appreciated by cultured mankind.

Chinese temples have furnished the best examples of Chinese paintings, just as the great cathedrals of Europe have given to western civilization the best pictures from the brushes of the Italian, French and Flemish artists. These paintings are mostly Chinese landscapes, although the hunting pictures of Chao Meng Fu, called "Mongols Hunting," is one of the most famous Chinese pictures. Nature studies, especially of birds, are frequent.

But the most singular and interesting point about Chinese painting is perhaps the fact that the two distinct methods were used. The first was called the "kakemono" method, in which the view was supposed to be the same as if one stood on the painting, in place of standing in front about on a level.

This method, couple with some queer views as to perspective values, is what causes Chinese paintings to have their weird appearance to foreign eyes when the beholder has never studied Chinese art methods.

The "kakemono" method is sometimes used, and in these paintings the method used is practically the same as in our own schools of art. The finer elements of painting, such as feeling, repression, color schemes, etc., are said by art critics to be superbly demonstrated by a number of the finer Chinese artists.

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A Wonderful Spectacle.

Lord Curzon not long ago wrote the following graphic description of the Victoria falls in Africa: "The edge once passed, the falls appear to excel in grandeur any spectacle of the same kind in the world. The cliff wall down which they are hurled is sheer from top to bottom, 350 to 400 feet, of perpendicular descent, uninterrupted, save where in some places gigantic masses of basalt, split off or eroded by the same process as has formed the chasm itself, lie at the base and shatter the descending columns into a tempest of foam."

"Conceive a black wall as high as Shakespeare's cliff, at Dover, Eng., nearly as high as the cross of St. Paul's, and over a mile in length, and over the top of this tremendous precipice a continuous cataract of water toppling down from the sky, save in the three places where larger islands, carrying their growth of jungle right to the edge of the abyss, have protected a section of the cliff and interposed a gleaming surface of ebony rock between the snowy fleeces of the falls on either side."

"In scenery, the surroundings of the Victoria falls, greatly surpass their American rival (Niagara). For every pinnacle and rocky buttress is clothed from top to bottom, at least in the rainy season, with a clustering forest growth; and, the contrast of the white storm of the cataract and the gloomy swirl of the torrent, with the brilliant green of the verdure amid which it pursues its course, is a fascination that never fails."

"Never can there fade from the mind of one who has seen it the vision of these towers of descending foam, the shouting face of the cataract, the thunder of the watery phalanxes as they charge and reel and are shattered in the bottom of the abyss, or the spray spumes whizzing upward like a battery of rockets into the air."

When to Cut Flowers.

The best time to cut flowers is early in the morning, while the dew is upon them, or else during the evening. As soon as cut the stems should be placed in water, even if in a temporary way, if not convenient to arrange them at once in their proper positions.

When the flowers have to be packed early in the morning to be sent a long distance they must be cut extra early or, what is better, cut the previous evening and placed in water all night in a cool place which can be kept close. In this way they absorb all the water it is possible for them to do, being consequently fresher when unpacked.—Gardening Illustrated.

A Tiny Whale.

Not long ago the smallest specimen of the cetacean tribe ever caught by a British trawler was landed at Grimsby by the King James. The baby whale was brought up by the net in the North Sea, and was so small—eighteen inches long only and three pounds three ounces in weight—that the fishermen could not recognize that it was a cetacean at all until an expert certified the fact. The local officer for the Board of Fisheries secured the interesting little capture for the museum of his Department in London.

His Lame Excuse.

"Gregory," said Mrs. Squallop, "I have just received a letter from Aunt Abigail. She says that as we don't seem to want her to come to visit us this year she will postpone it indefinitely. What does she mean by that? I told you to write and tell her to come at her own convenience. Was that what you wrote to her?"

"Er—substantially," answered Mr. Squallop. "I couldn't remember how that word 'convenience' is spelled, and so I made it 'risk'."

Earl of Egnant.

Excepting, perhaps, Lord Lyvedon.

DEADLY POISONS.

Nearly One-half of Those Known Are Chemical Rarities.

"There are only about 160 deadly poisons known to science," said an expert in poison lore the other day. "Of these 160 quickly fatal drugs one-third are alkaloids, and more than a score are complicated animal and vegetable poisons not yet fully classified. Nearly half of the total number of known poisons are chemical rarities—not things that ever get into the coroners' reports. Of these 160 kinds of poisons 19 per cent. act directly on the brain or on the spinal cord, either by bringing on unconsciousness or by stimulating the mind to such an extent that delirium follows; 51.2 per cent. affect the respiration and only a little more than 4 per cent. the heart primarily. Nearly 40 per cent. are irritant poisons, and the rest have a mixed action on the human body. Arsenic, for example, produces almost the same symptoms as Asiatic cholera; phosphorus produces jaundice, and strychnine's effects resemble a case of lock-jaw. All these symptoms, of course, are those that precede death when a fatal dose has been taken."

"A good many of these poisons are dangerous to manufacture. Mercuric methide, for instance, brings madness to those who work too long at making it. A gas rises from it that is not immediately fatal, but that causes temporary insanity, which may, of course, become permanent."

"Potassium bichromate is another dangerous chemical and one that is used in large quantities commercially. The workmen who breathe in the dust that rises from the manufacture of this deadly poison finally lose their noses. For that reason those who work over this chemical have their faces protected by respirators. Even then the dust is so fine and insidious that they do not escape entirely, and many suffer from painful affections of the skin. The horses that work about the factory where this potassium bichromate is made on a large scale are mostly lame. The dust gets into their hoofs and causes sores. Cyanide of potassium looks so much like sugar that the workmen in the factories where it is made keep their mouths bandaged to help them resist the temptation to eat some of it. A pinch of this poison is fatal instantly, as every one knows. It is used in the separation of gold from the other metals with which it is found in the earth, and thousands of tons of this particularly deadly poison are employed for that purpose every year all over the world."

"Some of these poisons have been known for ages. Prussic acid, then called 'the poison of the peach,' was used by the Egyptians before the pyramids were built. They were the first to distill the poison from peach pits."

Fifteenth Century Artists.

Artists in Italy in the fifteenth century were little better off than small shopkeepers. This is shown by the dowries they usually gave their daughters, which varied from \$1,040 to \$2,080, and it is related as an extraordinary instance that Andrew Manegna gave his daughter \$2,600 at the time of her marriage, which was about the close of the fifteenth century. Michelangelo, Raphael and Titian were the only painters of the fifteenth century who succeeded in attaining a position of ease. Michelangelo at his death left about \$48,000, besides some real estate, to his nephew, Leonardo. Raphael's property was estimated to be worth \$135,000, while Durer was worth at the time of his death only \$31,650. In those days, however, pensions were frequently given to artists by sovereigns and cities.

Small Mercies.

The young English tourist who had been staying for a week at a hotel

What the Editor Cannot Do.

Don't think because the reporter sees you getting on the train that he ought to know who you are and where you are going, or if he sees you greet some friends that he knows who they are and where they are from. We aim to get all the news, but you may be the one we don't happen to know. We try to become familiar with names and faces, if possible. But during the years past we have been to church and failed to see you there. We have hung around the town pump, but some of you weren't there. We have loitered on the street. We've even risked our reputation on back streets on a dark night, but you weren't all there. And we'll be hanged if we know where to find you all. So if you are going or coming or know anybody cutting up queer capers let us know.

The Pig In Water.

Of pigs it is commonly reported that so queerly fashioned are they that if they attempt to swim they cut their throats with their fore feet, but this is only an old wife's tale. Whether wild or tame, they are all good swimmers, though, owing to the shortness of their legs, they just touch their throats with their fore feet and beat the water very high. Many of the islands of the southern seas are now inhabited by wild pigs, which are the descendants of those which have swum ashore, sometimes great distances, from wrecked vessels.

The First Kindergarten.

The first kindergarten was opened by Froebel in 1837 at Brandenburg, Germany, and fifteen years afterward he died. This short period was sufficient to establish a system of education that has made life different for little children. When the King of Prussia in 1851 forbade the establishment of kindergartens the old man died of a broken heart, not dreaming that his life work had been a noble success.

The Acorn.

Take a large acorn, suspend it by a thread so as to nearly touch the water in any glass vessel, set it upon your mantelshelf, bracket or table and let it stand there for about two months without in any way interfering with it excepting to supply fresh water. The acorn will burst, throw a root down into the water and a stem upward, sending out from the stem beautiful green leaves.

Exhibition Dates.

Brockville, Sept. 7th, 8th, 9th.
Madoc, Sept. 13th, 11th.
Napawee, Sept. 14th, 15th.
Odessa, Oct. 1st.
Roblin's Mills, Oct. 1st, 2nd.
Shannonville, Sept. 25th.
Tweed, Sept. 20th, 30th.
Wolfe Island, Sept. 21st, 22nd.

MUST MOVE.

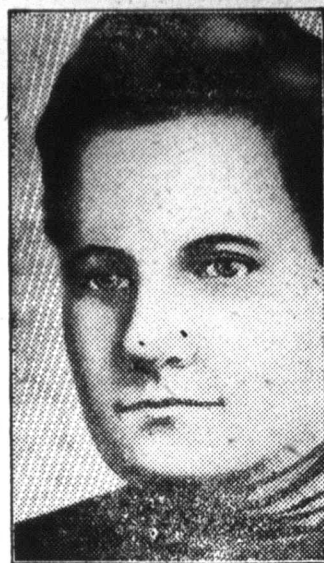
Six monuments that are in the way where I intend erecting a new workshop and show room early in the spring. They are imported granite set on granite bases. I will make a cut ten per cent on former price for March and April. I have over thirty monuments on the yard and a few more coming in May and June. Also on hand forty finished marble blocks from \$5.00 to \$80.00. All choice stock to choose from. Come early before we are rushed with spring orders.

V. KOUBER,

Napawee.

13-11

Mrs. William Henderson.

A SERIOUS ILLNESS
RELIEVED BY PE-RU-NA.

MRS. WILLIAM HENDERSON,
Craig, N. W. T., Can., writes:

"I was troubled with very serious internal weakness, which exhausted me so that I feared I would lose my mind."

"I suffered agony with my back, the pain extending down my left leg. The pain was so severe that I would have welcomed death as a relief."

"Peruna cured me of this trouble, no wonder I recommend it so highly."

"It will soon be two years since I found relief from the pain and not a sign of it has returned."

"I am glad that there is a way in which I can speak of this, as many a sufferer may read my testimonial, and not only read, but believe."

Had Given Up All Hope.

Mlle. Albina Chauvin, No. 50 Rue Agnes, St. Henri, Montreal, Canada, writes:

"I consider Peruna better than any other remedy, as it cured me when nothing else could."

"I suffered for years and years with heart trouble, headaches and weakness. I never expected to find anything to cure me."

"I tried Peruna and am entirely cured."

A Mysterious Visitor.

New Servant. Please, mum, there's a strange lady downstairs, and she didn't have no card. She took off her things, as if she intended to stay, and she looked around the room with her nose in the air, as if things wasn't good enough for her, and she rubbed the window to see if it was clean, and she peeped in the dark corners and then looked at the dust on her fingers and sniffed."

Mistress. I can't imagine who the creature can be. My husband's mother and sisters are away."

Teacher and Tommy.

Teacher. Tommy, can you tell me what shape the world is? Tommy. It is round. Teacher. How do you know it is round? Tommy. Because you told me yourself. Teacher. Yes, but my telling you the world is round doesn't make it round. How do I know it's right? Tommys—I suppose somebody told you.

YOU PAY WHEN CURED

DO NOT TAKE ALL RISKS

Daily. All other rains run daily (Sundays excepted).

WALTER RATHBUN H. B. SHERWOOD MILES McKEOWN
President Superintendent Deenatcher

Still Waters

"That Viola Brett is no ordinary girl! Something will happen one of these days, mark my words! I never trust these quiet, superior misses! Still waters, I say!"

"So do I. Something fishy there. Where does she get her money from? She gives to every subscription-list, and has new furs again this winter. How's it done on thirty shillings a week?"

William Dover rose from his chair and ostentatiously closed the door that connected his little den with the large outer office. Those girls—those girls! No one would have guessed from his stiff face how terrified he was of them, nor how he disliked the fate that had placed them under his control. He, on his side, would have been astonished to know with what awe he inspired them. The frozen manner and frigid stare, under which he masked his shyness, had gained for him the title of the "Crao."

"Idle, gossiping, chatterboxes!" he muttered crossly.

Then he smiled, as he sifted out the grain of truth from among the spiteful chaff. Viola Brett was, indeed, unlike the ordinary girl, as he could testify from close observation, for from the very first he had been struck by her distinctive personality.

He touched his bell, and Viola herself entered the office. Pale, with dark, melancholy eyes, there was an air of reserve and dignity about this young typist that would have graced a duchess.

"I'm sorry to have to trouble you with something exceedingly unpleasant," snapped Dover, coming to the point in his usual incisive manner, "but I notice a shortage of one pound in the petty cash. Can you account for it?"

A startled look swept over Viola's face—a striking contrast to its habitual calm.

"No, I cannot," she stammered. "You had better tell the truth—" began Dover, when Viola interrupted him.

"Indeed, indeed, I have had nothing to do with it. Please believe me!" she cried, clasping her hands.

"I was merely about to remark," said Dover stiffly, "that you had better confess that you have left your key lying about."

Viola, in her position of head-typist, was the sole person, besides herself, who had access to the petty cash, and she drew on it for odd expenses solely in his absence.

"No, I have not left the key about," she said. "It is inexplicable."

"That can be the only explanation," stated Dover, rather annoyed at her obstinacy. "Have you reason to suspect any of the girls?"

"Certainly not! I should not do anything so unjust and unfair as to suspect anybody without proof! And, I must say plainly, that I cannot undertake to spy on them!"

"H'm!" grunted Dover, in his crabby voice. "This is an important matter. The smallness of the sum does not affect the principle which is at stake. In spite of your assertions, there is a dishonest person in this office. I must warn you to be on your guard, and suspect

staked his honor, had fallen so low as to pilfer from the firm, was a crushing blow. Then he spoke coldly:

"Kindly explain your presence here, Miss Brett!"

"If I do, you will not believe me!" wailed the girl. "You think I've come here to steal; but, indeed it is not so. I came to replace the sovereign that was stolen. Look, I have it here!"

She showed him a coin, clasped tightly in her hand.

"Still, I do not understand," was the grim comment.

"Oh, don't make it harder! I thought, if the money were put back the inquiry about the theft would die out, and the trouble would cease. That's why I resolved to make good the loss in secret."

"Indeed! Then I must congratulate you on your sound financial position, that enables you, out of your present salary, to give away spare sovereigns at a minute's notice, apparently, to satisfy your whims!"

Viola colored deeply.

"I see that you do not believe me," she said. "I have one piece of jewellery—a diamond ring. I raised a sovereign on it this morning from a firm of jewellers, who are also pawnbrokers. You met me there yourself!"

Dover's face brightened.

"Tell me exactly why you are doing this," he said. "You are laying yourself open to the gravest suspicions. The truth, now! Are you shielding anyone?"

"No. And I can only ask you to be content with what I've told you."

"Very well." Dover drew a long breath. "I accept your statement, incomplete as it is. I believe you, and I trust you. Remember!"

The whole of the next day Dover avoided Viola, for their mutual relief. He felt acutely sensitive and thin-skinned—a crab without his shell—and whenever the claims of business brought them together, he could not fail to notice the girl's confusion.

But the next morning there fell on the doubting lover a heavy blow, which made him entrench his wounded spirit behind his defensive armour. As Viola entered his office to take his letters, she saw, with dismay, that the kind light in his eyes had turned to a steely glitter.

"Please take this letter, Miss Brett. To Detective Fisher, Scotland Yard. Kindly call here this morning on a matter of petty theft."

Viola's fingers shook as she scrawled her notes. Then she spoke huskily.

"You—you promised!" she said. "I did, the night before last. But I find that five pounds are missing this morning, and, in the face of this repetition, I have, dead against my will, to alter my opinion. That's all, thank you!"

The detective arrived at the office very shortly, and was soon deep in consultation with Dover. One of his first actions was to overhaul the desk thoroughly, and, in the course of investigation, he pointed out a crack.

"It looks insignificant, but it is possible a coin may have squeezed through into the space at the back of the drawer. I advise overhauling."

Tools were brought, and, after a little time, one sovereign was fished out of the cranny.

The detective rubbed his chin.

"That accounts for the first theft. But the second, and more serious one, has still to be cleared."

With

Here, he thought, he might find a clue to her whereabouts.

But the note merely contained a few scribbled lines:

"By this time you think me a thief. Indeed, indeed, it is not so! But I cannot face the suspicion and your scorn, so I am playing a coward's part, and running away!"

Dover left the house, feeling beaten and hopeless. He knew perfectly well that it was easy for the girl to be swallowed up in the labyrinth of London.

As he whirled back, however, a sudden thought struck him. There was a faint chance that, if she contemplated leaving London, she might revisit the jeweller's shop to redeem her ring.

It was a fool's errand, but for a full hour, from the shelter of the restaurant, he watched the fateful shop. At last, however, the waitresses' stares and whispers stung him to action. Girls all in!

Perhaps he might get a clue from the jeweller himself! But he had barely crossed the road when his patience was crowned by success, for, coming rapidly towards him, he saw the tall figure of Viola. She stifled a cry at the sight of Dover.

"It's all right!" he cried reassuringly. "The money's found, and you are cleared! I have come to apologize for wronging you by my suspicion!"

Viola's eyes shone through a mist of happiness.

"I'm so glad!" she said simply.

But Dover did not consider this enough.

"Don't you think you owe me an explanation, after all?" he asked. Then Viola told the tale.

"When I was fifteen I was cashier in a small shop. Things were at a terrible crisis at home, and I yielded to temptation, and borrowed a sovereign from the till, meaning to replace it. But the loss was discovered, and a detective called in. When my employer heard the circumstances, he agreed to give me another chance to redeem my past. That I did. But it seems that you cannot lose the brand of past sin; for the detective you called in was the very one who discovered my guilt, and, although it is seven years ago, I knew he would recognize me. How, then, would you have believed in my innocence?"

"Thank you for telling me," said Dover tenderly, after a short pause.

"In return, let me give you some advice. Your best course of action will be to drop that old, bad name, and take another. Say, mine!"

The look of joy and gratitude in Viola's face was his answer. Still waters may run deep, but they can always be fathomed by love.—London Answers.

NEAR AND FAR.

Interesting Bits of Knowledge About 'Most Everything.

There are 750 golf links in Great Britain.

The Japs make a paper cloth that washes like linen.

Of British bird's eggs a complete set is worth about £200.

The value of pictures in the National Gallery is about \$6,250,000.

A single orange tree will produce 20,000 oranges, and a lemon tree, 8,000 lemons.

Three gas companies in London consume between them 4,000,000 tons of coal per annum.

When a hen attains her third year her laying capacity is at its best! She will lay, on an average, from

HOME.

BREAD RECIPES.

Nut and Potato Loaf.—Chop enough nut meats to make a cupful. Add one cupful of hot mashed and seasoned potato and one cupful of bread crumbs. Add two well beaten eggs and enough hot milk to form the ingredients into a loaf. Put a few bits of butter over the top or bread crumbs which have been will mixed with melted butter; place in a hot oven and bake until brown. A cupful of hot water should be poured in the pan when you set it to bake, and this, with a tablespoonful of butter, should be rich enough liquid for basting. When the loaf is done the sauce left in the pan should be slightly thickened and poured around the loaf on the platter.

Rye Bread.—One cake of compressed yeast, two pints of milk or milk and water, two teaspoonfuls of salt, one teaspoonful of soda, dissolved in hot water. Make a sponge with white flour and let rise. When light stir in rye flour with a spoon until stiff. Let rise. Put in pans with a spoon. Let rise and when light bake from three-quarters to one hour.

English Walnut Bread.—Make dough same as for white bread, then add one cupful of English walnuts, breaking each nut in five or six pieces; one tablespoonful white sugar, one tablespoonful caraway seeds for each loaf required. Knead well, let rise in warm place, place in bread pans and let rise again; put in oven; bake forty-five minutes.

Whole Wheat Bread.—Four cupfuls of whole wheat flour, two cupfuls white wheat flour, one-half cupful sugar, one teaspoonful salt, one yeast cake dissolved in enough warm water to make a stiff batter. Let rise until light, mold into two loaves, let rise again, and bake in a moderate oven. One tablespoonful of shortening adds to the richness.

CAKES.

In cake baking the wise cook is she who has her own successful white cake mixture and uses that, adding variety in the way of flavorings, fillings, and icings. Here are given some small cakes which find favor with German housewives.

Cookies.—One cupful of white sugar, one-half cup butter, one egg two tablespoonfuls of sweet milk, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, a little grated lemon rind; sufficient flour to roll thin. Bake in a quick oven.

Almond Cookies.—Three-fourth pound of butter, two cupfuls of sugar, one-fourth pound almonds, yolks of two eggs, hard boiled three fresh eggs, one lemon, one small glass of brandy, one heaping teaspoonful baking powder, and flour enough to roll.

Ginger Snaps.—One cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of molasses, one heaping cupful of lard. Let these ingredients boil together, then add one teaspoonful of soda and one cupful of ginger. Mix while warm and roll thin.

Macaroons.—Soak one-half pound of almonds in boiling water until the skins rub off easily; wipe dry and grind fine and mix with a teaspoonful

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"H'm!" grunted Dover, in his crabby voice. "This is an important matter. The smallness of the sum does not affect the principle which is at stake. In spite of your assertions, there is a dishonest person in this office. I must warn you to be on your guard, and suspect everybody, or else, against my will, I may have to resort to the services of a detective. Fisher's a smart man!"

His heart failed at the expression of utter fear that swept over Viola's face as she left the office. Indeed, the Crab felt in a terribly irritable mood. He was angry with the girls for having implanted a seed of distrust in his heart, annoyed with his favorite for having colored his suspicions by her unusual behaviour, and furious with himself for taking any notice of these base insinuations.

Feeling the need of a soothing influence, he went out to lunch, and, after a satisfying meal, grew more amiable. He even hummed an air, as he gazed out on to the busy street. Then, his performance came to an untimely end, as he saw Viola Brett pass in the throng.

Opposite the restaurant was a large jeweller's shop, before the windows of which the girl stopped, in evident indecision. She looked furtively up and down the street, and then, with a hurried gait, very different from her usual stately carriage, she practically bolted into the shop.

The Crab's mouth snapped. What have shorthand-typists, earning thirty shillings a week, to spend on jewellery?

Then his face cleared, as if by magic. Of course, she had called for some trifling repairs. Strolling leisurely to the entrance of the shop, he awaited her return. But it was plain that her nerves were severely shaken, for at the first sight of Dover she gave a violent start, and then hurried past him at express speed.

The Crab returned to his office, feeling thoroughly mystified and worried by the events of the morning. He stopped in the outer room to glare at the industrious typists. One of these, in spite of Miss Brett's championship, was a thief. In his present mood, he could believe anything of these scandal-mongering dancsels, who looked so demure, yet who answered so meekly. Concerning the poor, misjudged girl he returned to his work, determining, in the interest of common justice, to set a trap for the offender. Thus it happened that after closing time, having switched off the light in his office, and apparently left the building, he returned to his own by the other door of communication, that connected his room with the men's department.

Then he sat in silence, ~~in~~ comfort, for, in spite of his apparent severity, he played the part of spy very reluctantly.

Suddenly there was a slight movement in the outer office, and he sprang up, and stood in the shadow of a recess, just as the lock clicked, and someone stole into the room. She walked straight to the desk, fumbled with the key, and the silently rolled back the top.

At that moment Dover snapped on the switch, and, as the room was flooded with light, he fell back in horror, for shrinking before him in guilty confusion was Viola Brett.

For a moment he could not speak. The knowledge that his prime favorite, on whom he would have

trough into the space at the bottom of the drawer. I advise overhauling."

Tools were brought, and, after a little time, one sovereign was fished out of the cranny.

The detective rubbed his chin. "That accounts for the first theft. But the second, and more serious one, has still to be cleared. With your permission, I will interview your lady clerks. You may rely on me not to alarm or annoy them in any way."

Dover touched his bell, and a girl of sixteen entered the office.

"Why, where's Miss Brett?" asked Dover, in surprise.

"She's gone home. She went suddenly, without saying a word."

The detective turned round sharply.

"Ah! Who's Miss Brett?" he asked.

Dover's lips were dry.

"My head-clerk," he said. "I know why she left. Her mother is dangerously ill—and expected at any moment. Leave her out of it. I can answer for her."

The words were forced from him involuntarily. But, after his sudden fit of sensational weakness, he naturally felt that the rest of the inquiry was a farce. The other girls now, to his mind, effectually white-washed, thoroughly enjoyed the excitement of the proceedings.

When the detective had taken his departure, Dover buried his head in his hands. He told himself he was rightly served for his folly in deserting his rigid bachelor principles, and letting his fancy wander after this girl. He would take no steps towards prosecution. She must merely go out of his life—that was all.

His gloom was violently dispersed when the door of his office burst open, and young Rider, the son of one of the heads of the firm, dashed in without ceremony. The formal Crab much disliked this youth, who, fresh from college, evidently despised the business, and merely regarded it as a field for frolics and caprices.

"Hear you've had a 'tee' here to-day," he remarked, with a grin. "Rather good, that! Fact of the matter is, I was taking a friend to supper last night, and found myself short. Victoria Street was nearest, so I just came here and borrowed five quid. I've got duplicates of all the governor's keys, and I visited your show as first on the way. I meant to have returned the cash first thing this morning, but went to the races and clean forgot. Awfully sorry!"

The murderous impulse that filled Dover's heart was choked by an overwhelming rush of thankfulness. The money was accounted for, and Viola's character cleared, although her extraordinary course of action was still veiled in mystery.

But the first thing was to find her, and then straighten out the tangle. The cab that took him to her rooms seemed to crawl like a snail, as it threaded its way among the traffic. When he at last reached the place, he was met by a crushing announcement, for the landlady, with excitement oozing from every feature, told of Miss Brett's dramatic departure.

"Paid up, sir, and left at a minute's notice, for all the world as if the police were after her! She didn't leave any address, but she asked me to post this!"

The woman put a letter into Dover's hand. It was addressed to himself, and he tore open the envelope in an agony of suspense,

A single orange tree will produce 20,000 oranges, and a lemon tree, 8,000 lemons.

Three gas companies in London consume between them 4,000,000 tons of coal per annum.

When a hen attains her third year her laying capacity is at its best. She will lay, on an average, from 300 to 500 eggs in her lifetime.

The champion shorthorn bull Duke of Hoole, which belonged to M. J. H. Maden, of Bacup, England, has been bought for \$7,875 for exportation to the Argentine Republic.

More matches are used in the United Kingdom than in any other one country in the world. It has been estimated that English people use an average of eight matches each person per day.

Cairo has the biggest University in the world. There are about 9,000 students and 200 professors. The chief subjects taught are Mohammedan law and matters connected with the Koran.

The shareholders of one of the leading gold-mining companies at Bendigo have just elected a lady a Mrs. Holmes, to a vacant directorship—said to be the first instance of the kind on record.

A Norwich, England, firm is completing 1,100 miles of wire netting for the Australian, Queensland and Victorian Governments. The netting is retailed by the Governments to settlers, and is used for keeping rabbits from the crops.

The drink bill at most London hospitals is much less than it used to be. At Guy's, for instance, the sum yearly expended on alcoholic liquors for the patients is at the rate of \$2.25 a bed. In 1896, it was no less than \$17.25.

Dogs are well provided for on the Prussian State railways. The latest arrangement for the comfort of touring canines is hot-water pipes and spring mattresses. A bit of hard board with no spring in it is the ordinary man's or woman's portion.

A huge conger eel, which had left the river and made its way up a small stream threading the marshes near Boston (England), was stranded on the falling tide. Two men secured it just before the tide came up the creek again. The conger measured 3ft. 3in. in length, 23in. round, and weighed just 40lb.

In connection with the tercentenary of the rule of the Romanoffs the Russian Post Office will issue a series of new postage stamps bearing the effigies of various Russian monarchs, including Peter the Great, Catharine II., and the reigning czar. The portraits will be executed by some of the most famous artists of the day.

According to Mr. Nevil Maskelyne, the wireless telegraph office on trains is quite a possibility. In his opinion it would be less difficult to apply the wireless system to a train man to a ship, there being continuity from the rails over which the train is travelling. He thinks an installation would cost from \$2,000 to \$2,500 per train.

A smart naval coaling fleet, which, it is believed, establishes a world's record, was accomplished at Portsmouth the other day by means of electrically-driven Temperley transporters. The battleship King Edward VII., the flagship of the Channel Fleet, took on board from a floating depot 1,451 tons in a little over three and a half hours, giving an average of about 414 tons an hour.

Leaping cupful of lard. Let these ingredients boil together, then add one teaspoonful of soda and one teaspoonful of ginger. Mix while warm and roll thin.

Macaroons.—Soak one-half pound of almonds in boiling water until the skins rub off easily; wipe dry round line and mix with a teaspoonful of extract of roses. Beat white of three eggs to a stiff froth; stir in gradually one-half pound powdered sugar and the almonds. Drop small cakes on buttered tins, sugar over them and bake in a slow oven.

Cocoanut Kisses.—Six ounce grated cocoanut, three ounces powdered sugar, one ounce flour, three egg whites beaten to a stiff froth, anilla to taste. Bake on paper.

Cinnamon Stars.—Six egg whites beaten stiff; one pound powdered sugar, one pound grated almond with skins, one table-spoonful cinnamon. Roll thin, cut in shape of stars and bake in slow oven.

S. Cakes.—One-half pound butter, one-fourth pound sugar, one pound flour, six egg yolks. Work as you could pie crust. Form small shaped cakes and dip in beaten white of egg and granulated sugar.

A Tea Table Confection.—Grimmets, figs, and seeded dates together, work in enough powdered sugar to make the mixture roll; roll one-fourth inch slices and cut in any shapes with cutter or sharp knife. Sprinkle with sugar.

Candied Orange Peel.—Take the peel from twelve thick skinned oranges, cut in thin strips, put in salt water overnight, and boil in fresh water until almost transparent; add one-half teaspoonful powdered gum in water enough to cover the peel and let stand two hours. Make a sirup of four pounds of sugar, three cupfuls of water and juice of two oranges; boil until it reaches the peel in this and boil one hour. Place in sieve and shake until nearly dry, sprinkle with granulated sugar and spread on a cold plate.

Another Candied Orange Peel.—Boil the rind of thick skinned oranges, cut into long strips, in several waters, until the bitter is extracted; then boil in clarified sugar. When perfectly clear and transparent it is done. Cool enough to handle and roll in granulated sugar.

Salted Almonds.—Blanch almonds by pouring boiling water over them and let them stand until skins are easily removed; place almonds in a little oil or butter, sprinkle them with salt and set in oven until brown.

TWO FUDGE RECIPES.

Good Fudge.—Place two cupfuls of sugar and one cupful of milk in a saucepan. Stir thoroughly until sugar is dissolved. Place the pan upon the stove and constantly stir the mixture until it begins to boil. Add a small piece of butter and three tablespoonfuls of bitter chocolate. Boil until it forms a soft ball when dropped into cold water (about fifteen minutes). Set in a dish of cold water until perfectly cold. Beat and pour into a buttered plate. Cut in squares. Nuts of any kind, figs, dates, or raisins may be added.

Divinity Fudge.—Boil two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of corn sirup, and a half cupful of water. Boil until it strings. Have ready the white of one egg beaten dry. On these pour gradually the hot sirup, heating continually the while. Beat

until the mixture begins to harden; then pour in a cupful of nuts and turn the whole into buttered pan. Before the fudge becomes cold cut into squares.

USES FOR AN OLD SHEET.

Old twill sheets by reason of their softness make fine polishing cloths, floor and dish cloths, strong dust-ers and good undercovers for iron- ing boards.

Old cotton sheets make roomy bags for inclosing the winter suits and coats in the wardrobe. One large sheet will make two cases.

Can be made into slips for pil- lows over the ticking, to cover mat- tresses, laundry bags and large aprons to wear when making beds.

On sweeping days old sheets are invaluable in covering furniture. Smaller pieces can be made into loose covers to inclose dainty cush- ions.

Soft old pieces may be cut to measure and devoted to baby's wear. Long strips may be rolled up and used when bandages are needed. A wide strip will make outer cover for ironing board.

Pretty bits of decorative work may be evolved that have bits of old linen sheets for foundation.

OLD SHIRTWAISTS.

Any woman has a collection of shirt waists worn out under the arms, torn at the waist, and begin- ning to break at the collar, for this condition is reached by the fine ingerie ones in such a brief time. It is a shame to throw them away, and yet no mending will make them wearable.

Cut carefully apart at the seams, trimming out all worn parts, then using the article whose shape will best display the trimming of the waist, make any one of the follow- ing articles:

Gimp for girl from 4 to 14 years old.

Dutch collar, using as pattern well-fitting ready-made one. Trim with frill val.

Corset cover to slip over head.

Nightgown yolk and sleeves.

Yoke and sleeves for empire pressing jacket.

Fronts cut in strips, for insets for mid of dresser scarf.

Lingerie bag, envelope shaped, or nightgown. Line with color.

Lingerie bag for corset.

FOR THE EMBROIDERER.

For the Beginner.—Since hand embroidery has become so popu- lar as a trimming, the following hints may prove useful to the be- ginner: Secure the right materials. Have some one who really under- stands the work explain it and show you just how it is done. Attempt only simple patterns at first.

Circular, Centerpieces.—To cut circular centerpieces of any size, use plates, vegetable dishes, or pans of any kind; simply place them on the cloth and mark around them with a pencil.

To Mark Scallops.—Place your thumb on a spool just outside the circle line and mark around it with a pencil. In this way any sized scallop can be made.

FREEING HOUSE FROM MICE.

Cayenne pepper sprinkled freely in cupboards and shelves which mice are known to frequent will ac- considerably in preventing their com- spoiling garments, shoe, rather, papers, etc. Lumps of am- phor placed amongst clothes

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Com- mercial World.

Hull City Council purpose spend- ing \$25,000 for a municipal organ.

It is proposed to establish a me- teorological station at Hudders- field.

A herring weighing a pound and a half was caught by a Llandudno boatman.

Swallowing a farthing caused the death of Ellen Courroy, 2, of Can- ning Town.

James Cook, an aged weaver, of Slaithwaite, Yorkshire, choked to death at his dinner.

Twelve hundred years old, the church of Kirkdale, near Kirby Moorside, is to be restored.

Mr. William Metcalfe, who com- posed the famous hunting song "John Peel," died at Carlisle, aged eighty.

Mrs. Ann Roberts has died at Oswestry Workhouse in her 101st year.

At Clifton Colliery, Nottingham, two miners were electrocuted by an electrical driven coalcutting ma- chine.

Matthew Adam, a London carter, was sent to jail for 30 days for tearing out his horse's tongue in a fit of fury.

A twenty-year-old Newcastle girl drowned herself in the canal. Grief for a dead sweetheart had affected her brain.

The King has sent \$1,325 to the building fund of St. Barnabas Church, in the working class dis- trict to Epsom.

Through licking the inside of a tin that had contained weed-killer seven cows have died at Hawk- stone, Shropshire.

There is no such thing as new milk in London," said counsel in an adulteration case at the Strat- ford Police Court.

William Franks, a labourer of Gateshead was sentenced to five months in jail for stealing money from a four-year-old child.

"There is no such thing as new milk in London," said counsel in an adulteration case at the Strat- ford Police Court on Saturday.

About \$140,000 has been received from various London churches at the Mansion House by Saturday for the Hospital Sunday Fund.

Damage to the extent of \$200,000 was caused recently by a fire at a paint manufacturers' wharf by the riverside at Cubitt Town.

Five railway men were poisoned, one fatally, by drinking a bottle of beer they found near the track at Fyler Hill, near Canterbury.

Dr. Jamieson arrived in England recently in connection with the passing of the South African Union Bill by the Imperial Parliament.

The King of Spain, it is reported at the Isle of Wight, will race in his own yacht at the Royal Yacht Squadron Regatta during the Cowes week.

Private Richard James Smith, of the Royal Maine Light Infantry, died at Forton barracks, from in- juries received while walking in his sleep.

Workmen near Canterbury found

THE SOURCE OF ALL SOLACE

At Every Tick of the Timepiece We Can Address Ourselves to Him.

What have I in heaven, and be- sides thee what do I desire on earth. —Psalms lxxiii. 25.

This a cry from the tortured heart of David—a cry from one in need to a friend indeed. Poor; in very truth, is he who calls no man friend, but poorer he who is no man's friend.

This would be a bleak world with- out affection, and hence the master has established, as a primal source of all solace, a fountain of love springing up perennially in Himself. The fairest and most fragrant flower of that love is inseparable from friendship. The friends we have tried and not found wanting are the friends we trust, and where the trial of friendship has been long- est our trust is greatest, and so old friends are best.

OUR TRUEST FRIEND.

One there is who outdates and outclasses all other friends. He knows us and He understands, and, above all, He is willing and power- ful to help us. He alone possesses the fullest equipment of a friend. He knew us in the eternities. He shapes events so as to make us fit into the marvelous scheme of His universe. He cared for us since our coming into all the bewilderment of this creation. We have walked erect or bent, and often have we stumbled and many times have we fallen. Yet whether upright or prostrate the touch of the strong hand of His friendship has been up- on us, even when in insensate mo-

ments we have struggled to fling us off.

At all times, sick or ill, waking or sleeping, sad or joyous, His love holds us like the clasp of a mother. Others have, never has He shut a door against us. He was no mere life-saver stirred by feeling or by thirst for fame or by hope of re- ward. He was all He was to us not because He had pity on us, but be- cause he loved and wanted us. He is walking by our side ever. He meets us at the turn of every road. Whether our feet are in the narrow path and we need courage, or whether we are fighting with swine for their husks, it is always

OUR BLESSED PRIVILEGE

to appeal to this Friend to keep us uncontaminated or to bring us back from our wandering under the roof of the Father.

Such friendship teaches us our own worth. If He values us so highly, if He thinks so much of us, to what heights of manhood and wo- manhood may we not climb. How pitiful to be surrounded by such an atmosphere of love and not to live of its vitality. What fools we are to starve amid such plenty. If we realized all this we would not leave this Friend until we had failed with every one else, but our prayer to Him for help would be as our breathing and would discover be- yond doubt that old friends are best, and that of all old friends He, the ancient of days, is verily oldest and best.

REV. P. A. HALPIN.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, AUG. 1.

Lesson V. Close of St. Paul's Mis- sionary Journey. Golden Text, John 16: 33.

I. Corinth, the Vanity Fair of the Roman Empire. Corinth, the cen- ter of government, commerce, and business, as Athens was of learning, literature, and art, was situated on the isthmus which joins the two great divisions of Greece.

The city has been called "The Star of Hellas," "The Eye of Greece," "The Bridge of the Sea," "The Gate of the Peloponnesus," "The Vanity Fair of the Roman Empire."

It had an almost ideal situation for commerce. It attracted stran- gers from all over the world on ac- count of its delightful climate; the Isthmian games to which contests Paul refers twice in his letters to the Corinthians (1 Cor. 9: 24; 2 Cor. 2: 14-16); and its position as the center of government, where riches could be gained by dishonesty and oppression; and the seat of unre- strained sensual pleasure, and of every kind of licentiousness and ex- cess. Vice and profligacy here held

house of a man named (v. 7) Jestus, one that worshipped God, a Gentile believer in the one true God, but not a Jew, whose house joined hard to the synagogue. Here would be a perpetual invitation to the Jews, while at the same time the Gentiles would feel welcome to go there.

Paul Encouraged. 9. Then spake the Lord (Jesus) to Paul in the night by a vision, as at other crises of his life (Acts 16: 9; 22: 17; 27: 23). As we have seen this was one of the most trying crises of Paul's life. Sick in body, striving against the bitterest organized opposition, looking in the face of difficulties like black mountains in a dark night, Paul needed a fresh, clear, undoubted revelation of God's will and God's presence.

Compare the visions which the apostle John saw when in the midst of persecutions which could be re- presented only by great earth- quakes, the sun darkened, the moon turned into blood, the stars falling from heaven, death and hell and famine, the star wormwood, the smoke of the bottomless pit, till men sought death and could not find it, and desired to die, but death fled from them. Then how the visions of the martyrs with crowns, and white robes, singing songs of redemption, "Blessing and glory and wisdom and thanksgiving and honor and power and might be unto our God forever and ever"; and visions of the redeemed earth, the

Cayenne pepper sprinkled freely in cupboards and shelves which mice are known to frequent will be considerably in preventing them from spoiling garments, shoes, leather, papers, etc. Lumps of camphor placed amongst clothes are also more useful as a means of clearing away mice, whilst books especially when these are put away in shelves or boxes, should always be protected from possible depredations by interspersing the layers of books with small camphor bags.

THE BREAD QUESTION.

Farmers Warned to Mend Their Way of Raising Wheat.

Some one asked James J. Hill, President of the Great Northern Railroad, if he thought there was any practical need of conservation of our natural resources and his answer was:

"We are fiddling while Rome burns! Why is there a scarcity of wheat? The Valley of the Euphrates was once the garden of the earth. Why did that sceptre of greatness pass away? When Greece was master of the known world why were laws enacted pronouncing sentence of death on any one shipping grain beyond Crete?"

"Why did Rome build her wonderful roads but to bring food from foreign countries? Why did Spain launch out on a policy of foreign conquest but to bring from abroad the wealth which her own soil could no longer yield? Why did Greece and Rome and Spain fall back from the leadership of the nations just as soon as produce ceased to pour in from abroad?"

"We are growing more wheat than ever before in the history of this country," he says in Outlook, "but the demand is growing faster than the supply. European countries that formerly used scarcely any white bread now use from a pound to a pound and a half of flour per capita a week, and our own population is growing faster than the food supply."

"That is where conservation touches us practically, but we need not worry. Nature is going to take care of things. When wheat does not average so much an acre it is not worth raising. Do you know how long it took England to mend her methods—to raise her averages from twelve and fifteen to twenty-five and thirty and forty bushels an acre? It took her almost fifty years."

"In fifty years what population will we have to feed? And we have not even begun to mend our methods. It is the supremely big question of the day. Our farm averages are not a third of what they ought to be, of what they could be made by simple, rational methods."

Some wives are wise enough, to pretend to believe everything their husbands tell them.

Mr. G. G. Hamar, of Rochester, England, is the possessor of a dog, a cross between an Irish terrier, which has been so trained that by means of sounds it goes to butcher and baker and other tradesmen on errands. Quite recently a note was placed, in his mouth, and the dog trotted off to Rochester Post Office and secured its own license.

Private Richard James Smith, of the Royal Maine Light Infantry, died at Forton barracks, from injuries received while walking in his sleep.

Workmen near Canterbury found a bottle containing what they thought was beer. One of their number died in violent agony after drinking a little.

Beneath the Church of St. Leonard, Hythe, were found a collection of skulls believe to be those of Gentish men who lived in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries.

An epicurean pauper complained to the Shifnal (Shropshire) Guardians, that the workhouse food was bad. The Guardians decided his diet in future would be porridge.

Instructions have been issued by the Postmaster-General of England that pens for the use of the public in post offices shall, in future, be kept in a proper condition for use.

Remarkable stories of the prevalence of witchcraft in Somerset and of strange medical beliefs common in the country were told at a meeting of teachers at Bury, near Dulverton, on Saturday.

Almondsbury Grammar School, Huddersfield, this year celebrates its tercentenary, the school having been founded in 1609 under an order issued by James I.

Thomas Fuller, a young police constable, stationed at Kentish Town, was committed for trial at Marylebone police court recently on five charges of theft and one of assault.

To abnormal growth has been ascribed the death of a Norfolk agricultural laborer's son, John Duck, who, aged 5 years, weighed 4 stone 6 lbs. He had been exhibited before the Medical Association.

A kettle of boiling water which a Liverpool man, named Michael Jones, threw after his wife as she fled from the house scalded two boys who were passing, and Jones was sent to jail for six weeks for assault.

"I want to go to prison, because it will straighten me up, and all I want is work," said Benjamin Wright (41), who at the Surrey Quarter Sessions was sentenced to four months' hard labor for burglary at Egham.

One hundred and seventeen miners living in the Tyneside village of Swallow, and employed at a local colliery, were a fortnight ago committed to prison for seven days, in default of non-payment of fines for having absent themselves from work.

A man named Nolan, a native of Wexford, who had been an inmate of Celbridge Union (Co. Kildare) recently had got a legacy of £20,000. The guardians have applied for the cost of his maintenance and accepted £60.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

"This man is not insane," said the lawyer, "and never has been. To keep him in an asylum is a blow, sir, directed against human rights, an assault upon the sacred institution of liberty, an—"

"But did you not prove last week, when he was on trial for murder, that he had been from birth a raving lunatic?" interposed the court.

The lawyer smiled in a superior way. "Surely," he said, "your honor would not have it believed that this court is on the intellectual plane of that jury."

the Corinthians (1 Cor. 9: 24; 2 Cor. 2: 14-16); and its position as the center of government, where riches could be gained by dishonesty and oppression; and the seat of unrestrained sensual pleasure, and of every kind of licentiousness and excess. Vice and profligacy here held high revels, with a shamelessness consecrated by the rites of their false gods.

II. Paul's Labors Among the Corinthian Jews.—Vs. 2-6. I. His Opportunity. This great city with its worldliness, and absorption in pleasure, its vigorous and varied life, its infinite needs, gave Paul a great opportunity. It is just the kind of place which attracts ministers and missionaries. And yet the difficulties were so immense, the obstacles so insurmountable that it is no wonder that Paul came to them feeling his "weakness, and in fear and in much trembling" (1 Cor. 2: 3), and needed the vision of cheer (v. 9).

His Four Friends. Paul had a strong, social nature, and felt the value of friends. He could say "I am wealthy in my friends," and he obeyed the precept. "Grapple them to thy soul with hooks of steel."

2. He found a certain Jew. Paul always began with the Jews, as the best possible opening for his work. Named Aquila, a tentmaker. A man of some wealth, born in Pontus, but doing business in Rome, till lately he had been driven from Italy by the decree of Claudius Cesar, early in A.D. 52, banishing the Jews, and had carried his business to Corinth. With his wife Priscilla. As Aquila is called a Jew, but Priscilla is not, it has been inferred that she was a Gentile. As she is usually, by Paul, mentioned first in speaking of the husband and wife, it has been inferred that she was of higher social rank, better educated and of more marked ability than her husband. But it is worthy of note that both are always mentioned together. He was the business man who by his ability and success made it possible for his wife Priscilla to devote herself to religious work. It may be for this reason, as the one most directly in touch with the religious work, that she is mentioned first. They were true yoke fellows, and both are mentioned as instructing the eloquent Apollos in the gospel truths.

Paul while in Corinth was the guest of this family (v. 3).

5. In addition to these friends, Silas and Timothy came from Macedonia. They had been left at Berea, when Paul was compelled to leave (Acts 17: 13-15). Timothy had been sent to Thessalonica (1 Thes. 3: 6), and from Philipians 4: 15 we judge that he had visited Philippi also. Paul's friendly heart was cheered by their presence. Timothy also brought him glad tidings of the faith and love of these churches and of their longing to see him, so that he was comforted concerning them in all his distress and affliction through their faith. The Philippians also sent him aid, which, like Joseph's wagons to Jacob, brought proof of the abundant harvest of faith and love in the Philipian church.

The Circumstances in which Paul Worked. 1. He earned his own living by working at his trade. It was Jewish law that every boy be taught some kind of trade for his support.

III. Paul's Work Among the Corinthian Gentiles.—Vs. 7-22. Paul's preaching place was in the

sions of the martyrs with crowns, and white robes, singing songs of redemption, "Blessing and glory and wisdom and thanksgiving and honor and power and might be unto our God forever and ever"; and visions of the redeemed earth, the perfect success of the cause for which they gave their lives, gave courage and hope and assurance. They do the same for us to-day.

ONIONS NEAR NORTH POLE

VENTURESOME EXPLORER WANTS GARDEN.

Proposal to Raise Vegetables on an Ice Island in Frozen North.

Novel plans for wresting the final secrets of the Arctic regions have been made by Evelyn Briggs Baldwin. The venturesome explorer proposes on his next expedition to drift straight across the uncharted Arctic Sea abroad an ice island. Established on this island, with portable houses, ponies, dogs, tons of whale meat and equipment he will not care much what happens to the ship that brought him there. The ship may be crushed; it will not matter.

FARM ON ICE.

During the four years of drifting from Behring Strait to the other side of the world, at the rate of two miles a day, the diet of canned food, sea shrimps, gulls, walrus and bear meat will naturally become monotonous. The members of the expedition will crave and need fresh vegetables. How can they be had in the frozen wastes of the Far North? Mr. Baldwin plans to raise vegetables right on that ice island. He will have a garden patch, with artificial soil and artificial heat, supplementing the rays of the six months sun, and will raise onions and cabbages in close proximity to the North Pole. To farm on ice and plant crops in a section where the thermometer may suddenly drop 90 degrees below zero is a feat that none but a scientific agriculturist would attempt.

DIRIGIBLE BALLOONS.

Mr. Baldwin intends to use captive and dirigible balloons as accessories to scientific observations, while a wireless telegraph outfit will keep him in touch with civilization through an intermediate station in Alaska. The dirigible balloons may furnish a means of escape to the explorers in case their island become untenable. The wireless system will inform the world what discoveries have been made, how the garden is getting along and when the party expects to reach Spitzbergen, while it will keep the explorers from becoming lonesome by providing them with the daily news of civilization. A searchlight for hunting bears during the six months' night, and a deep sea dredge with a bomb which will by explosion hurl marine specimens into a net, are other novel features. A cinematograph will take pictures of scenes and incidents of interest or importance.

You can't foot a bill by kicking about it.

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE
FUTURE.

CHAPTER XI.—(Cont'd)

John Hubbard fully expected to be able to secure bail for himself and to make the most of the respite thus afforded him in feathering a snug nest for himself, in case he should escape conviction; but Mr. Lyttleton had arranged to make the amount of bail so excessive that no one was willing to take the risk and become surety for him; consequently, he was committed to the Tombs to await his trial, while Anna buried herself in obscure lodgings, wisely resolving to be economical with her resources until the fate of her husband should be decided, the trial having been set for about the first of February.

Meantime, Lady Bromley had received an invitation to visit her old friend and schoolmate, Helen Atwood, now Mrs. Ernest Bryant, with whom she had spent those few sad weeks long ago after the news of the loss of the steamer on which her husband had sailed, and was supposed to have been among the lost.

The Bryants were a very happy family, and owned a very lovely home in Brookline, one of the most delightful of Boston's suburbs, Mr. Bryant being a prosperous wool-merchant of that city.

Helen Bryant had often importuned her friend to visit her, but until now it had never seemed convenient for her to do so, although she had long yearned to renew the old-time intimacy. Thus, while her brother and Gerald were absorbed in preparing for the great case of Brewster vs. Brewster, she decided to avail herself of Mrs. Bryant's pressing invitation, and make the long-talked-of visit.

She took Ellen with her, the girl having become quite a handy little waiting-maid and devoted to her kind mistress. She was delighted over the prospect of leaving New York, and uttered a long sigh of relief when the Puritan pushed off from her pier, and she felt that she had thus been cut loose from a menacing danger.

She knew that her aunt had been arrested, and that John Hubbard was also a prisoner, but she had lived in hourly dread of meeting her cousin; and thus New York had become a place of torment to her.

Ever since learning that Lady Bromley's home was in England, she had begged that she would take her there to live with her when she returned, and, as her ladyship had promised to grant her request, it all went well, the girl was beginning to lose something of the anxious, hunted expression which her face had always worn; while, with good fare, neatly fashioned clothing, and the constant companionship of her cultivated mistress, she was fast developing into a hale, well-behaved, and efficient young woman.

The memory of Allison was still

the experience of their school days.

"I made a terrible mistake, however, Helen," the latter observed one day, when they were conversing about her romantic marriage and the exciting events that followed it. "To be sure, all ended well, and my life with my husband was a-very happy one; but I have often trembled in thinking of the temerity of that momentous step! I shall never forget the mental suffering which I endured all that year with the burden of that terrible secret on my mind, and I have often wondered how I managed to get through with my studies and pass my examinations creditably."

"Yes, and it was a rash act," her friend gravely assented, "and I have passed a great many remorseful hours in view of having aided and abetted you and Sir Charles; but I was young and thoughtless, and the romance of being associated with such a genuine love-affair was a temptation which I was unable to resist. I do hope you have forgiven me for my share in that sad experience," she concluded, with a regretful sigh.

"You were forgiven from the first, dear," said Lady Bromley, as she brushed some hot tears from her cheeks. "I am alone to blame for it all, and I do not know what would have become of me at that time if you had not proved yourself so staunch and true. Your kind care probably saved my life during that terrible illness which prostrated me upon learning of the loss of the Catalonia. But, ah! I wish I could secretly tell my experience to every young girl who is away from the shelter of her own home, and warn her of the consequences of such a rash act. If a young man really loves a girl, he will wait for her and seek her in marriage in an open, straightforward manner. If I had only been firm and refused to marry Charlie secretly, he would eventually have sought me in my own home, asked for me in a manly fashion, and I should have been spared all that sad experience which we both regretted all our lives."

"But," continued Mrs. Bryant, "I shall never forget that happy day when Sir Charles walked in upon us so unexpectedly to claim his wife, and turned your sorrow into joy. I thought him the grandest fellow alive, and I am sure he was devoted enough to you ever afterward to make up for having tempted you to err in that one instance."

"Yes, we were happy together, and yet the sting of that early mistake will never be entirely obliterated," said Lady Bromley sadly.

She had barely finished speaking when the door of Mrs. Bryant's boudoir was rudely thrown open, and Ellen Carson rushed into the room in a state of great excitement.

"Lady Bromley! Lady Bromley!

in a tone of kind command; "you are so nervous I cannot comprehend your meaning. Now, try to tell me calmly what you mean by having seen Miss Brewster. Of course, you are mistaken. You may have met some one who resembles her, but it cannot be Allison herself. And who is the person whom you wish me to go and talk with?"

"Oh, it is a man who is rolling her about in a wheel-chair. She is sick, and didn't know me, but I am sure she is my lovely, lovely Miss Allison," Ellen emphatically asserted, still greatly excited and trying to pull Lady Bromley from the room.

"Wait a moment, until I get a wrap," said her ladyship, and now visibly trembling herself. She almost flew to her room, seized a seal wrap from her closet, and threw it over her shoulders, and then went swiftly down-stairs after Ellen, who had again rushed below and out upon the street.

When Lady Bromley emerged from the house she saw an elderly gentleman, with white hair and beard, standing quietly upon the sidewalk, while beside him in a luxuriously cushioned wheel-chair in which, well wrapped in soft, bright robes, there sat a beautiful girl, the sight of whom made the startled woman catch her breath sharply and sent a wild look of mingled joy and horror into her eager eyes.

The girl was indeed Allison's very counterpart.

There were the same delicate, clear-cut, faultless features, the same bright, golden-crowned head, although the hair had been cut and now curled daintily all about her white forehead; there were the same great, beautiful blue eyes, and yet they were not the same, for there was a harrowing blankness in them which told but too plainly that reason had been dethroned, while the lovely face and form were thin almost to emaciation.

The gentleman bowed courteously as Lady Bromley went quickly down the steps to his side, her face alarmingly pale.

"Madam, I trust you have not been needlessly disturbed or excited," he observed, as he noticed her emotion, "but this young girl," glancing at Ellen, who was gazing spell-bound at the figure in the chair, "met us at the corner yonder, when she became almost frantic upon seeing my charge, whom she insisted she knew, calling her 'Miss Allison' and 'Miss Brewster,' and weeping with joy over her discovery. Then she begged me to come here with her to see a lady who, she said, would explain it all to me. She was so violently in earnest I was constrained to comply with her request."

With her eyes wandering continually from the speaker to his charge, Lady Bromley listened almost spell-bound to the above explanation.

"Is—she your daughter?" she gasped, as he concluded.

"No, madam, and a strange hope sprang up in my heart the moment this girl, upon meeting us, fell upon her knees beside the carriage in a perfect ecstasy of recognition and began to address my poor Alice. But, unfortunately, as you perceive, she is not in a condition to recognize any one, since an accident, several months ago, deprived her of her reason."

"An accident! Ah!" breathed her ladyship, her heart leaping in

HOW WEAK GIRLS MAY GROW INTO STRONG WOMEN

The Blood Supply Must be Kept
Rich, Red and Pure—Good
Blood Means Good Health.

Healthy girlhood is the only path to healthy womanhood. The merging of girlhood into womanhood lays a new tax upon the blood. It is the overtaxing of the scanty blood supply that makes growing girls suffer from all those headaches, backaches and sideaches—all that paleness, weakness and weariness—all that languor, despondency and constant ill health.

Unhealthy girlhood is bound to lead to unhealthy womanhood and a life of misery. Nothing but the blood-building qualities of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can save a girl when she undertakes the trials and tasks of womanhood. That is the time when nature makes new demands upon the blood supply. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new, rich blood, which meets those new demands with ease. In this simple scientific way Dr. Williams' Pink Pills fill a girl with overflowing health and strength.

Miss Eva Dennis, Amherst, N. S. says:—"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done me a world of good. I was completely run down, was very pale, easily tired and suffered from frequent severe headaches. Though I tried many medicines I got nothing to do me the least good until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Even the first box of these seemed to help me, and after taking a half dozen boxes I was again a strong, healthy girl. I have not had any illness since, but should I again feel run down Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be my only medicine, and I strongly recommend them to every weak and ailing girl."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BUDDHIST TEMPLE BURNED.

Beggar Built Fire for Warmth in
Temple at Tokio.

Zoji, the famous Buddhist temple, situated in Shiba Park, Tokio, has been completely destroyed by fire, the damage amounting to about 400,000 yen. A beggar was in the habit of sleeping in a hole underneath the floor of the temple, lacking a better home. The night of the fire was cold, and the unfortunate man has confessed that he lit a newspaper and piled some pieces of wood around it for warmth and overcome by sleep, woke to find the place in flames. Only those who know the pride of the Japanese in their temples can conceive the effect of this irreparable loss on the people, not only of the immediate community, but practically throughout Japan. The Zoji temple, next to the great temples at Nikko, was probably the most famous and popular as a show temple in Japan.

You can save yourself worry by permitting other people to attend

good fare, neatly fashioned clothing, and the constant companionship of her cultivated mistress, she was fast developing into a hale, well-behaved, and efficient young woman.

The memory of Allison was still most sacred to her, and she still worshipped her in secret. Several times Gerald had caught her upon her knees before the easel, upon which the picture of his loved one rested, gazing with a look of adoration at the beautiful face, while hot tears of grief rained over her cheeks.

He was so touched by this evidence of her affection he gave her a picture of Allison, and it became to her the choicest treasure in her possession, while from that moment Gerald might have asked any sacrifice from her and she would have spared no effort to serve him.

Lady Bromley had promised to spend several weeks with her friend, her visit being limited only by the fact that she must return to New York in time for the trial, when Ellen would be required as a witness for the plaintiff.

Mrs. Bryant and her ladyship were very happy in renewing their early friendship and in reviewing

ated, said Lady Bromley sadly. She had barely finished speaking when the door of Mrs. Bryant's boudoir was rudely thrown open, and Ellen Carson rushed into the room in a state of great excitement.

"Lady Bromley! Lady Bromley! Oh! come quick!" she cried breathlessly, her face white as chalk, and unable to articulate another word, she sank upon the floor at her mistress' feet and burst into nervous weeping.

CHAPTER XII.

Both Lady Bromley and Mrs. Bryant were greatly startled by Ellen's sudden appearance in such a state of grief and excitement. She was usually very quiet and unobtrusive, moving about her duties with a cheerful alacrity which bespoke her desire to please the woman to whom she owed so much, as well as an increasing affection and sense of gratitude.

"Why, Ellen! what has happened? Why are you so excited?" questioned Lady Bromley, as she bent over the sobbing girl and laid her hand kindly upon her shoulder.

The touch seemed to restore her in a measure, when, springing again to her feet, she seized the woman's hand and tried to raise her from her chair.

"Come, come!" she reiterated almost wildly; "you must come and tell him that I have told the truth."

And by main force she pulled her ladyship toward the door, apparently unmindful of the rudeness of the act or the lack of respect she was thus displaying toward her superior.

"Ellen, stop!" said Lady Bromley authoritatively; "compose yourself, and explain what has caused all this excitement. Has any accident occurred? Do you not see that you have greatly annoyed Mrs. Bryant by bursting in upon us in this turbulent fashion?"

"I know, I know, and I hope you will forgive me, but I couldn't help it," said Ellen, still breathless and panting from excessive emotion; "but I've found her! I've found her!" and sobs that were almost hysterical again choked her utterance.

"You have found whom?" demanded Lady Bromley, astonished, and beginning to fear that the girl had become suddenly deranged.

"Oh! Miss Allison! Miss Brewster! She isn't dead! She wasn't killed! She is out there in the street, and you must come and tell the man that I know what I'm talking about," was the startling and incoherent reply.

Her ladyship had become very pale while listening to this, for of course Ellen's wild words could not fail to send a terrible shock throughout her frame.

She could not credit her startling statement; still, the magnetism of her belief and excitement had its influence upon her, for she knew that something very strange and unusual must have occurred to upset her to such an extent.

She had sent the girl out upon an errand for Mrs. Bryant about half an hour previous, and now it occurred to Lady Bromley that possibly she might have seen some one upon the street who strongly resembled Allison, and so, knowing how she worshipped the memory of her lost benefactress, had been startled into the belief that she had really found her alive.

"Stop, my child!" she said again,

began to address my poor Anne. But unfortunately, as you perceive, she is not in a condition to recognize any one, since an accident, several months ago, deprived her of her reason.

"An accident! Ah!" breathed her ladyship, her heart leaping into her throat. "Oh, sir," she added faintly, while she put out her hand to steady herself by the stone post near which she was standing, "will you kindly tell me about it? For, indeed, it is not strange that my maid should have been startled, as the young lady does resemble to a remarkable degree one who has long been regarded as dead by her friends."

The gentleman lost color at this, and looked excited.

"If," he said, "you will walk a block or two with me, I shall be very glad to tell you all that I know regarding the poor child's history. I do not like to have her sit still here, for, although the day is unusually fine, Alice is still very delicate, and we are exceedingly careful not to let her get chilled."

"Certainly, I will accompany you," Lady Bromley replied. Then, turning to her maid, she added: "Ellen, go to my room and bring me a hat."

And the girl, with a sorrowful but adoring look at the invalid, darted away to do her bidding. She was back again in a few moments, when her mistress, hastily tying the hat upon her head, signified her readiness to move on, while Ellen reluctantly went back into the house.

"You called her Alice," Lady Bromley remarked, but with lips that were so rigid that it was with difficulty that she could articulate. (To be continued.)

VERY SAFE BONDS.

P. Burns & Company, Limited, whose First Mortgage bonds are now being offered for sale in Canada, are large ranchers, packers and distributors of packing house products, with Head Office at Calgary, Alberta. In addition to abattoirs, packing houses and yards at Calgary, Alberta, and Vancouver, B. C., the P. Burns Company controls sixty-two stores in the most important cities and towns of Alberta and British Columbia.

This business, founded in 1890, has shared in the wonderful development of Western Canada, and has established itself on a strong financial basis, earning net in 1903 \$317,860, or five times the amount required to pay the interest on its First Mortgage bonds.

According to appraisals made by responsible parties the real estate owned by the Company, which has a ready market value, is worth considerably more than the amount of the present bond issue.

The bonds are further strengthened by the fact that the surplus assets after deducting all liabilities almost equal in amount the present outstanding issue.

During the present year many issues of the obligations of important packing houses have attested their growing popularity as investments in Canada and United States. From the standpoint of security the Burns issue is undoubted while the return to the investor (6 per cent.) is attractive.

A man will confess to one bad habit for the purpose of hiding a dozen others.

temple, next to the great temples at Nikko, was probably the most famous and popular as a show temple in Japan.

You can save yourself worry, by permitting other people to attend to their own private affairs.

NO SUBSTITUTE FOR "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster, recommended by everybody for stiffness, sprains, etc. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

THE SECRET OF HAPPINESS.

The secret of martial happiness is not always in letting a woman have her own way, but in letting her know that you know that she's getting it.

If your children moan and are restless during sleep, coupled, when awake, with a loss of appetite, pale countenance, picking of the nose, etc., you may depend upon it that the primary cause of the trouble is worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator effectually removes these pests, at once relieving the little sufferers.

FINAL GAME.

"England invests in two warships for every one that her neighbors buy."

"That's the way my wife likes to invest in new gowns."

It is an undisputed fact that one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads has actually killed a bushel of house flies. Fortunately no such quantity can ever be found in a well kept house, but whether they be few or many Wilson's Fly Pads will kill them all.

THE EXTREME CASE.

"He's an obstinate man, isn't he?"

"Yes; he even goes to the extent of answering dogmatic questions categorically."

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The most delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

BRITISH NAVY SUPREMACY.

British naval supremacy is said to date from the time of Alfred the Great, who claimed and enforced for English ships of war the right to be saluted first. Through the following centuries this claim was continuously disputed and objected to until 1673, when the Dutch agreed to strike their colors to the English in British waters. Though the same honor had long been exacted from French vessels, France formally agreed to the same recognition in 1704.

JAPAN'S TELEGRAMS.

At the beginning of the present year Japan had 3,308 telegraph offices and the lines were 5,387 miles long, with a total length of wire 92,227 miles. Nearly 8,000,000 telegrams were handled during the year.



Libby's Cooked Corned Beef

There's a marked distinction between Libby's Cooked Corned Beef and even the best that's sold in bulk.

Evenly and mildly cured and scientifically cooked in Libby's Great White Kitchen, all the natural flavor of the fresh, prime beef is retained. It is pure wholesome, delicious and ready to serve at meal time, Saves work and worry in summer.

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- Vienna Sausage
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Write for free Booklet,—"How to make Good Things to Eat".



Insist on Libby's at your grocers.
Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

REAL ENGLISH ROMANCE.

Lee "The Man They Couldn't Hang," Weds Nurse.

A romance that interested nearly all of England culminated recently in a marriage in Devonshire.

The interest was not aroused by the fact that John Lee was married to the head nurse of the infirmary in Newton Abbott village. There was nothing about the ceremony or the preceding courtship to attract attention. It was all centred about the bridegroom and his remarkable career.

Lee, it seems, has the name in England of "the man they couldn't hang." Just 23 years ago he was convicted of the murder of the woman by whom he was employed as butler at Babbacombe, and a sentence of death was passed upon him.

Evidently Providence has a special fate reserved for Mr. Lee, because he escaped unharmed, although several attempts were made to hang him at the Exeter jail.

The gallows in each instance refused to act, and three times when the condemned man had taken his stand upon the drop it failed to fall. The remarkable part of it all was that previous to the actual tests the mechanism always worked perfectly.

The news of the inability to execute John Lee spread throughout the country, creating a great sensation, and making famous the Babbacombe murder. So great an impression was made that Lee's sentence was commuted to penal servitude, and he was released a year ago, after doing 22 years of his time.

When hearts are trumps a girl expects a young man to play a diamond.

There is Only One Eclectric Oil. When an article, be it medicine or anything else, becomes popular, imitations invariably spring up to derive advantages from the original, which they themselves could never win on their merits. Imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil have been numerous, but never successful. Those who know the genuine are not put off with a substitute, but demand the real thing.

Bank Clerk: "You will have to be identified, ma'am." Lady Customer: "My friend here will identify me." Bank Clerk: "But I don't know her." Lady Customer: "Oh, well, I'll introduce you."

Practically all Canadian druggists, grocers and general dealers sell Wilson's Fly Pads. If your storekeeper does not, ask him why.

"Did you ever notice chickens and geese wrestling in sport like the higher animals?" "No; and it is just as well, for it would be sure to result in fowl play."

A Domestic Eye Remedy.

Marine Affords Reliable Relief to Eyes that Need Care. Try Marine Eye Remedy in Your Eyes. It Soothes Eye Pain.

An Irish recruit was once brought up for breaking into barracks—that is, getting over the wall instead of entering by the gate. "But Murphy," said the officer, "though you were late, you should have come in by the gate." "Please, yer honor," said Murphy,

Bull Dog Brand



Pete for a Prize. Five Dollar Gold Piece for whole complete Dog. Beautiful Metalized Rose Hat Pin for Half Dog. Manufactured by J. B. FAINE CO., Ltd., Toronto.

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TIGHT COLLARS DANGEROUS.

They May Help to Cause Prostration in Hot Weather.

One of the most common causes of hot weather discomfort, and danger too for that matter, is the tight neckband. Passing up and down the sides of the neck are two very important arteries, the carotids, and two large veins, the jugular veins. The carotid arteries carry blood up to the head, while the jugular veins convey it back to the heart.

As else where in the body the arteries are situated under the muscles and so are partly protected from pressure, says a writer in Outing. The jugular veins, however, are quite near the surface, and a slight degree of pressure upon them is enough to impede the flow of blood away from the head.

This retention of blood in the head is a frequent cause of that headache peculiar to hot weather where the headache is accompanied by flushing face and feeling of fullness, often with buzzing in the ears. This condition is always present in heat prostration.

Now the tight neckband and the tight collar make pressure just over the jugular veins, and so by preventing free escape of blood from the head often produce heat headaches and other discomforts as well as add to the risk of heat prostration. The neckband of the summer shirt then should be loose and the collar low and easy fitting.

Occasionally a man gets the best of it while looking for the worst.

Nothing looks more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure.

NO ROMANCE ABOUT IT.

The stricken man constantly moaned the name of the young woman who had jilted him.

"Tell her," he said to the medical man, "that her cruelty has killed me. Tell her I am dying from a broken heart."

The medical man shook his head. "Aw, go on," he said. "That would be shamelessly unprofessional. Your heart's all right. It's your liver that's the trouble."

SHOULD TAKE HIS MEDICINE.

"A feller shouldn't stand in the middle of the street to talk pessimism," declared the Plunkville philosopher.

"Why not?" "Fust he says life ain't worth living, and then jumps when he hears an automobile honk."

LAKE HURON AND LAKE SUPERIOR.

A magnificent summer trip is enjoyed by taking this "fresh water sea voyage" from Sarnia, Ontario, to Fort William, Ontario, through these great inland seas. This year new steamers have been added to the Northern Navigation Co.'s fleet, and the finest and fastest vessels on the Great Lakes will fly the house flag of this popular Company. The steamers run in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway System, and all particulars, rates and descriptive literature, etc., can be had for the asking by applying to Mr. J. D. McDonald.

A FINANCIER.

The negro, although proverbially improvident, sometimes has his weather-eye open.

A man gave a dime to a young "darker" who had done him some trifling service. The darker handed it back. "Now, Marse Billy," he said, "you knows I doan' want no pay for what I does for you. Des gimme dat ole suit o' clo'es youse got on."



SUMMER SORES

When troubled with sunburn, blisters, insect stings, sore feet, or heat rashes, apply Zam-Buk!

Surprising how quickly it eases the smarting and stinging! Cures sores on young babies due to chafing.

Zam-Buk is made from pure herbal essences. No animal fats—no mineral poisons. Finest healer!

Druggists and Stores everywhere.



Treatment for all

HORSES

or Live Stock Fully explained in our little booklet. Mail free on request. Address The Veterinary Remedy Co., LIMITED.

Desk A, 75 Adelaide St. East, TORONTO, CAN.

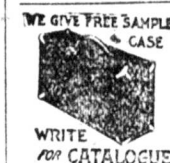
AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Local and General Agents—Liberal contracts to good men; apply by letter, Continental Life Insurance Company, Toronto. Correspondence confidential.

WANTED—Local, energetic, hustling agent to handle "STAR" Incandescent Mantle Lamps. Generates gas from coal oil. Saves two-thirds oil. Light excelled only by sunlight. Order as smokeless. Star Manufacturing Co., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

\$85 to \$90 Top Buggies for \$82 to \$70. Equally big savings in Harness, Groceries, Tinware, and so forth. All kinds of household goods and farm supplies furnished cheaper than home prices. Catalogues free. The Clement Brown Trading Co., Toronto.



AGENTS

Make \$3 a Day and establish permanent business on our capital. Our high class goods sell on sight in every house. are quickly used up and renewed orders come fast. Exclusive territory given.

THE HOME SUPPLY CO., Dept. 50, Toronto, Ont.

GARDEN PARTY

Write for terms, etc. "Phones: Long Distance Main 1804, College 4712.

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An Irish recruit was once brought up for breaking into barracks—that is, getting over the wall instead of entering by the gate. "But Murphy," said the officer, "though you were later; you should have come in by the gate." "Praise, yer honor," said Murphy, "I was afraid of waking the sentry."

The Bowels Must Act Healthily.
—In most ailments the first care of the medical man is to see that the bowels are open and fully performing their functions. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so compounded that certain ingredients in them act on the bowels solely and they are the very best medicine available to produce healthy action of the bowels. Indeed, there is no other specific so serviceable in keeping the digestive organs in healthful action.

QUITTERS.

One reason why there are so many failures in the world is because there are so many men who are punctual only at quitting time.

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the Summer months the house fly peril would soon be a thing of the past.

The wise man keeps his temper even when he is getting the worst of it.

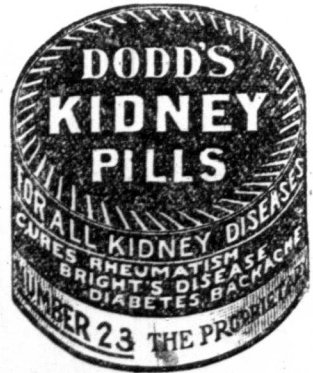
IN HOT COUNTRIES Painkiller finds many uses. Colic, cramps, diarrhoea and all such troubles readily give way to its use. Dose, one teaspoonful, in hot water. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

OUR WONDERFUL LANGUAGE.

"A premeditated, concocted, fabricated, false, malicious, unclear untruth," was a witness' description of a statement made in court recently.

Regarded as one of the most potent compounds ever introduced with which to combat all summer complaints and inflammation of the bowels, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial has won for itself a reputation that no other cordial for the purpose can aspire to. For young and old suffering from these complaints it is the best medicine that can be procured.

Wife: "Billy, dear, I stitched up the hole in your trousers' pocket last night after you had gone to bed. Now, am I not a thoughtful little wife?" Husband: "H'm; how did you know there was a hole in my pocket?"



Holloway's Corn Cure.

W. E. JONES, Richmond, Que.

The Dominion Securities Corporation, Limited, Offer

P. BURNS & COMPANY, Limited

Ranchers, Meat Packers and Distributors of Packing House Products.

HEAD OFFICE: CALGARY, ALBERTA

6%

First Mortgage Fifteen Year Sinking Fund Bonds

Dated 1st April, 1909. Due 1st April, 1924. Principal and interest payable at The Imperial Bank of Canada, Montreal and Toronto, and at Lloyds Bank, London, England.

INTEREST PAYABLE 1st APRIL AND OCTOBER.

Redeemable as a whole at 105 and interest on any interest date on and after the 1st April, 1914, on sixty days' notice, or annually for sinking fund drawings, beginning October 1st, 1910.

Denominations, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000.

BONDS MAY BE REGISTERED.

Trustee: THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited.

Price 100 and interest yielding 6 per cent.

ASSETS

Real Estate and Buildings owned by the Company	\$1,386,708.75
Packing House and Plants at Calgary, Vancouver, Strathcona and Wetaskiwin	511,786.34
Branch Plants and General Equipment and other capital assets	209,761.77
	<hr/>
	\$2,099,256.86
Current Assets (after deducting all liabilities)	932,872.22
	<hr/>
	\$3,032,129.08

BOND ISSUE

1st Mortgage 6 per cent. issue of 1909 (closed mortgage)	1,000,000.00
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EARNINGS

Net Earnings for year ending September 30th, 1908	317,860.72
Annual Bond Interest Charge	60,000.00

On our behalf audit of books has been made by Price, Waterhouse & Co., Chartered Accountants. Appraisal of plant by the American Appraisal Co. Valuation of real estate by Mr. Wm. Toole, of Toole, Peet & Co., Calgary. Reports and certificates can be seen at our various offices.

THE DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION, Limited

HEAD OFFICE: 26 King Street East, TORONTO.

Canada Life Building,
MONTREAL.

Canada Life Building,
WINNIPEG.

67 Cornhill,
LONDON, E.C., ENG.

NAME
ADDRESS
DATE
No. of Dots

OMEGA WATCHES FREE COUNT THE DOTS AND GET A PRIZE

Have you a good eye? And a little patience?
The combination may win you a valuable watch. Try it anyway. We offer, absolutely FREE, for a correct answer as to the number of dots appearing within the watch outline of this ad, the following valuable prizes:

- 1st PRIZE—"OMEGA," 17-Jeweled works, fitted into best "SOVEREIGN" Gold Filled Case—First-class in every respect. CASH VALUE \$17.60
- 2nd PRIZE—"OMEGA," 15-Jeweled works, fitted into best "BANNER" Gold Filled Case—First-class in every respect. CASH VALUE \$11.75
- 3rd PRIZE—"OMEGA," 15-Jeweled works, fitted into best "REGAL" Sterling Silver Case—First-class in every respect. CASH VALUE \$9.75

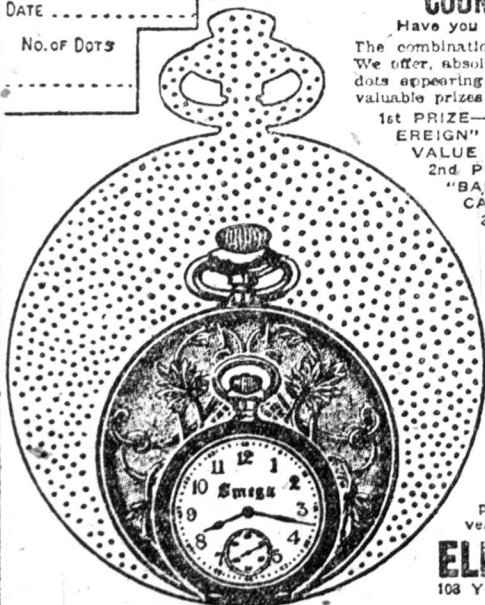
We give the winner a choice as to whether the prize shall take the form of a Lady's or Gentleman's Watch.

4th PRIZE—A Consolation Prize, will be given to everyone guessing within twenty of the correct number of dots. These prizes, while not, of course, so valuable as the 1st, 2nd and 3rd, will be sufficiently valuable to more than repay you the trouble of counting the dots.

Replies must reach us on or before August 10th. The results will be announced in this paper on or about September 1st.

Count the dots to-day. (Only one answer from one person.) Fill in your answer, writing name and address very plain, on the coupon on a piece of paper, and send it to

ELLIS BROS., Diamonds, Watch and Jewelry Importers
103 YONGE STREET TORONTO, CANADA





\$3.00 EMPRESS AND DOROTHY DODD OXFORDS

Reduced to \$2.25
for our Big July Sale

The lot comprises Shoes made of Patent Kid, Patent Colt and Vici Kid. All new 1909 styles.

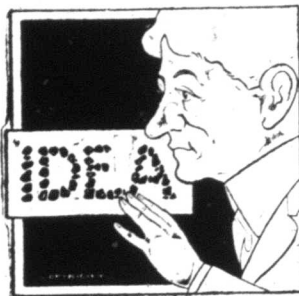
Ladies' \$2.00 Vici Kid Oxfords, with neat extension sole and Patent Tip, all sizes in the lot July Sale Price.... **\$1.50**

Gents' High Grade Oxfords in all leathers..... **\$3.75**
\$5.00 for.....

Children's Kid Slippers, regular \$1.00 and 1.25 **68c.**
Sale price

Ladies' \$3.00 and \$3.50 Wine Oxfords in several styles.... **\$2.25**
Sale Price.....

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
HOUSES,
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.



THE IDEA OF COAL

being a better purchase at this season than later is a good one. This is the time when

Coal is at its Cheapest

and as coal doesn't spoil during hot weather there is no reason why you shouldn't lay in your next winter's supply now. The saving you can make by buying now is not to be sneezed at. Do we get your order?

\$6.75 per Ton, Cash.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-tf

CHAS. STEVENS.

CAMBRIDGE'S



HELD HIGH

in the estimation of the manly, is every budding blossom of society. There isn't a debutante but what has bright

4

Cardinal Features in ORDERED CLOTHING on which we are building a permanent and increasing trade are—

**Good Clothes,
Good Trimmings,
Cut to Fit,
after Latest New York Models.
Well Made,
retain their shape until worn out.**

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

Wednesday Half Holiday.

The following merchants, representing the different branches of business, agree to close their respective stores every Wednesday afternoon during the month of July and the first three Wednesdays in August, said stores to close at 12:30 p. m. and to remain closed until the following morning: The Robinson Co., Graham & Vanalstyne, F. Chinneck, Madill Bros., S. G. Hawley, F. W. Smith & Bro., J. O'Brien, John P. Ellison, Meagher Bros., J. J. Haines, Jas. Walters, A. Lazier, Doxsee & Co., Miss Allingham, D. J. Hogan & Son, Chas. Fisher, J. L. Boyes, A. Duncan, Wilson & Bro., Miss Bruton.

A little girl died at Hamilton from lock-jaw resulting from a wound caused by a rusty nail.

Work is progressing on the Gibbard Co.'s new sh. wrooms. The brick layers are putting up the walls.

When overheated take a glass of iced "Salada" Tea. It will prove most refreshing. As delightful as a dip in the sea.

Canadian delegates to the International Nurses' Conference laid a wreath on the tomb of Queen Victoria at Frogmore on Saturday.

Brantford and English pure Manila binder twine, the cheapest and best. Call and inspect before buying. At C. A. WISEMAN'S, John St., Napanee.

An explosion occurred on the gasoline yacht Caprice at Kingston, and two men working on it were injured.

Paris Green.

Blundell Spence & Co's. pure English Paris Green. Absolutely the best. Every can guaranteed.

M. S. Madole.

We Lead, Others Follow.

Following are the prices which prevail at the Ea* End Barber Shop. Hair cut, 15c, Mass e, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trimmed, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class.
J. N. OSBORNE,
Prop.

Coal, \$6.75

J. R. Dafee wishes to notify his customers, and the public generally, that he will sell his choice anthracite coal for \$6.75 per ton, cash, for the present, and until further notice.

26-tf

Kingston, 1000 Island Park and Alexandria Bay, Wednesday, August 4, 1909.

Round trip from Napanee, \$1.00. Napanee to Kingston 75c. Round trip from Ernesttown, 80c, Ernesttown to Kingston, 55c. Under the auspices of Trinity Methodist Church.

Golf.

The following is the result of the golf play on Wednesday, July 21st:

	Gross	Hd'k	Net
Daly.....	49	14	35
Smith.....	48	9	40
Travers.....	(8)	19	41
Warner.....	58	15	43
Leonard.....	(8)	15	45
Gale.....	70	25	45
German.....	62	16	46
Robinson.....	66	15	51

Mr. Daly wins the best net and Mr. Smith the best gross prizes.

One Thousand Positions.

As a chain is no stronger than its weakest link, every link in Canada's Greatest Chain of High-grade Business Schools has been kept in the highest state of proficiency known to business science. While over one thousand students were enrolled last year, the demand for graduates was three times the supply. The Peterboro Business College, which reopens August 30th, invites the most critical inspection from prospective students. Owing to the prestige of this chain, every graduate of neat appearance and good character is guaranteed a good situation. The new advertisement of this college appears on page eight.

32-b

NOTICE.

THE KING EDWARD BARBER SHOP.

Will after July 20th go under new Schedule of prices as we are still out of combine, and as this shop is noted as one of the finest and most up-to-date antiseptic shops in Canada and the largest and best in Napanee having the very latest King Edward chairs, compressed air Electric Massage Machine and a shop surrounded by Mirrors, making a person feel right at home at all times. Also a Ladies Private Shampooing, Face Massage and Shoe Shining Parlor in connection. Special attention paid to children's hair cutting, and all work guaranteed first-class. Parties having any barber work done in the King Edward have shoes shined, free of charge, at all times.

KING EDWARD PRICE CARD.

Shampooing, 15c, Massage 15c, neck shaved free, shaving tickets, 3 for 25c, hair cutting 15c, hair singeing 10c, hair tonics 10c, head Massage 15c, razor honed 15c, beard trimmed 10c. Baths 25c, or 5 for \$1.00, and shoes shined without bather work 5c. Try the King Edward Barber Shop and prices. Convince yourself of the best.

At Wallace's Drug Store—Dodd's Kidney pills, 35c; Genuine Williams' pink pills, 30c; 2 bottles Carter's pills, 25c; 2 bottles Dr. Thomas' Electric oil, 25c; Sparks' Ointment (twice as large as Zan-Buk) 25c; Vitrol, 35c; Wampole's tasteless Cod Liver oil, \$1.00; Dr. King's 50c good sealer rings, quarts or pints 5c dozen; Chase's pill now 20c 60c pills 40c Hot Water



HELD HIGH

in the estimation of he who's manly, is every budding blossom of society. There isn't a debutante but what has bright words of praise for

Choice Confections

sold here. All tell you the grade is "held high," while cost is kept low. Take ma a box. She'll enjoy it.

Orders for ice cream in bulk or bricks given prompt attention

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Baker and Confectioner.

'Phone 96. Napanee.

D. McCLEW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
Books Audited, Accounts Collected
MONEY TO LOAN.

LIFE INSURANCE
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY, of New York.

Assets \$540,000,000.

ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS
FIDELITY AND CASUALTY
COMPANY, of New York.
Insures against ANY accident or ANY illness

Agency for the Best Fire Companies,
including:

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
INSURANCE CO
Cash Assets \$3,000,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES - and other
live stock against loss by death from
accident, disease, fire and lightning;
also disablement allowances.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

FIDELITY BONDING - Employers
Liability, Boiler and Fly Wheel, Burglary,
Plate Glass, Marine Insurance, etc.

CALL OR WRITE.
OFFICE, Grange Block, John Street,
Napanee, P.Q. Box 136.

Wagons for Children.

Iron Pumps,

Nails and Builders' Supplies.

Eave Troughing.

M. S. MADOLE,

'Phone. 13.

Another

SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTION

in the price of

Lighting Gas

In future all Gas will be **\$1.50 Gross.** A discount of 2 cents on every 100 Cubic Feet used will be given PROVIDED Gas Bill is paid on or before the 12th of the month in which bill is rendered. NO discount will be allowed on arrears.

We are prepared to furnish a light giving 60 CANDLE power that will not burn more than 3 cubic feet of gas per hour, approximate cost 1/2c. an hour. ALSO an inside Gas Arc Light, giving 600 CANDLE power, that will not burn more than 12 cubic feet of Gas per hour, approximate cost 2c. per hour. AND an outside Gas Arc Light, protected from wind and weather, giving 1000 CANDLE power, that will not burn more than 15 cubic feet of Gas per hour, approximate cost 2 1/2c. per hour.

The Napanee Gas Co.

354

Are you getting satisfaction with your heating plant. Do you require your furnace looked at. See
BOYLE & SON.

Canadian delegates to the International Nagra's Conference laid a wreath on the tomb of Queen Victoria at Frogmore on Saturday.

Brantford and English pure Manila binder twine, the cheapest and best. Call and inspect before buying. At C. A. WISEMAN'S, John St., Napanee.

An explosion occurred on the gasoline yacht Caprice at Kingston, and two men working on it narrowly escaped with their lives.

William Smith, the man who made harness-stealing a business, was sentenced at Guelph to three years in Kingston penitentiary.

Single fare, Napanee to Deseronto, going July 31st, a.m., returning Aug. 2nd, connecting with Str. Brockville for 1000 Island Park. Leaves Deseronto at 9:25 a.m., Sunday at Park. Come, round trip on boat \$1.00.

Walking and gang ploughs, sulky and disc ploughs, snow ploughs, farm wagons, sleighs, dump carts, manure spreaders and loaders, hand rollers, drags, disc harrows, turnip drills and scufflers, wheel barrows, all kinds pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic ensilage cutters, drag and wheel scrapers, side scrapers, road planers, cement mixers, stone boats all steel, beet pullers and contractors' supplies for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto. In town every day.

The little village of Shannonville, where Tommy Smart shot and killed his uncle, James Sero, a year ago, was the scene of another shooting affray on Sunday night, when Mrs. William Ryan, wife of a hotelkeeper there, shot Mrs. Lizzie Dean, a half-breed, in the left hand. Jealousy is attributed as the cause. It appears Mrs. Ryan, suspecting her husband was at the residence of the Dean woman, and not finding him there, was in the act of leaving the yard, when she was pounced upon by Dean and his wife and given a severe beating. In the scuffle Mrs. Ryan pulled a revolver, shooting Mrs. Dean through the hand. Monday Mrs. Dean appeared before Justice of the Peace Mayor of Shannonville, and was committed for trial on the charge of feloniously wounding with a weapon. Later bail of a substantial nature was granted, as she will have a trial before a jury on December 11.

Holiday Requisites.

(air pillows, sponge bags, brush and cough cases &c.)

THE MEDICAL HALL,

FRED L. HOOPER.

I am continually amazed as I go through Canada at what a population equivalent to that of Greater London has achieved in a continent the size of Europe. The Canadian Pacific railway, which was only finished a little more than twenty-five years ago, was made out of a contribution of public money amounting to one hundred million dollars. Who is there that can say that that money put into ten Dreadnoughts would have been of equal value to imperial defence? There are two more transcontinental railways under construction, and my hope is that we may see Canada advance in population, in strength, in prosperity and in spirit. But whether with a small population or a great one I have seen enough of the courage and the spirit which animates the people of the dominion from one end of Canada to the other to be convinced that the prime minister, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was more than justified in stating that if it was necessary to maintain the Canadian supremacy of the crown, Canada was prepared to spend her last dollar and to give her last man. Earl Grey at Dominion Day Dinner in London.

CASTORIA.

Bears the
Signature
of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Chas. H. Fletcher

At Wallace's Drug Store—Dodd's Kidney pills, 35c; Genuine Williams' pink pills, 30c; 2 bottles Carter's pills, 25c; 2 bottles Dr. Thomas' Electric oil, 25c; Sparks' Ointment (twice as large as Zam-Buk) 25c; Vitrol, 35c; Wampole's tasteless Cod Liver oil, \$1.00; Dr. King's 50c good sealer rings, quarts or pints 5c dozen; Chase's pill now 20c, Gin pills 40c, Hot Water Bottles advertised as worth \$1.50, for 75c. Everything fresh and good at Wallace's.

78,100.00.

Is the amount of Insurance wrote by agents of the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company in June and passed upon by the Board of Directors at their monthly meeting on July 3rd, 1900, despite the falsifying of an unscrupulous agent running up and down the side lines in his vain efforts to belittle the Lennox and Addington. Our Company is offering the best protection to its Policy Holders of any company doing business in these counties. Eleven hundred farmers, and they among the best in the land banded together for the mutual protection of each other—paying no bonuses or dividends to stock holders, but operated at actual cost. Study the government reports and you will find that the Lennox and Addington is at the top. These records are on file at our head office, Napanee, and can be examined by any. "Far off oxen have large horns." Why send your money away to swell the purses of the already rich of the cities to the detriment of our own County Town and surrounding country. Study the standing of the city companies, some have recently failed, others are tottering.

L. & A. POLICY HOLDER.

The latest and best in Ladies Hand Bags.

(made by The Julian Sale Leather Goods Co.)

The Medical Hall,

FRED L. HOOPER.

Cleaning Out Balance

—OF—

FIRE SALE CLOTHING

We have re-priced the Balance of these Suits at prices that will take them out quick. This is a great opportunity for the man who wants a Good Serviceable Suit for less than \$5.00.

- 15 SUITS -

20th Century Make.

These are specially intended for young men, made up in the latest style, all hand-tailored Imported Clothes, made as only 20th Century Manufacturers know how to make them. Made to retail at \$18.00 to \$20.00.

To Clear Quick at
\$12.50.

Graham & Vanalstyne.

Napanee, Ont.

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CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION

TORONTO

August 28th - 1909 - September 13th

Greatest Live Stock Exhibit on the Continent. Forty industries in active operation.

ADMIRAL LORD CHARLES BERESFORD

will officiate at opening ceremonies on Tuesday, August 31st.

MILITARY YEAR AT THE FAIR

Model Camp—Victoria Cross and Wrestling on Horseback Competitions between teams from Dragons and Artillery—Artillery Drive—Musical Ride, etc.

Dreadnoughts
in
Naval Battle

GREAT DOUBLE BILL OF FIREWORKS

**THE SIEGE OF KANDAHAR
BATTLE OF THE NORTH SEA**

1000 Men
in
Uniform

WATCH FOR REDUCED RATES AND EXCURSIONS.

For all information write Manager J. O. ORR, City Hall, Toronto.

LOW PRICED SUMMER SUITING

An Established Reputation for

COMFORT, STYLE and WEAR.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

The New Carnation Talcum.

Have you tried it? It's the most popular talcum sold yet. 25c a tin. See window display at Wallace's drug store.

The Best of the Season.

The Sabbath Schools of Roblin and Selby will run their annual excursion per Str. Brockville, from Napanee to Massassaga Park, Belleville and Trenton, on Wednesday, August 11th. Popular price 25c. Come with us and enjoy the last outing of the season.

W. M. Church.

The regular quarterly services on Sunday, Love Feast at 10.15 followed by the Sacrament. At the evening service Miss Thomson, of Georgetown, will sing a solo. She will take part in Sunday School services. Rev. Einsley will preach at the evening service.

C. M. B. A. Excursion.

The ninth annual excursion of the Napanee branch of the C.M.B.A., will be held on Tuesday, August 3rd. The Str. Aletha will carry the excursion, leaving Napanee at 8 a. m., to Massassaga Park. A programme of sports has been prepared, which added to the many attractions at Massassaga, will ensure a good day's outing. Take your baskets and enjoy going on the water for this day.

Canadian Exhibition at Toronto.

Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has accepted an invitation to visit Canada to open the Canadian National Exposition at Toronto, is known to fame as the great leader in the national defence movement now agitating the whole empire. Lord Charles, who is the second son of the Marquis of Waterford, first became known to fame at the bombardment of Alexandria when he sailed the little Condor into water too shallow for the big battleships and silenced a battery that was doing great damage to the British fleets. "Well done, Condor" was the signal that floated from the flag-ship after the battle, and the young Lord was known as "Condor Charlie," till more dignified titles crowded the name into comparative obscurity. Admiral Beresford can do other things besides fight. He has three medals for life-saving, has written a life of Nelson and several treatises on naval matters, is an all-round sporting man and is known all over Britain as a warm-hearted Irishman.

What is Osteopathy?

It is a system of treatment of disease that has met with remarkable success in the last fifteen years throughout the

PERSONALS

Miss Eliza Soby is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Robinson, London, are visiting Mrs. John Soby, Sr.

Miss Ethel Asselstine, New York, is visiting her father, Mr. W. W. Asselstine, Moscow.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Coates, Kingston, were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Blanchard over Sunday.

Mr. R. A. Crockery has resigned his position in the Collegiate staff and has accepted a position in Lindsay.

Messrs. Robt. Meek and F. A. Kilpatrick, Kingston, were in Napanee on Monday evening installing the officers of Mt. Ararat Encampment.

Miss Ethel McCutcheon, Roblin, is spending a week in town the guest of Mrs. A. J. Empey, Mill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Pringle left on Thursday to visit their son in Chicago for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Vanalstyn, of King, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Vanalstyn.

Miss Nellie Richards, Toronto, is spending a couple of weeks with her mother, Mrs. Geo. Richards, Piety Hill.

Mrs. James Graham, John St., is spending this week in Belleville visiting friends.

Mrs. E. N. Jory, Kingston, was visiting friends at Bath last week.

Misses Nora Waller and Lulu Hill are spending a couple of weeks with Miss Waller's aunt, Mrs. F. M. Holland Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Reedman, Toronto, spent a few days this week guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Blewitt.

Miss Helen Vanluven is spending a couple of weeks with Miss Helen Wartman, Colebrook.

Miss Cooper and Miss Marguerite Abell, Toronto, were visiting friends in Napanee this week.

Mrs. Alex. Willis has returned from spending the past few months at Dunville.

Misses Alice Pruyn and Ethel Scott are holidaying at "Bon Echo," Massassaga Lake.

Mrs. Saunders, Kingston, spent last week the guest of her sister, Mrs. G. D. Hawley.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ferguson spent a few days last week in Watertown.

Mr. J. F. Tilly, Toronto, spent a couple of days in town this week.

Miss Onis Cameron, who has been the guest of Mrs. Dr. Stratton, has returned to her home in Leavenworth, Kansas.

Miss Addie M. Scott returned to Dr. Noyer's Hospital, Toronto, on Wednesday after spending three weeks holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Scott, Newburgh Road.

Mrs. Herb Daly is spending a few days with Mrs. F. F. Miller at Bogart's.

Mrs. R. J. Dickenson and master Grant Dickenson are spending a couple of weeks with friends in Picton.

Mr. Chas. Gleeson, Toronto, spent a few days this week in Napanee.

Mr. Harry Grooms, Toronto Post Office staff, spent a few days last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms.

Miss Luella Scoales, Kingston, is the guest of Miss Myrtle Stevens.

Misses Schoales and Stevens are spending a few days with friends in Adolphstown.

Mrs. Geo. Gibbard is spending the week end at Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. Myers, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Rutlan.

Mr. T. C. Smith has resigned his position on the Collegiate Staff to accept the principalship of Harriston High School.

Mrs. Ed. Boyle is spending two weeks with friends in Toronto.

Mr. E. J. Roy is building a new 30 ft. gasoline launch.

Mr. W. W. Asselstine, Moscow, left this week for a trip through the west.

Dr. Bert Horton, practising up west of Toronto, is stricken with Typhoid fever, and his mother, Mrs. (Rev.) Horton, Methodist parsonage, Roblin, has gone to attend at his bedside.

Mr. Frank Allison has purchased a gasoline skiff from Mr. Mike Normile, Deseronto.

The Misses Bedell, Toronto, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Steacy returned to Troy, Pa., last Saturday.

Mr. Jehiel Aylsworth, who has been sick for a long time was taken to Kingston Hospital last Monday.

Mr. Fred Bryers, of Toronto, spent a few days in Napanee this week at his father's home.

Prof. and Mrs. A. E. Lang, Toronto, who are on a trip to California, arrived in Salt Lake on July 20th, and are having a pleasant trip.

Mrs. Dr. Ward and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Harold Ward New York, are summering at Dr. Ward's camp, Picton Reach.

Mr. W. J. Robinson leaves to-day for the West, where he will open a business for himself.

Mrs. Arthur Plumley and son, Regina, are visiting Mrs. Jas. Cummings, Ernestown Station.

Miss Sadie Wheeler is visiting friends in Deseronto.

Mrs. R. Wheeler and daughter and son, Clarence, returned home on Monday after spending a week with her sister, Mrs. C. Delore, Tweed.

Mrs. P. J. Normile is spending a few weeks with her father, Mr. R. Broughen, Erinsville.

Mrs. Burritt and Miss Edith Burritt, and Miss Mae Nicol, of Toronto, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Wartman, Napanee, this week.

Mr. Norris Brisco, wife and baby of New York, Mrs. Bartlett and daughter, Napanee, Mr. and Mrs. James Young, Napanee, called on Mrs. F. F. Miller, at their cottage at Bogart's on the bay.

Miss Jessie Graham, Kingston, is visiting at her brother's, Mr. Jas. Graham, Mill st.

Mr. R. G. Wright and Miss Lulu Wright left on Monday for a trip as far west as Brandon, Man.

Miss Lena Herrington is visiting Miss Mary Vrooman at Port Carling.

Mr. H. M. Deroche, K. C., and Mr. W. P. Deroche are holidaying at Sharbot Lake.

DEATHS.

BUTCHER—At Kingston Hospital, on Friday, July 23rd, 1909, Jane Butcher, beloved wife of Mr. Thos. Butcher, Napanee, aged 53 years.

We, the undersigned agree to close our respective stores every Wednesday, at 12.30, for the afternoon during the month of August.

Newman, Livingston & Co.
Mark Pizzariello.
H. W. Kelly.
Madden Bros.
Amos S. Kimmery.
The Coxall Co.
Frank H. Perry.
T. D. Scrimshaw.
J. G. Oliver.
J. F. Smith & Son.
Theo. Windover.
S. Casey Denison.
F. C. Lloyd (per L. G.)
R. J. Wales.

BATH.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rhoeder and children, of Buffalo, N. Y., are visiting at Wm. Tuckett's.

Miss Hawley, of Belleville, is visiting Miss Campbell.

Miss Hattie Wartman has returned home from her visit with friends in Western Ontario.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Johnston, Napanee, visited at T. D. Rowse's on Monday last.

Jos. Keller returned to his home in Rochester, N. Y., on Saturday last.

High Class Photos

There are all kinds of Photographs, but WE MAKE ONLY ONE KIND, VIZ:

THE BEST

You get this quality whether in a Locket Picture, Cabinet Portrait, or Large Group. We study to please our customers in every detail.

AMATEURS!

Come in and let us show you the points about ENSIGN CAMERAS that make them the BEST in THE WORLD.

The famous Ensign Film always in stock.

P. O. Berkley,
Photographer.

Opposite Campbell House.

LOOK HERE!

Now if you want to get a cheap Boot, now is your chance. I am selling the balance of my stock of Boots and shoes

AT COST.

Here are a few of the Prices:

Men's Coarse Boot	\$1.60 for \$1.30
Men's Oil Tan reg.	1.90 for 1.65
Boys' Calf	1.75 for 1.40
Boys' Grain Boots	1.80 for 1.55
Boys' Box Calf....	2.00 for 1.50

—AT—

H. W. KELLY'S,

Campbell House Corner.



**A
Waltham
Watch**

is a wise Counsellor and a life long friend.

It has no equal. Many millions in use.

See our complete line before you buy.

**Every Grade
Every Price**

Smith's Jewelry Store

FOR SALE!

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What is Osteopathy?

It is a system of treatment of disease that has met with remarkable success in the last fifteen years throughout the United States, Canada and some European countries. Its name is not descriptive. Derived from two Greek words, "Osteon," bone, and "pathos," suffering, its etymology is at first sight really misleading. This word was selected because the bony framework is the support and protection of all the more delicate parts and any mal-adjustment of it, especially of any portion of the spinal column, produces such a disturbance of nerve action, or circulation, or both, that the consequences are most serious. The correction of any displacements, however slight, the stimulation of the circulation where it has been hindered, the removal of any pressure on nerves, the work of the osteopath, and the science which combines the knowledge of the correct manipulations to do this, together with the knowledge necessary to locate the cause, and the proper use of diet and other rational means favoring recovery to a normal condition, is Osteopathy.

Ho! for the 1000 Islands.

Fourth annual excursion to Kingston, 1000 Island Park and Alexandria Bay, Wednesday, August 4th, 1900. Round trip from Napanee \$1.00; Napanee to Kingston, 75c; Round trip from Ernestown, 80c; Ernestown to Kingston, 55c. Under the auspices of Trinity Methodist Church. Excursion leaves Napanee by Grand Trunk regular morning train 7.43. Upon arriving at Kingston and as quickly as passengers can transfer, the Steamer Brockville which has been specially chartered for the day will take the excursionist to Thousand Island Park, arriving about 11 o'clock. The steamer will remain here two hours for dinner. Leaving at 2 p. m. she will then take the party on the most complete scenic trip in America, down the American channel of the St. Lawrence river to Alexandria Bay. This will give all on board an opportunity of viewing by daylight the beauty of the Thousand Islands and the many palatial summer residences of our American friends. Returning to Kingston by way of the far-famed Canadian Channel the boat will make connections with the regular evening train, arriving in Napanee at 8.11.

WILTON.

Mrs. Albert Babcock met with a painful accident. Friday morning, splitting her little toe while getting some kindling ready for a fire, but the wound is healing nicely.

Milton Parrott's home is quarantined for diphtheria, he and his son, Franklin, having a mild type of the disease.

Nicholas Simmons has returned from a short visit with his daughter, Mrs. H. Murphy, La Clute, but his health is not much improved.

Herbert Martin is home from Manitoba, for a few weeks with his mother, Mrs. Miles Martin, Florida, who is ill. Roy Gallagher left to-day for Saskatoon on a business trip.

Mrs. (Rev.) W. S. Boyce is visiting relatives near Peterboro.

Fremont Mills has returned to Brockville after spending a week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Mills.

Miss Maude Patterson, Harrow-smith, spent a week with her sister, Mrs. L. L. Gallagher.

Miss Pearl Switzer has returned from Sydenham, where she spent a week with Miss E. Clow.

Visitors: Mrs. B. Lake and Miss Sarah Lake, Sydenham, at Erwell Miller's; Mr. and Mrs. E. Gandier, Newburgh, at James Porthas's; Mrs. Dr. W. A. Jaquith, Chatham, N. J., at G. Simmons'; Miss Ethel Milligan, St. John, N. B., at B. Mills'.

week end at Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. Myers, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Rutlan.

Mr. T. C. Smith has resigned his position on the Collegiate Staff to accept the principalship of Harriston High School.

Mrs. Ed. Boyle is spending two weeks with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. N. L. Martin and three children, of Montreal, are visiting friends in Napanee for a few days.

Miss Sarah Howard, of Boston, is visiting Mrs. Finkle, Centre St., for a few days.

Mr. Jas. E. Day, of Toronto, was in Napanee Saturday and went to Camp Nid.

Miss Jean Gibson left Sharbot Lake last Monday for Vankleek Hill via Ottawa.

Mrs. Warner and Mrs. Eakins made a trip to Picton last Saturday.

Miss Florence Johnston returned home last Saturday, after visiting friends in Scranton, Buffalo, Hamilton, and Toronto for ten weeks.

S. R. Sherwood, Pasadena, Cal., has been spending the summer at Cliff Lodge, Sydenham, the house of his brother, H. B. Sherwood, manager of the Bay of Quinte railroad.

Mrs. J. S. Varden, of Trenton, is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Pringle.

Mr. R. M. Watt, of Dominion Bank, left Tuesday for a month's holidays in Schomberg and Toronto.

Mrs. Dr. Wartman and Mrs. J. E. Robinson entertained a party at Bogart's on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Jean Richardson, Mrs. J. L. Boyes, Mrs. Rud Perry and Miss Violet Perry are being entertained at Bogart's for a few days by Judge and Mrs. Madden and Mrs. F. F. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Miller have a cottage at Bogart's for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Chas. McGreer is here from Winnipeg and spending a couple of weeks at Bogart's.

Mrs. Egerton Vanluven, of Yarker, and Mrs. Harry Stirk, of Gretna, Man., spent Tuesday with Mrs. W. M. Cambridge.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Cambridge, Master Kenneth, Miss Evelyn and Mr. Vernon Cambridge, of Toronto, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Lake, Yarker.

Mr. Otis Storms leaves Saturday to spend a week with his brother in Syracuse.

Mr. Harold Baughan is home from New York for a couple of week's holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Baughan.

Mr. W. A. Garratt, Toronto, spent Sunday with friends in Napanee.

Mrs. W. F. Hall and Miss Luella Hall left on Tuesday for a two month's visit with friends in the West.

Mr. Wm. Ferguson, Indian Head, Sask., has been ill for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Wilson and family, Toronto, spent Sunday and Monday with relatives here, Mrs. Wilson and family remain here for a week or so.

Mr. Chas. Baker and wife, Miss Francis Baker, Mr. H. Bowen and son, Stanley, and Mr. Guy Baker, of Ottawa, are renewing acquaintances in town.

Mrs. J. S. Ham, Dundas St., Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Blain, "Blanayr," Toronto, Mrs. Arthur Rowe, Hamilton, Miss Mona McClure, Miss Mary and Mr. David Blain are spending a month at Woodington, Lake Rosseau, Muskoka.

The best in

Stationery

Writing pads, paper and envelopes.
The Medical Hall,
FRED L. HOOPER.

ing at Wm. Tuckett's.
Miss Hawley, of Belleville, is visiting Miss Campbell.

Miss Hattie Wartman has returned home from her visit with friends in Western Ontario.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Johnston, Napanee, visited at T. D. Rowse's on Monday last.

Jos. Keller returned to his home in Rochester, N. Y., on Saturday last.

The excursion to 1000 islands on Tuesday last, given by the Presbyterian church was a grand success.

Chas. Burley, our stage driver, had the misfortune to break his ankle while getting off the stage on Tuesday last. It will lay him up for a time.

Mrs. O. Ball and children are visiting friends in Watertown, N. Y.

Miss Moshier, of Sterling, is visiting at Wm. E. Topliff's.

NEWBURGH.

Mrs. S. Shorey and family, Mrs. P. D. Shorey and family, Miss Alea Scriver, Master Alex. Moore and Master Meacham Denyes left this week for three weeks' camping at Beaver Lake. Dr. M. I. Beeman's family also go into camp at this spot this week.

Corey Estes and wife and Miss Blanche Estis have returned to their home in Guelph after a two weeks' visit at Mr. Estis' mother.

Mrs. H. W. Wood left last week for Calgary where she will join her husband.

Summer visitors; Rev. C. S. and Miss Marion Thompson, Selby, at Dr. M. I. Beeman's; Miss Williamson, B. A., Kingston, at Mr. T. A. Dunwoody's; Mr. W. Gibson, Niagara Falls, at his mother's; Miss A. Baker, Toronto, at Mr. J. W. Courtney's; Miss Irene Bartlett, Tweed, at Mr. D. A. Nesbitt's; Miss Mary Warner Colebrooke, at Mr. T. D. Scrivers; Mr. Clarence Mabey, Williamsport, Pa., at his uncle's, J. M. Denyes'; Miss Ethel Mears, Welcome, Ont., at Dr. M. I. Beeman's.

Mrs. D. Aylesworth arrived from Montreal on Monday of this week to spend the rest of the summer at her summer home here.

The family of Frank Breeze, Forest Mills, will shortly remove to the village. Mr. Breeze is busily engaged in installing in different parts of the country, portable saw mills, for which he has recently received a very valuable patent, a patent which will revolutionize the sawing of timber by effecting a saving in the cut of almost thirty per cent.

Miss Nellie Lockridge's many friends are glad to learn that she is making satisfactory progress at the Kingston Hospital, where she went last week to undergo an operation.

Mr. Harry Beeman, accompanied by his friend, Mr. Hollowell, came down from Toronto on the Kingston Old Boys' excursion and spent the week-end at home here.

Mr. W. W. Adams was called last week to Russell to the bedside of his sister, who is very ill.



Want a Partner?

Perhaps business is dragging for the want of a helping hand, or a little more capital. Men with money and men with brains read this paper. You can reach them through our Classified Want Ads.

Consult 107 to 110, B. B. B. B.

A patient who had been in Woodstock hospital for six weeks was discovered to have smallpox.

Smith's Jewelry Store

FOR SALE!

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SYMINGTON'S

SEED STORE.

1000 Second-Hand Seed Bags

Also at Canning Factory a quantity of 24-Quart BERRY CRATES, complete, with small baskets suitable for shipping.

And a lot of 11-Quart BERRY BASKETS with gauze covers.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Company Limited

STR. NORTH KING

1000 Islands—Deseronto—Rochester.

Commencing May 30th, steamer leaves Deseronto on Sundays at 4.55 a. m. for Picton, Kingston and 1000 Islands. Returning, steamer leaves at 8.55 p. m. for Charlotte, N. Y. (Port of Rochester.)

STR. ALETHA

Belleville—Deseronto—Kingston.

Steamer leaves Deseronto on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6.30 a. m. for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports. Returning, leaves for Belleville on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays at 8.45 p. m. Full information from agents.

E. E. HORSEY, General Manager, Kingston, Ont.
J. L. BOYES, Agent, Napanee, Ont.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

1,000



Over one thousand students enrolled by our chain last year. It pays to attend a link of this great chain, for "IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH."

The demand for our graduates is THREE TIMES the supply.

Other schools engage our graduates as teachers. A special course for teachers.

Graduates of two years ago are now earning \$2,000 per annum.

Three courses—COMMERCIAL, STENOGRAPHY, and TELEGRAPHY.

Fall Term Opens Aug. 30.

Write for particulars.

PETERBORO BUSINESS COLLEGE

GEO. SPOTTON, Prin.

THE COLLEGE OF QUALITY.